

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL AND CAREER TECHNICAL CENTER

Site & Building Assessment Report

Dover, New Hampshire

August 2015

Volume 2 of 3



HMFH Architects, Inc.

130 Bishop Allen Drive Cambridge, MA 02139 t 617 432 2200 f 617 876 9775 www.hmfh.com

Acknowledgements

We wish to thank the following individuals for their assistance and their contributions to this feasibility study:

Dover High School & Career Tech Center Joint Building Committee Members Chairperson, City Councilor Robert (Bob) Carrier

City Councilor Jason Gagnon Amanda Russell Sarah Greenshields Wayne Coolidge Matthew Severson PE Mark Geuther

Dover School District Participants

Elaine Arbour	Superintendent
Karen Taylor	Business Admin
Peter Driscoll	Dover High Scho
Louise Paradis	Career Technica
Jeffrey White	Facilities Direct

School Board Representative School Board Representative City Representative

School Citizen Representative

City Citizen Representative

inistrator hool (DHS)Principal cal Center (CTC) Director tor



Table of Contents

Design Team Consultants

Architects: HMFH Architects, Inc. Laura Wernick, Project Principal

Structural Engineers: Foley Buhl Roberts Associates, Inc. Richard Roberts, Project Principal

HVAC, Electrical, Plumbing & Fire Protection: Garcia, Galuska & DeSousa Consulting Engineers, Inc. Carlos DeSousa, Project Principal

Geotechnical: McPhail Associates, LLC Ambrose J. Donovan, Project Principal

Civil Engineers Nobis Engineering, Inc. Erin Lambert, Senior Project Manager

Land Surveyors: Sebago Technics Matthew Ek, Senior Survey Manager

Hazardous Materials Survey: Universal Environmental Consultants Ammar M. Dieb, President

Code Consultant: JRT - AIA Architecs Jerry R Tepe, Principal

Construction Manager

PC Construction Joseph Picorard, Vice President

Section 1 - Overview

Introduction

Executive Summary

Section 2 - Evaluation of Existing Conditions

Exterior Systems

Interior Conditions - Spaces

Interior Conditions - Materials

Accessibility

Repair/Renovation Recommendations

Abbreviations

Section 3 - Structural, Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing & Fire Protection Reports

- 3.1 Structural with/Addendum Letter
- 3.2 Mechanical
- 3.3 Electrical
- 3.4 Plumbing
- 3.5 Fire Protection
- 3.6 Civil

Section 4 - Supplemental Reports

- 4.1 AHERA Report (2012)
- 4.2 Hazardous Material Investigation Surve
- 4.3 Existing Code Compliance Analysis

15
19
23
27
33
35

09

1 1

	39
	63
	93
	103
	111
	115
	133
еу	165
	223



Overview

Introd

Execu

Section 1

١	٨		
1	/	V	

duction	09
utive Summary	11





Image courtesy Google Maps

Aerial View of Dover High School & Career Technical Center

Introduction

HMFH Architects, Inc was hired by the Dover Joint Building Committee to undertake a Feasibility Study for the future of The Dover High School & Regional Career Technical Center (DHS-CTC) located at 25 Alumni Drive, in Dover New Hampshire. This Existing Conditions Analysis represents a portion of that Feasibility Study. The intent of this analysis is to understand the state of the existing facility including architectural components, structural systems, mechanical, electrical, fire protection, plumbing, general civil engineering systems, and landscaping components.

The following information was gathered from various site visits at the Dover High School & Regional Career Technical Center (DHS-CTC) during January and February of 2015. Jeffery White, Director of Facilities for the Dover School System was instrumental in locating historical documentation and providing detailed information on current systems. The campus is approximately 44 acres, with several play and practice fields for baseball, softball, football, track, field hockey, lacrosse, and other athletic programs. The original high school was designed by Dirsha & Lampron Architects & Engineers, and built in 1967. In 1989, Lavallee / Brensinger Architects were hired to design the Career Tech Center addition, and in 2002 McHenry Architecture was hired to design a World Language Classroom addition, once commonly referred to as the "Freshman Academy". Throughout this report the 3 buildings making up the High School and CTC are referred to as the 1967 building, the 1989 building and the 2002 building. The current school is approximately 250,000 square feet and has around 1300 full time Dover High School students, and 75 Career Technical Center students, from other regional schools. Some of the larger capital projects include:

- 1970 addition of tin storage shed added to the grounds
- 1991 part of the girls locker room was converted to a weight room
- 1999 the administration and art rooms were renovated.
- 2000 an accessible ramp was constructed to connect the main entry to the first floor level
- 2002 a boiler replacement project was undertaken
- 2007 new bleachers were installed in the gymnasium,
- 2008 the roof was replaced
- 2009 a new barn was built for the Animal Science Career Tech Program
- 2010 new flashing was installed on the Freshman Academy
- 2014 the home side gym bleachers were replaced.





Executive Summary

The report details the conditions of the systems and provides recommendations for renovations and repair. The building has been well maintained throughout the years; however most of finishes and systems, many of which are original to the school have exceeded their useful life, and will require replacement with any renovation. Substantial renovations will trigger compliance with current code. Key issues to be aware of include:

- Lateral and seismic loading issues are a concern on all three of the buildings but particularly in the 1967 building where a complete seismic retrofit would be recommended. The nature of the existing columns, footings and floor framing system make any seismic upgrade challenging,
- Concerns about the concrete entry canopy seismic resistance as well as intensive ongoing maintenance associated with the canopy
- Lack of general code compliant accessibility, accessible toilets, and challenging accessible paths throughout,
- Lack of code complaint egress including enclosure of 2 stairs, handrails at 2 stairs, and quantity of egress doors,
- 50 % of classrooms are interior with no natural light. Many have poor quality artificial light
- Thermal control in many classrooms is poor
- Energy inefficient walls and roof,
- The Kalwall exterior window wall system on the 1967 building should be replaced,
- Most terminal heating equipment, air handling equipment, cooling and piping systems should be replaced as part of any substantial renovations,
- All branch circuit wiring, lighting systems and fire alarm systems should be replaced as part of any substantial renovations,
- All plumbing fixture should be replaced as part of any substantial renovations,
- All sprinkler heads in the 1967 and the 1989 buildings should be replaced as part of any substantial renovations,
- Most interior partitions are 4"cmu and do not meet current acoustical separation standards.
- Existing Floor to floor heights for the 2nd and 3rd floors are low creating challenges for retrofitting ductwork to meet requirements for today's building code.

As bulleted above and described in detail below many systems, components and finishes within the school are in need of replacement. Accessibility challenges within the entire building are significant. A renovation addressing these issues will likely trigger code compliance for conditions that are currently "grandfathered". Specifically, any renovation with a work area of more than 50% of the existing building will require substantial compliance with current codes. The 3-story portion of the 1967 building is of particular concern due to the lateral and seismic issues within the building and the structural complexity associated with addressing those concerns.

Exteri

Interio

Interio

Access



Architectural Existing Conditions

ior Systems	15
or Conditions - Spaces	19
or Conditions - Materials	23
sibility	27





View of Roof with snow cover

View of Entrance Canopy



Flaking Plaster at Entrance Canopy



Exterior Wall System 1 - Brick Veneer



Visible Efflorescence



ΗM

Rusted Lintels

Exterior Wall Systems

Exterior Systems

Roof Systems

Entrance Canopy

There are two main exterior wall systems used in the construction of the 1967 portion of Dover High School. The first is a brick veneer attached to a 10" concrete masonry unit backup system, and 1" rigid poly-urethane insulation. The second is an aluminum curtain wall system attached to the steel super structure. The curtain wall frame is in filled with Kalwall panels and windows. Neither of the exterior wall systems meets the insulation requirements of today's International Energy Conservation Code (IECC 2009). The current code also requires a continuous Air Barrier, which is not indicated to be present in the 1967 construction documents for the school; however it is assumed a mastic weather-barrier was installed, as it was a common construction practice at the time. Without selective demolition, it is difficult to confirm the continuity of the mastic barrier and how well it was tied into with the windows systems. In addition, Kalwall panels have been tested by Kalwall to have approximately a 50 year expected life, which will be reached in 2017 for the 1967 portion of Dover High School. With any renovation, replacement of the Kalwall Panels is recommended. The masonry portions of the 1967 building have held up well over the years, with minimal cracking in the brick. Efflorescence is visible in the masonry in some areas of the building which indicates areas of water flowing out of the brick, and possible issues with the air space and drainage cavity behind the brick. Staining of the brick occurs where water weeps from the Kalwall panels.





Architectural Existing Conditions

Dover High School & Career Technical Center

In 2008, a new white Thermoplastic Polyolefin (TPO) roof was installed over the entire school. These roofs generally carry a 20 year prorated warranty, so the roof is 7 years old, and in generally good condition. When walking the site, the roof was covered in 3" to 4" of snow. When viewing the roof in this condition, the melting pattern of the snow on the roof indicated areas where heat was escaping due to the thermal breaks at the roof fasteners. This melting pattern might imply the installation of the mechanical fasteners was directly connected to the metal deck. Further investigation into this melting pattern is recommended should the building be renovated.

At the main entrance a large double barrel vaulted canopy covers the walkway approach to the school. The canopy is held up by painted concrete columns, and the roof structure is concrete with painted plaster. The structure itself is sound, however the plaster is continuously flaking, requiring yearly maintenance repairs. (See Structural Report for further information)





Exterior Wall System 2 - Curtain Wall with Kalwall Infill

Stained Brick Under Curtain Wall System



TC Entrance & Brick in Disrepai

2002 Addition with Visible Efflorescence



Roll Up Garage Doors





The sealant around windows, doors, and control joints is showing signs of cracking, and some of the visible loose lintels are rusting with decay. There are various corners around the building where brick has been damaged and requires replacement. Although the masonry wall system does not meet today's code, The overall condition appears to be good, and with minimal work, new sealant, selective repointing, selective brick replacement, and a thorough cleaning, further investigation to its reuse should the building be renovated is recommended.

Both the addition added in 1989 & 2002 utilize a similar brick veneer wall system with a CMU back up wall and 2" of rigid poly-urethane insulation. This wall construction would meet today's IECC 2009, using an alternate compliance method. Over all the brick veneer is in good shape, with small areas of visible staining at window sills, and the 2002 addition has visible efflorescence stains. Further investigation regarding the efflorescent stains is recommended, to ensure there is not a larger problem with the drainage cavity and weeps of the wall system, that can lead to larger failures of the wall system over time.

Windows & Exterior Doors

The windows at the 1967 building are original to the building. They are aluminum with a single pane 1/4" tempered glass. There are a variety of fixed and operating windows. The windows are still functioning, but have exceeded their useful life and complete replacement is recommended if a renovation option is selected. As noted in the summary, many of the interior spaces do not have any windows; in fact 21 out of 52 classrooms are interior with no views to the exterior. The current configurations of windows would not qualify for the prerequisite access to views or the day lighting credits for LEED, which is one rating system for high performance buildings. The 2002 addition have aluminum frame windows with double glazing. These windows are approaching their half life, and have been reported to have significant drafts. Overall the window construction is in good condition. The exterior doors are constructed of aluminum with aluminum frames and have 1/4" tempered glass similar to the windows. There are 9 roll up garage doors, 7 of which are used for CTC, and two at the loading docks. The roll up doors are functioning and in fair condition, replacement is recomended. The windows on the lower level of the north side are located almost at grade, and have to be shoveled out when it snows, creating a maintenance nightmare, and increase risk for leaking.

Architectural Existing Conditions







Fixed Seating and Operable Partition



Gymnasium



Drinking Fountain, Aged Base Board & Cracking CMU





Boy's Locker Room





Interior Conditions - Spaces Auditorium

The Auditorium is a double height space with original fixed metal seating. The slope of the Auditorium floor is too steep to meet ADA and no wheelchair locations with companion seat are currently provided. Also, the auditorium stage is not accessible from the seating area. A wheelchair lift or ramp system would need to be installed to correct this problem. There are no assisted listening devices currently provided. One would need to be installed. There is no accessible access to the back of the house seating that rises up to the floor above. The areas of seating that rise up to the second floor were also originally designed to be separated from the main auditorium space with large movable partitions which no longer work, and the school has found that parts are no longer made for these partitions. The seating throughout the auditorium is damaged uncomfortable and generally in poor condition. Given the large size of the Auditorium it may be cost effective to renovate this portion of the existing school.

Gymnasium

The Gymnasium is approximately 13,690 square feet allowing for two full size gym stations, with a divider curtain separating the two courts. A main basketball court can be created by pulling out the retractable bleachers on either end. The visitor bleachers were replaced in 2002, and then the home side bleacher were replaced in 2014. The athletic equipment such as basket ball backstops and nets are in fair condition. There is a climbing wall on the Southwest wall that appears to be in good condition. The wood floors have been well maintained, and are in fair condition, however due to their age replacement is recommended. The lower third of the gym wall is exposed brick, with portions covered with aged wall padding for safety, and the upper two thirds of the wall is painted CMU. There is a settlement cracking pattern in the CMU that would require further investigation should the space be renovated. The base around the gym is wood and projects out about 4" from the wall. This wood is in poor condition and should be replaced. The drinking fountains are in poor conditions and have visible rust and have stained the brick around them. The bathrooms and locker rooms adjacent to the gym are large but are in poor condition. The lighting is poor in the locker rooms, and cracked ceramic tile on the walls has been replaced over the years with various colors not matching the original. The boy's locker room showers are not used for showering and a portion of them is now used for overflow gym storage. Part of the original Girl's Locker Room has been converted to a weight room. The weight room was only sized to accommodate lifting weights and will not accommodate cardio equipment.

Architectural Existing Conditions





Library, No Natural Daylight



Interior Aluminum Wall System & Aged Bookshelves



Automotive CTC Program



ectrical Technology CTC Program

Cafeteria and Kitchen

The existing Cafeteria and Kitchen are located in the lowest level of the building adjacent to the original loading dock. The large trucks that service the school cannot make the turn into the original loading dock so it has been abandoned. Currently trucks use a loading dock at the opposite end of the school near the CTC addition and the goods for the kitchen are transported a significant distance through the corridors. This is not the most efficient layout for deliveries but the school has made it work. Both Cafeteria and kitchen are adequate in size, but the kitchen equipment is out of date and past its useful life. The floor of the kitchen has been replaced to a rubber floor due to heaving and cracking issues of the guarry tile.

Library

The Library is located central to the school on the main level. There are no exterior windows or natural light, and the interior lighting is poor. This interior space is furnished with aged tables, chairs and book shelves. The wall paper is original to the school, and shows visible tears and repairs with duct tape. The space requires a complete renovation, and all finishes should be replaced. This space would benefit greatly from natural light.

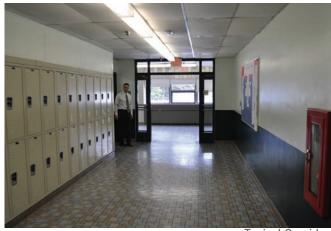
Career Technical Spaces

The majority of the Career Technical Spaces are overall in good condition; however the configuration of many of the spaces does not meet the programmatic needs of the different departments. The current spaces do not adequately separate noise and smells from that adjacent hallways and classrooms above. Every Thursday the smells from washing of dogs in the Animal Science Program permeates through the school. The Automotive Center's gas and oil smells also travel through the school, and complaints about the smells are constant. A recent flood and lack of dehumidification has allowed mold growth on the lower floor in many of the CTC spaces. The equipment for the various departments varies in age, however much of it will be able to be used in a new school or renovated school. The overall structure and finishes in the space are in good condition, with the exception of the corridor tile, which is cracking.



Architectural Existing Conditions





CMU Wall

Typical Corridor



Typical Classroom - Asbestos Tile Floor



Base in Disrepair







Classroom to Corridor Transition



Missing Expansion Joint at 2002 Addition



The typical interior partitions between through the school are concrete masonry units (CMU). The overall condition of the interior walls appears to be in fair condition, with minor cracking throughout as to be expected with CMU and plaster. The permanent nature of CMU does not lend itself well for renovations as it is very difficult to move walls, reuse, and run new conduit, piping and ductwork for building technology and systems upgrades. There are large interior classrooms spaces that utilize movable partitions to break the large classroom into smaller classrooms, these partitions are in fair condition, however they do not provide the necessary acoustical separation between classrooms spaces to be in agreement with today's acoustical standards. The bathroom walls are full height ceramic tile and base, with visible cracks and dated colors. Full replacement is recommended.

Floors

The 1966 portion of DHS has a variety of floor types throughout the school. The corridors, kitchen, bathrooms, and lockers rooms are ceramic tile, the classrooms and cafeteria are Vinyl Coated Tile (VCT), the auditorium, library, computer room, administration areas and select other spaces have carpet, the gymnasium is athletic wood flooring. All of the flooring in the 1966 portion of the school is beyond its useful life and would require full replacement. The 2012 AHERA report as attached in the appendix, indicates that all of the flooring listed above with the exception of the gym floor is assumed to have asbestos containing material, and would need full remediation prior with any renovation, demolition or addition.

The 1989 addition also has a variety of floor types throughout, including exposed concrete in the shop areas, VCT in the classroom areas, and ceramic tiles in the corridors. Overall the exposed concrete areas have slight cracking as to be expected. Both the VCT and Ceramic Tile flooring is beyond its useful life and too is listed in the AHERA report requiring full abatement.

The 2002 addition primarily has VCT in the corridors and classrooms. The overall condition of this VCT is fair condition and is 13 years old nearing its life expectancy of 15-20 years. Given that these floors were installed in 2002, the likely hood that asbestos containing materials were used is rare, and the 2012 AHERA report does not list these spaces. However, if a renovation option is selected, it would be recommended to replace these floors.



Architectural Existing Conditions

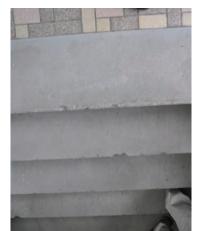




Typical Corridor Ceiling in Disrepair

Typical Interior Classroom Ceiling









Ramp Near Main Entry











Ceilings

Acoustic Ceiling Tile (ACT) is installed throughout the school, and is in complete disrepair. Much of the ceiling tile and grid is warped, stained, or painted. None of the existing ceiling tile and grid is salvageable and will require full replacement with any renovation.

Ramps, Stairs & Elevator

There is one permanent ramp in the school located approximately 140 feet from the main entrance. The ramp is approximately 60 feet long and connects the main entry level to the first floor. The ramp is constructed of painted steel stringers, guardrails and handrails. In the 1967 building there are 4 main stairs that connect all three levels. The stairs are constructed of painted steel stringers and risers, with slate treads, and stainless steel hand rails. The handrails are 36" high and require a guardrail up to 42" high to be compliant with Current code. The vertical supports are spaced approximately every 3 ft, and do not have any infill pickets. The maximum opening between pickets to meet current code is 4". Any renovation would require full replacement of the handrail and guardrails (see full code analysis in Appendix). The treads are made of blue Stone and chipping throughout. The 1989 CTC addition added one stair and a new entrance to the CTC building. The entrance is equipped with a vertical platform lift for accessibility. The 2002 World Language Addition also added a stair, which is equipped with a stair lift for accessibility, however a stair lift is not recognized by ADA or IBC to be included as part of an accessible route. There is one elevator located in the Northeast corner of the 1967 building, and was constructed with the original school. Replacement of the elevator is recommended with any new renovation, and would be required to be brought up to current elevator and ADA codes. See Section 4.3 for a full code analysis of the existing building.

Interior Built-in Furnishings

All of the interior built in furnishing are original to the school, and in poor condition. The majority of built in casework is located in the science classrooms and labs. Full replacement is recommended with any renovation.

Architectural Existing Conditions





Multiple Levels

Rails and Guards



Inaccessible Toilet Stalls



Hardware Issues



Lift at CTC Entrance



Inaccessible Water Fountain



Remotely Located Elevator

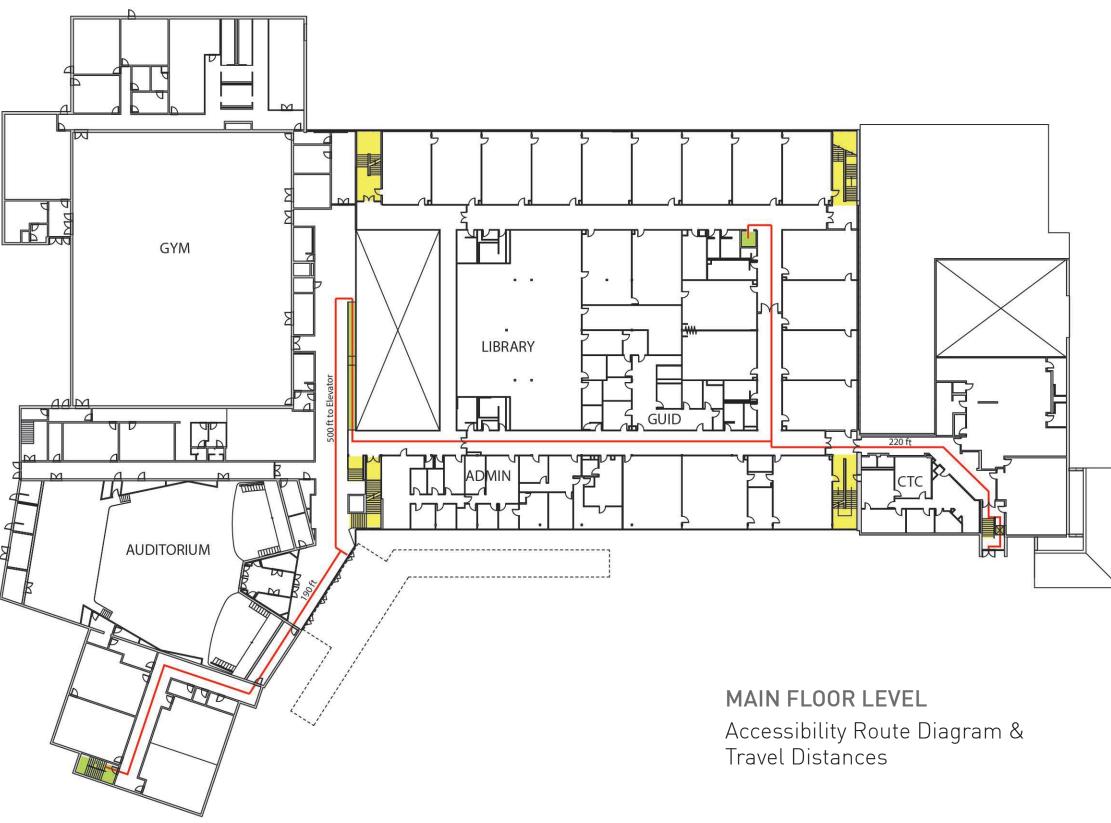


A renovation of the Dover High School and Regional Career Technical Center would require the renovation be brought up to full compliance with ADA. See Section 4.3 for a complete ADA compliance report on the existing school. Public school buildings are also required to meet full ADA regulations. Any significant renovation to Dover High School would trigger the ADA upgrade requirement. The notable challenges to bring the current school into compliance and non compliant ADA issues observed at the Dover High School and Regional Career Technical Center (DHS-CTC) are as follows:

- There are multiple level transitions, and limited accessible routes, which makes it difficult for someone with a disability to navigate the school in a timely efficient manner. (See Accessibility travel distance diagrams below)
- The school only has access to one passenger elevator, and it is located in the classroom portion of the building, which favors one side of the school. Schools of this size typically have a minimum of 2 elevators.
- Handrails at existing stairs do not meet a number of ADA regulations. It would be necessary to install new handrails to meet these requirements.
- There is only a couple of accessible toilets that meet the current ADA standards for students and staff. These would need to be provided at each floor for both students and staff.
- Currently the drinking fountains lack appropriate clear floor space and height requirements ADA.
- Many of the doors do not provide the required push/ pull clearances and must be replaced or relocated to meet the ADA requirements. This condition occurs throughout the building including several of the classroom entrances, and secondary egress doors.
- Door hardware must be upgraded or replaced to meet ADA regulations including, but not limited to, door handles, closers and panic devices, as previously noted
- Signage throughout the building must be replaced to meet ADA requirements.
- Egress Lighting and Exit signs will need to be added at various locations
- All replacement materials must comply with Code. Existing to remain can stay as is.

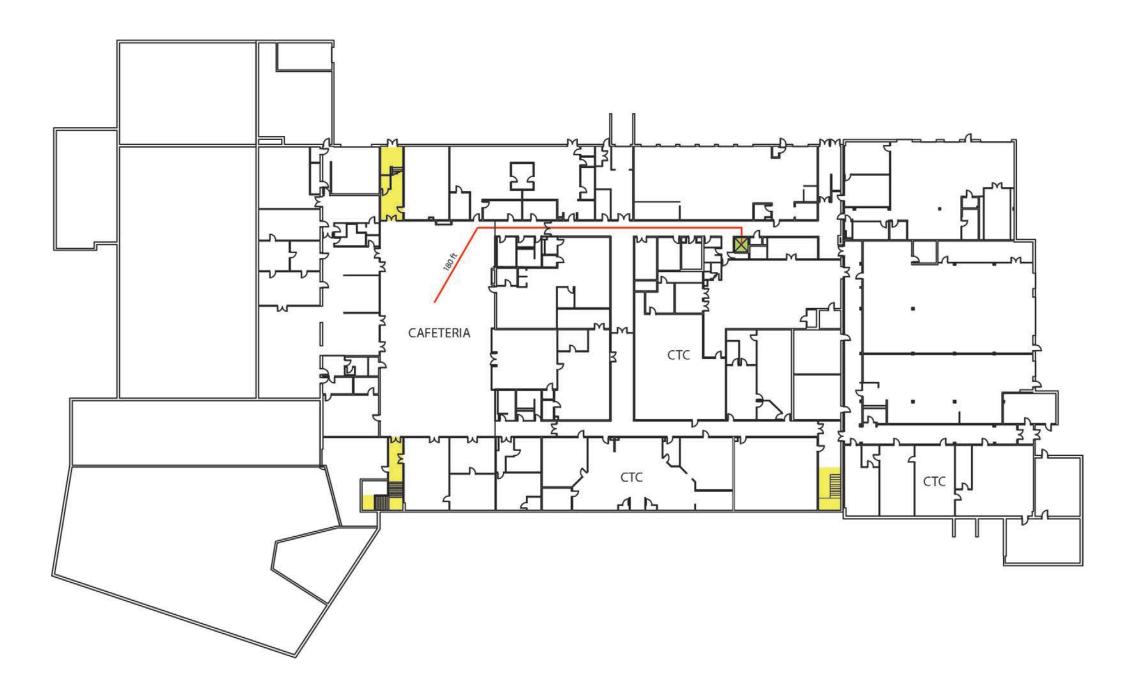


Architectural Existing Conditions

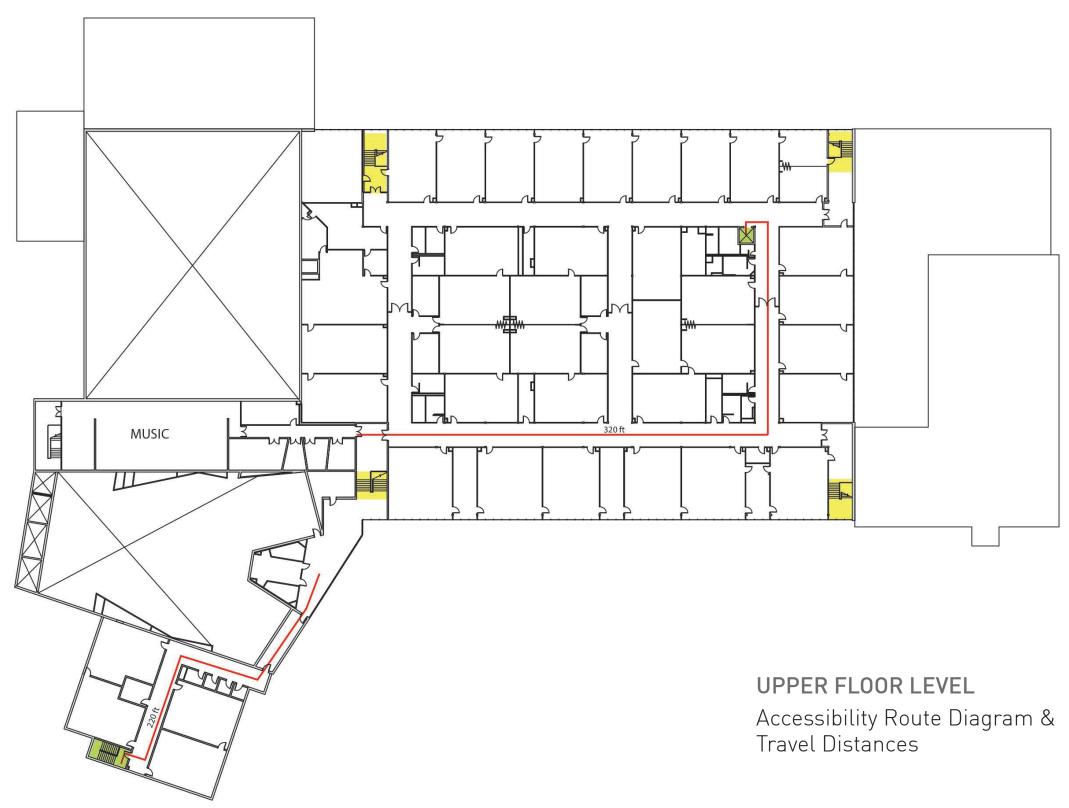




Architectural Existing Conditions



LOWER FLOOR LEVEL Accessibility Route Diagram & Travel Distances





Architectural Existing Conditions

Architectural Existing Conditions

Dover High School & Career Technical Center

Repair / Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

Exterior

Exterior Wall Systems

Brick Veener – Exterior wall not compliant with IECC, seek alternate compliance methods or upgrade wall to be compliant. Recommend recaulking at all control joints, doors, windows and inside masonry corners, selective repointing and replacement brick

Aluminum Curtain Wall System – Full replacement of Exterior Kalwall Insulated Panel system and windows. See structural report for required structural upgrades with any replacement

Windows & Exterior Doors

The windows in the 1967 building and 1989 additions require full replacement. The 2002 addition windows are in fair conditions, and have been reported to be drafty. Further investigation into these windows is recommended to determine if full replacement is recommended. All exterior doors to be replaced as well.

Interior

Floors - 1967 Building & 1989 Addition

- a. Replace all tile floors
- b. Abate and replace all VCT Floors (See Hazmat Survey in Appendix)
- c. Replace all Carpet
- d. Replace Wood Athletic Floor in Gym
- e. Replace Auditorium Floor and Stage
- f. Replace Kitchen Quarry Tile & Rubber Floor
- g. Reseal Exposed Concrete Floor in 1989 Addition
- h. 2002 Addition New coat of wax over VCT, clean floors

Ceiling – All buildings

a. Replace all ceiling tile and grid

Walls – All buildings

- a. Selective Re-plastering of interior walls
- b. Repaint all walls
- c. Replace tile walls in bathrooms and Kitchen
- d. Replace tile base



Ramps, Stairs & Elevator

- a. Replace existing 3 stop Elevator
- b. Add addition new elevator 3 stop
- Replace all hand rails and pickets to meet code С.
- Replace all stair treads d.

Fixed Furniture

- Replace all base and upper cabinets a.
- Replace all library shelving , tables and chairs b.
- Provide accessible tables in science classrooms С.

Special Spaces

- Auditorium а
 - Replace all Seating
 - Replace all Flooring ii.
 - Replace Moveable Partitions iii.
 - Replace curtains & Stage Rigging iv.
 - Replace Acoustical Components V.
 - Update Lighting System vi.

Gymnasium b.

- Replace Gym Floor & Base
- ii. New Striping
- ii.. Replace visitor bleachers
- Replace wall pads iv.
- Repaint all wall surfaces V.
- Further exploration of Tectum Deck recommended vi.

Roof

- Roof membrane is in good condition, was replaced in 2008 а
- Repair roof where equipment is moved, or replaced b.

Fire Code Updates (See Section 4.3 for full code analysis)

- Update all egress stairs and doorways to meet egress width a. requirements as indicated in existing conditions code analysis
- Provide second means of egress in all rooms with 1000 sf or b. greater
- install smoke barriers at main entry / cafeteria С.

Abbreviations

AHERA - Asbestos Hazardouse Emergency Response Act ADA - Americans with Disabilities Act IBC - International Building Code IEC - International Energy Conservation Code DHS - Dover High School CTC - Career Technical Center LEED - Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design VCT - Vinyl Coated Tile



Architectural Existing Conditions

Structural, Mech Fire Protection &
3.1 - Structural Exec
3.2 - Mechanical Exe
3.3 - Electrical Execu
3.4 - Fire Protection
3.5 - Plumbing Exec
3.6 - Civil Executive



Section 3

ral, Mechanical, Electrical, otection & Plumbing Reports

Structural Executive Summary	39
Mechanical Executive Summary	63
Electrical Executive Summary	93
Fire Protection Executive Summary	103
Plumbing Executive Summary	111
Civil Executive Summary	115



April 27, 2015

HMFH Architects 130 Bishop Allen Drive Cambridge, MA

Attn: Laura Wernick

Re: Dover High School - existing building assessment Follow-up structural review conducted 3-25-2015

Dear Laura,

Foley Buhl Roberts & Associates (FBRA) revisited Dover High School on March 25, 2015, in an effort to obtain further information on several specific conditions discussed in our earlier meetings with HMFH Architects. These issues are relevant to the possible renovation of the existing 1967 building. Our inspection efforts were assisted on site by Jeff White.

The following are confirmations, corrections and additional information, supplemental to our February 18, 2015 report on existing structural conditions at the school, resulting from this visit:

- The roof deck in the 3-story original classroom wing is comprised of a cast-in-place gypsum fill over a fiberglass form board. The form board is supported on steel tees. with tees in turn supported on open web joists. FBRA had previously expressed concerns that mechanical roofing fasteners were used to secure insulation and roofing to the gypsum deck, and that those fasteners may have damaged the deck. No evidence of damage was noted during this 3/25/2015 inspection. However, the fiberglass form boards almost wholly conceal the underside of the gypsum, so any fastener damage would likely be concealed. Following this assessment, we believe the roofing fasteners utilized were likely selected for compatibility with the gypsum deck.
- The original structural framing plan for the corridors on the upper two floor levels indicates that there are 16' joist span conditions in the 1967 classroom wing corridors. FBRA has previously noted that the 8H2 open web joists identified on those structural drawings are not adequate for code-mandated corridor loads for a 16' span length. Field review of the corridor framing during this visit has confirmed that the original framing plan is incorrect. All corridor joist spans are 12' span, or less. This eliminates the concerns expressed previously regarding the load capacity of the existing corridor framing.
- FBRA confirmed that the interior CMU partitioning within the classroom wing is not constructed tightly against the floor framing or the columns and is thus not engaged as a

500 Commercial Street Manchester NH 03101 T 603-622-4578 F 603-622-4593 offices in: Newton MA Manchester NH Atlanta GA www.fbra.com

HMFH Architects Dover High School, Dover, NH Existing conditions – supplemental on-site review conducted 3/25/2015

April 27, 2015 Page 2 of 2

lateral load-resisting system.

- later date.
- (That is, the joint would facilitate that Option).

This letter is intended to serve as a supplement to our 2-18-2015 summary of structural conditions at Dover High School.

Very truly yours, FOLEY BUHL ROBERTS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Richard E. Abert

Richard E. Roberts, P.E. Vice President



lateral load-resisting element. Per our 2-18-2015 report, the building has no defined

FBRA was able to examine several interior columns and their relationship to the floor framing. The fireproofing enclosure that wraps the structural column section typically stops immediately beneath the floor framing at each level. The fireproofing enclosure will complicate structural augmentation of these columns, such as the addition of bracing bays, or reinforcement of the column sections. Also, the columns appear to be relatively small sections relative to the tributary areas they support. FBRA will follow up this observation with a quantified review of applied load vs. column section capacity at a

There is an existing isolation joint separating the 3-story classroom wing from the gym/auditorium wing. That joint runs along the west side of the cafeteria. The joint is not wide enough to serve as an effective seismic isolation joint, however this joint is of potential significance with respect to the redevelopment option that involves renovating the gym/auditorium while demolishing the three-story classroom wing.



Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

INTRODUCTION and GENERAL DESCRIPTION I.

Foley Buhl Roberts & Associates, Inc. (FBRA) is collaborating with HMFH Architects, Inc. (HMFH) in the review and evaluation of planning alternatives for Dover High School and Career Technical Center (CTC), in Dover, New Hampshire. The purpose of this report is to identify and describe the structural systems of the various sections of the school and to comment on the structural issues/conditions observed. General comments relating to potential renovations, alterations and additions to the building (governed by the International Existing Building Code (IEBC; 2009 edition) are presented as well. The evaluation of specific renovation and/or renovation/addition schemes will be addressed in a separate, future structural narrative.

Dover High School is located at 25 Alumni Drive in Dover, New Hampshire. The facility consists of a single building, comprised of three generations of construction. The largest, original portion of the building was built in 1967. The original school is three stories and comprises approximately 208,000 gross square feet. (In this report, "first floor" refers to the lowest floor level of the original building. The school's main entry is at the second floor level.)

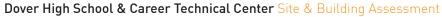
There have been two additions to the original school. The two-story 1989 Career Technical Center (CTC) addition is located at the east end of the school. This addition is 1-1/2 stories and comprises approximately 25,800 gross square feet, plus an attached greenhouse of approximately 1600 square feet.

The 2002 addition, known originally as the "Freshman Academy", is now referred to as the "World Language Wing" (and is hereinafter referred to as "The 2002 addition"). This is a two-story classroom addition off the southwest corner of the original school, comprising approximately 10,600 gross square feet.

The school's main entry and drop-off are on the south side of the original 1967 building. This main entry lobby is on the second floor level and it provides direct access to the auditorium and to the school's main office and central corridors. The grading around the building slopes downhill to the north such that the first floor (or "basement" level) is partially below grade along most of the south elevation, but is at grade along the north elevation.

The floors of the 1989 CTC addition are aligned with the first and second floor levels of the original building. The CTC addition has its own separate entry, also located on the south side of the building, providing direct access to the bus drop-off lane. The upper level (second floor) of this addition is dedicated to the culinary arts program, with the balance of the technical arts programs located on the first floor.

The primary access to the 2002 addition is from the school's main entry lobby. This addition is comprised of eight (8) classrooms and associated support and circulation space, with four classrooms on each floor level. The floor levels of the 2002 addition align with the second and third floors of the original school.





Structural Existing Conditions Report

500 Commercial Street Manchester NH 03101



offices in: Newton MA Manchester NH Atlanta GA

www.fbra.com

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 2 of 21

The original school is irregular in plan. The core of the original facility is a rectangular, three-story classroom wing, measuring approximately 260' x 190'. This core includes all of the original classrooms as well as the office, library and cafeteria areas. The first floor level includes the original tech education classrooms. The cafeteria, located on the first floor, is the only two-story space within this core area.

At the west end of the classroom wing is an irregularly shaped, two-story section of the building that includes the gymnasium, the auditorium, locker rooms, training rooms, music rooms, the boiler room and the majority of the main entry lobby. This two-story area aligns with the second and third floors of the classroom wing and is structurally integrated (i.e.; connected) with the core classroom wing.

Structural conditions at the school were reviewed on site on December 4, 2014. Our review of the existing structure was limited, as most areas were concealed by finishes.

The following documents were reviewed in the preparation of this Existing Conditions Structural Report:

Original (1967) School:

- Structural Drawings S-1 through S-4, Architectural drawings A-1, A-3 through A-10, A12 through A23, all of the above by Dirsa and Lampron, Architects and Engineers, Manchester, NH. November 1965 through March 1966.
- 3-7-66 Borings (Boring Logs and boring location plan) by C. L. Guild Drilling & Boring Co Inc
- 3-28-66 "Revised Foundation Drawing" (re-issue of drawing S-1 for pile foundation).
- 3-29-66 "Topo Plan" (Plot Plan) Test pit locations. By Dirsa and Lampron, Harvey Construction.
- "Misc Foundation Piles Plan" partial foundation plan, no date, no author listed, depicts additional piles under grade beams.

1989 CTC Addition:

- Architectural Drawings A2 through A17, prepared by Lavallee Brensinger Professional Association (Architects), Manchester, NH, May 1988.
- Structural Drawings S1 through S4, prepared by Peter H. Steffensen, P.E., Manchester, NH, May 1988.

2002 Addition:

• Architectural Drawings A1.1 through A5.1 (10 drawings total), prepared by McHenry Architecture, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and Witcher Builders, Strafford, New Hampshire, December 11, 2002.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 3 of 21

- Structural Drawings F1, F2, S1 through S11, prepared by Civil Consultants, South Berwick, Maine, November 12, 2002.
- 4, 2002.
- W. Gillespie & Associates, Inc., April 5, 2002.

No exploratory demolition or structural materials testing was performed in conjunction with this review. Subsurface soils data associated with the original building and the 2002 addition was been reviewed for this report, however no additional geotechnical investigations have been conducted

STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION Ш.

1967 Construction

General Description: The three-story core classroom wing of the original 1967 building has a structural steel primary frame comprised of wide flange ("WF") rolled steel beams and girders supported on square and rectangular structural steel columns of varying sizes. The columns are typically protected by an outer fire-resistant shell, with a gypsum fill between the outer shell and the inner structural core.

The primary steel frame is infilled with "H" series open web steel joists, typically spaced at 2'-0" for support of the framed floors and 3'-0" on centers for the support of the roof deck. Typical joist spans in the three-story classroom core range from 12'-0" at corridors to 36'-0" over the perimeter classrooms. Joist depths in the classroom wing range from 8" to 18".

The gymnasium roof utilizes 56" deep open web joists spaced at 5'-0" on centers, while the auditorium roof includes a range of joist sizes up to 48" deep, typically spaced at 4'-0" on centers. The joists in the gymnasium and the auditorium are typically supported on load-bearing concrete masonry walls.

Story Heights (core classroom wing):

First Floor to Second Floor:	15.00' +/-
Second Floor to Third Floor:	11.25' +/-
Third Floor to Roof:	11.30' +/-
Roof to top of parapet:	1.5' +/-

Structural Materials:

O	0000
Concrete - Foundations:	3000 p
Concrete – Framed floors:	3,750 p
Steel Reinforcing :	20 ksi a
Structural Steel:	Not spe
	on the
Open web steel joists:	"H" and
Load-bearing Masonry:	Not spe



3.1

Structural Existing Conditions Report

"New Addition Site Plan", prepared by Civil Consultants, South Berwick, Maine, October

• "Report of Geotechnical Investigation for Proposed Addition to Dover High School" by R.

psi 28 day compressive strength psi 28 day compressive strength allowable stress becified, presumed to be ASTM A36; Fy = 36 ksi basis of the construction date. nd "J" series, per May 1961 SJI standards. pecified.

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 4 of 21

Design Loads:

Floors: Roof: Wind Seismic: Not specified. Not specified. Not specified Not specified (predates seismic design requirements)

Upper Floor Construction:

The design live load capacity of the floors is not enumerated on the original construction drawings.

The floor decks are comprised of cast-in-place concrete supported on draped, steel-reinforced fiber forms ("SteelTex" system). Steeltex is an archaic building product intended to serve as both a concrete form and to provide reinforcement for the floor slab. These slabs are 4" minimum thickness at the second floor and 2.5" minimum thickness at the third floor. The open web steel floor joists that support the floor decks are spaced typically at 2'-0" on centers. Product literature on the load capacity of the Steeltex floor system could not be located for this study, however it is likely that the load capacity of these slabs is not the limiting factor in the floor load capacity.

Open web steel joist sizes and spans were reviewed for this study. The joist sizes, span conditions and arrangements are similar on both the second and third floors, despite the thicker floor slab used at the second floor level (4" minimum thickness, vs. 2.5"). This evaluation indicates that typical classroom floor live load capacities ranged from 40 to 55 pounds per square foot for the commonly used 18H6 and 18H7 joist sizes used on 35' and 36' spans in the classroom areas

The main corridors on both floor levels utilize 8H2 joists, with the most prevalent span condition being 12 feet. However there are two locations on each floor where the original structural plans indicate that those joists span 16 feet. Corridor live loads were therefore rated at 96 psf for the typical 12' span condition, but only 30 psf for the 16' maximum span conditions.

Roof Construction: The roof deck is typically a 4" cement fiber deck similar to "Tectum", although the actual manufacturer is unknown. Typically these panels span 3'-0" between steel joists in the core classroom wing, but longer spans (4'-0" to 5'-0" on centers) are utilized in the auditorium and gymnasium areas. The cement fiber roof deck is augmented with steel bulb tees in those areas where the longer roof deck spans are utilized and at roof overhangs. All areas of the building have flat roofs.

Expansion Joints: The original building has no expansion joints.

Lowest Level Floors: The lowest-level floor slabs are grade supported, cast-in-place concrete slabs with welded wire fabric reinforcing. These slabs are typically 4" thick in the corridors and academic areas, with 6" slabs used in the tech ed and shop areas.

Exterior Wall Construction: The north, south and east exterior elevations of the core classroom wing are predominately curtain wall assemblies comprised of strip windows (glass), translucent Kalwal panels and vertical aluminum mullions. The mullions are restrained at each floor level.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 5 of 21

The auditorium and gymnasium area exterior walls are comprised primarily of load-bearing concrete masonry (CMU) with an 4" exterior brick veneer. The CMU has a nominal thickness of 8" in the multi-story areas and 12" in the high bay areas. The cavity between the brick veneer and the CMU is less than 1" wide and is uninsulated.

Subsurface Soils: Eight borings were conducted in February and March of 1966. The depth of these borings ranged from 5 feet to 35 feet below the original ground surface. All of these borings encountered strata described as "soft grey clay", ranging in thickness from 2 to 12 feet, with Standard Penetration Test values as low as 2.

Foundations: Two versions of the original foundation plan (drawing S-1) exist. The original release, dated 11-26-1965, depicts a shallow, spread and strip footing foundation. The notes on that plan indicate that the footings were designed for a bearing pressure of 2 tons per square foot.

However a revised issue of this drawing stamped and dated 3-26-1966 was issued to depict a pile foundation for the three-story core classroom area. This revised drawing is likely the result of the geotechnical borings performed in February and March of 1966. It appears that the foundation design was revised in response to the relatively weak clay soil layers that underlie the building site. The piles depicted in the 3-26-66 plan set are concrete-filled steel pipe piles, ranging in diameter from 10.75" to 12.75". Design loads documented on the plan range from 35 to 90 tons per pile.

It appears that a change to pile foundations was implemented for the three-story classroom wing, but not for the two-story westerly portions of the building. The revised foundation plan shows the auditorium, music and the westerly side of the gymnasium on spread footing foundations. The foundations are not accessible for visual examination and accordingly the extents of this change in the foundation type could not be fully determined for this assessment.

Lateral Load Resistance: The 1967 construction predates the inclusion of seismic design criteria into the model building codes. The building does not comply with current design standards for wind or seismic loads. The building does not have a defined lateral load-resisting svstem

For the classroom wing, it is likely that some lateral load resistance is provided by the limited flexural capacity of the simple structural steel framing connections and by the non load-bearing interior CMU walls that extend from the foundation to the underside of the second floor structural steel.

For the gym, music and auditorium areas, the load-bearing exterior wall masonry would function by default - to attract lateral loads and convey them to the building foundations.

Drop-off Canopy: The main entry canopy extends along the bus drop-off roadway. This canopy is comprised of precast concrete barrel vault elements supported on precast concrete columns.

Drainage: The presence of a perimeter and/or underslab drainage system is not known; however, no drainage is indicated on the available drawings.

1989 CTC Wing Construction

General Description: The Career Technical Center (CTC) has a rectangular footprint measuring approximately 195' x 100', with one long side immediately adjacent to the east end of the original 1967 classroom wing. The main floor of the CTC is a grade-supported slab, aligned with the first

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 6 of 21

floor of the original 1967 building. The CTC has a partial upper floor of approximately 8100 gsf, occupying the southerly portion of building footprint. The elevation of the upper floor aligns with the second floor of the original 1967 building. The low roof area occupies the northerly portion of the building footprint and extends across approximately 70% of the interface line where the CTC meets the original building.

The CTC has a structural steel primary frame comprised of wide flange ("WF") rolled steel beams and girders supported on square HSS structural steel tube columns ranging in size from 4"X4" to 7"X7".

The primary steel frame is infilled with "K" series open web steel joists, typically spaced at 1'-7" to 4'-1" for support of the framed floors and 2'-0" to 4'-6" on centers for the support of the roof deck. The joist spans are variable, ranging from 10'-4" to 35'-0". Joist depths range from 10" to 26".

Story Heights: The floor elevations in the CTC addition match the first and second floor elevations of the original building. The story height from the highest floor elevation to the top of the roof steel is variable; the roof steel is sloped to achieve drainage pitch.

Structural Materials:

Concrete Steel Reinforcing:	3000 psi 28 day compressive strength Grade 60 bars.
Structural Steel:	Beams and girders: ASTM A36; Fy = 36 ksi
	HSS columns: Fy = 46 ksi.
Open web steel joists:	"K" series, per SJI standards.
Roof Deck:	1.5" deep cold-formed steel deck, 22 gauge, Type B.
Floor Forms:	9/16" deep, 28 gauge corrugated steel deck.
Load Bearing Masonry:	ASTM C90 concrete block, grade N, type 1, with
	Type "S" mortar and 3000 psi grout, reinforced.

Design Loads:

Flat Roof Snow Load (min.):	40 psf
Floor Live Load – Slabs on Grade:	100 psf
Floor Live Load, framed floors, Corridors:	80 psf
Floor Live Load, Framed floors, Classrooms:	40 psf
Floor Live Load, Storage Areas:	125 psf
Wind Load:	20 psf
Seismic Loads:	Not specified.

Upper Floor Construction: Cast-in-place concrete slabs on 9/16" deep, 28 gauge form deck, with 6"x6" welded wire fabric reinforcing. Typical slab thickness is 3 inches, except as noted below.

The floor slab in the Food Trades area is atypical and varies in thickness from 3.5" to 5.5" in order to provide a pitch to the floor drains.

The floor slab in the food storage area is atypical and is 8" thick.

Roof Construction: 1.5" deep, 22 gauge, cold formed steel roof deck, Type "B"

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 7 of 21

Expansion Joints: There are no expansion joints within the CTC wing. The CTC wing is separated (i.e., structurally isolated) from the original 1967 construction by a 1" wide expansion joint.

Lowest Level Floors: Grade-supported 5" thick concrete slabs with welded wire mesh reinforcement (Note: the original structural drawings contain ambiguous or contradictory information on the slab thickness and on the gauge of the welded wire fabric.).

Exterior Wall Construction: The main level (second floor level) are predominately 8" concrete masonry walls with a 4" brick veneer. There is a 2" cavity between the brick and the CMU. The window openings are punched openings, with loose steel angle lintels.

Perimeter exterior walls at the upper level (third floor) are predominately comprised of 6" coldformed steel stud backup with a 4" brick masonry veneer.

The exterior walls at the upper level (third floor; over low roof areas) are predominately composed of metal panels on light gauge steel framing.

Subsurface Soils: No soils descriptions, subsurface explorations or geotechnical report are on record for this addition.

Foundations: Shallow, spread footing and strip footing foundations at frost depth (i.e., 4'-0" minimum below grade). Notes on the structural drawings indicate that the foundations were designed for a soil bearing capacity of 1.0 ton per square foot.

Lateral Load Resistance: East-west lateral load resistance is provided for by structural steel moment-resisting frames. The design loads for the connections in these frames is specified on the structural drawings, however, the source of these design loads (wind or seismic) is not identified.

North-south lateral load resistance is provided for by moment frame action, achieved by attachment of extended joist bottom chords to the columns (i.e., "tie joists). No design loads are specified for the tie joist connections.

Drainage: Not specified.

2002 World Languages/Freshman Academy Wing

General Description: The two-story 2002 addition has a rectangular footprint measuring approximately 68' x 88', with the northeast side of this addition immediately adjacent to the main entry lobby and auditorium of the original school. The floors of this addition are aligned with the second floor (main floor) and third floor (upper level) of the original school. The 2002 addition is accessed by corridors on both floor levels that connect to the auditorium/main entry lobby and the balcony lobby (upper level). This addition has 8 classrooms, four on each floor level.

The lower floor of the 2002 addition is a grade-supported 5" thick cast-in-place concrete slab. The upper floor construction includes both cast-in-place and precast concrete decks, with the former supported on open web steel joists. The cold-formed steel roof deck is also supported on open web steel joists.

The majority of the floor and roof framing is supported on interior and exterior load-bearing masonry walls. The exception to this is a single line of structural steel beams and columns, located immediately adjacent to the original 1967 building.



3.1

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL

Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 8 of 21

Story Heights: The floor elevations of the 2002 addition align with the second and third floors of the original building.

Structural Materials:

Concrete Steel Reinforcing: Structural Steel:	4000 psi 28 day compressive strength, normal weight ASTM A615, Grade 60 bars. Rolled shapes: ASTM A992 Grade 50. Plates and angles ASTM A36; Fy = 36 ksi. HSS columns: ASTM A500, Fy = 46 ksi.
Open web steel joists:	"K" series, per SJI standards.
Roof Deck:	1.5" deep cold-formed steel deck, gauge unknown.
Floor Forms:	1.5" deep, 22 gauge cold-formed steel deck.
Precast floor deck:	6" deep hollow core precast prestressed plank, f'c=5000 psi.
Load Bearing Masonry:	ASTM C90 concrete block.
0 2	Type "S" mortar.
	Grout: ASTM C476.
	f'm = 2000 psi
Masonry Vertical reinforcement and bond beams: Horizontal joint reinforcement:	ASTM A615 bars, #4, 48" maximum spacing. 9 gauge, galvanized, ladder type.

Design Loads:

Flat Roof Snow Load (min.):		66 psf
Maximum snow drift load:		153 psf
Floor Live Load, framed floors, Corridors:		105 psf
Floor Live Load, Framed floors, Classrooms:		45 psf
Wind Load:		unknown
Seismic Loads:	per 2000 International Bu	uilding Code,
	Seismic Design	Category "C"
	Seismic U	Jse Group II,
	S	ite Class "E".

Upper Floor Construction:

Classrooms: 4" cast-in-place concrete slab on 1.5" deep, 20 gauge cold-formed steel deck, supported by "K" series open web steel joists spaced at 24" on centers. Joists in the classroom areas are typically 24" deep and have a maximum span of 34'-8". Floor joists are typically supported on 8" concrete masonry interior bearing walls (corridor walls) and on the exterior masonry walls.

Corridors: 6" hollow core precast prestressed concrete plank with a 2" cast-in-place concrete topping. Typical spans are 9'-4" to 9'-8". Planks are supported on the interior masonry corridor walls and on the structural steel frame line adjacent to the original building.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 9 of 21

Roof Construction: Cold-formed, galvanized steel roof deck, 1.5" deep, supported on open web steel joists spaced at 36" to 48" on centers. Joist sizes range from 10" deep over the corridors to 24" deep over the classrooms.

Expansion Joints: There are no internal expansion joints internal to the 2002 addition. The upper floor and roof of the 2002 addition are separated from the original building by a 1" expansion joint.

Lowest Level Floors: The lower floor of this addition is a 5" concrete slab on grade. The structural drawings call for either welded wire fabric or synthetic fiber reinforcement; it is not known which of these options was utilized.

Exterior Wall Construction: The exterior walls of the building are typically 12" thick concrete masonry. The construction is variable, with some areas utilizing a single 12" wythe, while other areas are comprised of an 8" inner wythe and an exterior 4" wythe, with the outer wythe typically consisting of a contrasting color CMU. The exterior walls are load-bearing and are reinforced with #4@48" typical vertical reinforcement and with bond beams and joint reinforcement horizontally. The punched window openings range in width from 4'-4" to 8'-4". The shorter openings utilize single span, double angle loose lintels. The longer windows typically occur in pairs, utilizing two-span, WT loose lintels.

Subsurface Soils: Subsurface borings and a geotechnical report were completed for the 2002 addition. This work was completed by R.W. Gillespie & Associates, Inc. (RWGA) and is summarized in their 4/5/2002 report. That report notes the presence of a soft, silty clay layer beneath the addition footprint. The borings indicate that the clay layer ranges from 3 to 53 feet in thickness. The RWGA report recommended that the building be founded on shallow spread and strip footings designed for a bearing pressure of 1.0 ton per square foot. That report also recommends a preload surcharge of the building site in order to pre-compress the silty clay layers that underlie the site. It is not known if the preload recommendation was implemented. Foundation drawing F2 included notes pertaining to the design soil bearing pressure, but unfortunately those drawing notes are no longer legible.

Foundations: The foundations for the 2002 addition are comprised of shallow spread and strip footings, bearing on pre-compressed native soils.

Lateral Load Resistance: The drawing notes indicate that the building was designed for seismic loads, in accordance with the 2000 International Building Code. No information on design wind loads is included in the contract drawings. Lateral load resistance is provided by reinforced masonry shear walls, including the exterior walls and the corridor walls.

Drainage: A perimeter foundation drainage system consisting of 4" perforated PVC pipes laid in a coarse gravel bed was specified on the construction drawings. This system is consistent with the recommendations included in the RWGA geotechnical report.

III. STRUCTURAL CONDITION/COMMENTS

Structural Conditions at Dover High School were reviewed at the site (to the extent possible) on December 4, 2014. Generally speaking, floor and roof construction appears to be in satisfactory condition (where visible); there is no evidence of structural distress that would indicate significantly overstressed, deteriorated or failed structural members.



3.1

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 10 of 21

Foundations generally appear to be performing adequately. Typically, there are no signs of excessive total or differential settlements.

Floors and roofs appear to have been constructed in general accordance with the available, original framing drawings.

Specific areas of structural concern are discussed further below.

Floor live load capacity: Live load capacities were reviewed for this report, either as tabulated on the original plans, or by analysis of the framing sizes shown on the original plans. With one exception, the live load capacities were found to meet or exceed current IBC/ASCE-7 design standards, which are as follows:

Minimum uniform live load capacities (ASCE 7-05):

Classrooms	40 ps
First floor corridors	100 ps
Corridors above the first floor:	80 ps

The exception was certain areas of the second and third floor corridors in the original 1967 building. Typically, those corridors are framed with 8H2 joists spanning 12 feet. However there are specific bays where that same joist size is used on a 16' span. The corresponding floor live load capacity for those 16' spans is approximately 30 pounds per square foot. If the framing sizes shown on the original plans are correct, then this represents a significant live load deficiency in those areas. That framing was concealed from view at the time of our site visit. Field verification of the framing sizes in these bays is recommended.

Lateral Load Resisting Systems: The construction drawings for the 2002 addition contain specific information on seismic design loads and the masonry shear walls that are intended to resist those loads. However no information on the design wind loads was included in that drawing package. Given the type of construction used for that addition, it is likely that the seismic loads specified on the plans were the governing factor in design.

The plans for the 1989 addition included connection design forces for the structural steel moment frames used to resist lateral loads. A design wind load of 20 pounds per square foot is specified on those plans, however no seismic design criteria are included in the drawing notes. The BOCA model building code widely used in New Hampshire at that time did require consideration of seismic loads, but it is not clear if the connection design forces shown on the plans are the result of wind forces or seismic forces

The original 1967 construction predates any code-mandated seismic design requirements. This portion of the building lacks a defined, dedicated lateral load-resisting system. Lateral loads are likely resisted by the masonry walls acting as shear walls. In the case of the auditorium and gymnasium areas, the masonry walls are typically load-bearing perimeter walls that have relatively few windows or other penetrations. In the case of the classroom wing, the masonry walls are, for the most part, interior to the building and non-load bearing, typically consisting of an infill of the primary steel building frame. In both cases, reinforcement of these walls is limited and accordingly they lack the ductility that would be provided by reinforced masonry. This deficiency is offset (to some degree) by the number, length and arrangement of the walls.

Concrete Main Entry Canopy: The main entry and bus drop-off canopy has reportedly been a continuing maintenance issue. This canopy is comprised of precast concrete vaulted roof components, bearing on precast concrete columns. The resulting shape apparently traps snow

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 11 of 21

within the structure, resulting in water penetration and paint system failure. This canopy is massive and laterally unrestrained and accordingly it may represent a seismic hazard. If this structure is to be maintained, FBRA recommends that an analysis be conducted to evaluate the expected performance of this canopy under seismic loads.

Foundations: The documentation on file indicates that the 1967 building was originally designed with a spread footing foundation, but that subsurface borings performed immediately prior to the start of construction resulted in a change to a pile foundation for the 3-story classroom wing. However the change to a pile foundation was apparently not implemented for the auditorium and gymnasium areas.

The 1989 addition was designed with a spread footing foundation, using a low design soil bearing pressure (1.0 ton per square foot). There is no indication that any additional site preparation work was conducted to address the site soil conditions in this area.

For the 2002 addition, the existing documentation indicates that the building site was surcharged in order to consolidate the compressible clay strata that underlie the building footprint. The addition was then constructed with spread footing foundations, also designed for the relatively low bearing pressure of 1.0 ton per square foot.

In summary, the foundation types and elevations used for each of the three eras of construction are substantially different. In addition, the original 1967 construction apparently utilizes two dissimilar foundation types. See further comments below under "Isolation Joints".

Grading: Exterior grade elevations along the south side of the 1967 classroom wing result in snow depths that frequently are above the window sill level. This condition has reportedly resulted in continuing maintenance and snow removal issues.

Expansion Joints and Isolation Joints: The 1989 and 2002 additions are both separated from the original building by 1" isolation joints, thereby making the additions structurally independent of the original building. The isolation joint separating the 1989 addition from the original building appears to be of insufficient width to address lateral drift under seismic loadings.

There are no internal expansion joints within the original 1967 building. However the plan arrangement of the two-story auditorium /gymnasium represents a geometric irregularity with respect to the 3 story classroom wing. In addition to this plan irregularity, the foundations in each of these areas are of different types (shallow strip footings vs. piles), The elevation of the lowest level differs by one story, and the structural systems used in these two areas are dissimilar. No isolation joint was included to separate these distinct areas. A crack has formed in the main entry lobby floor slab and the interior lobby wall, apparently as a result of these discontinuities and the reentrant corner near the main entry doors. This crack is apparently the result of the geometric irregularities and the two distinct structural systems used within this building.

Partition Walls: The framed floors throughout the entire school utilize open web joists to support the floor decks. Joists were specifically "doubled up" (i.e., two joists in close proximity) where masonry partition walls were anticipated. As a result, the relocation of interior masonry partitions supported on joist-supported floor decks would likely require augmentation of the existing floor framing beneath the new partitions.

Cement Fiber Roof Deck: Cement fiber roof decks were utilized throughout the original 1967 building. Although similar products remain on the market, this type of deck is generally considered to be an archaic building product. The deck can be directly observed in the gymnasium. Typically, this deck performs satisfactorily under gravity loads, provided that it is

3.1

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 12 of 21

kept dry. This type of deck has a poor performance history when subjected to wet conditions. No evidence of deteriorated roof deck was observed in the gymnasium area where the deck is exposed to view.

Snow Drift: The original building predates building code requirements for consideration of snow drift loads occurring on low roofs that are adjacent to taller sections of the building. Potential snow drift conditions exist on the one-story low roof areas at the northwest corner of the building, over the locker rooms.

IV. RENOVATIONS AND ADDITIONS - BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS

General comments relating to potential renovations, alterations and additions to Dover High School are presented in this section. Renovations, alterations, repairs and additions to existing buildings in New Hampshire governed by the provisions of the 2009 International Existing Building Code (IEBC).

The IEBC defines three (3) compliance methods for the repair, alteration, change of occupancy, addition or relocation of an existing building. The method of compliance is chosen by the Design Team (based on the project scope and cost considerations) and cannot be combined with other methods.

The *Prescriptive Compliance Method* (IEBC Chapter 3) duplicates Sections 3403 through 3411 of Chapter 34 in the 2009 International Building Code (IBC) and prescribes specific minimum requirements for construction related to additions, alterations, repairs, fire escapes, glass replacement, change of occupancy, historic buildings, moved buildings and accessibility. If the impact of the proposed alterations and additions to structural elements carrying gravity loads and lateral loads is minimal (less than 5% and 10% respectively), seismic upgrades to an existing building are generally not required.. Renovations and alterations must be conducted in a manner such that the level of compliance of the existing building is not diminished.

The *Performance Compliance Method* (IEBC Chapter13) duplicates Section 3412 of Chapter 34 in the IBC and provides an alternative means for evaluating a building based on fire safety, means of egress and general safety (19 parameters total). This method allows for the evaluation of the existing building to demonstrate that proposed alterations, while not meeting new construction requirements, will maintain existing conditions at their current levels (at a minimum) or improve conditions, as required. A structural investigation and analysis of the existing building is required to determine the adequacy of the structural systems for the proposed alteration, addition or change of occupancy. A report of the investigation and evaluation, along with proposed compliance alternatives must be submitted to the Code official for approval.

The *Work Area Compliance Method* (IEBC Chapters 4 through 12) is based on a proportional approach to compliance, where upgrades to an existing building are triggered by the type and extent of work. The Work Area Compliance Method includes requirements for three levels of alterations, in addition to requirements for repairs, changes in occupancy, additions, historic buildings or moved buildings. A complete seismic evaluation of the existing building is required for the following: Level 2 alterations where the demand to capacity ratio of lateral load resisting elements has been increased by more than 10%, all Level 3 alterations, a change in occupancy to a higher category (not applicable in this case) and where structurally attached additions (vertical or horizontal) are planned. A full renovation of Dover High School (involving more than 50% of the space reconfigured) would be classified as a Level 3 alteration.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL

Existing Conditions Structural Report

February 18, 2015

Page 13 of 21

The Work Area Compliance Method will likely be applicable to this project. If there a no programmatic changes made in connection to the renovation project, then it may be feasible to limit structural alterations to a Work Area Level 2 categorization.

Regardless of the compliance method chosen, an assessment of masonry shear stresses, wall slenderness, parapets, wall anchorage, diaphragm anchorage, etc. is required. The auditorium and gymnasium areas of the original building include masonry load-bearing walls that would be classified as "unreinforced" (although these walls do include horizontally reinforced bond beams).

Given the geotechnical Site Class "E" classification (as determined for the 2002 addition), in combination with an Occupancy Category III classification (per IBC table 1604.5; secondary school with occupancy greater than 250 people), the resulting Seismic Design Category for the school as a whole is "D". Accordingly, a Level 3 alteration of this area of the building would require a seismic retrofit designed for the earthquake loads applicable to new construction. (Reference: IEBC Appendix A1, paragraph A102.2). Although compliance with this requirement may be technically feasible, the cost associated with complying with these requirements may render a Level 3 Alteration with a seismic retrofit an impractical alternative.

Future Additions – General Comments:

The design and construction of any proposed future addition to Dover High School would be conducted in accordance with the Code for new construction. Significant, horizontal additions should be structurally separated from the existing building by an expansion (seismic) joint, to avoid an increase in gravity loads or lateral loads to existing structural elements. The roof structure and foundations of the existing building were not designed to accommodate a vertical addition.

Further Study

One major factor contributing to the seismic design requirements associated with renovating this school is the Seismic Site Class. Although a classification of "E" was utilized for the 2002 addition, further geotechnical testing is warranted to confirm this Site Classification. Shear wave velocity testing conducted in accordance with Chapter 20 of ASCE/SEI 7-05 may result in an improved Site Class determination, thereby easing the required retrofit design criteria.

The original architectural and structural plans for the 1967 construction do not indicate that the masonry load-bearing walls of the auditorium and gymnasium area contain vertical steel reinforcement. In the absence of vertical reinforcement, these walls must be classified as "unreinforced". As noted in this report, a Level 3 Alteration would require that unreinforced masonry load-bearing walls be retrofitted to comply with the requirements of IEBC Appendix A1. FBRA recommends that these walls be scanned with a pacometer (or other non-destructive scanning methodology) to confirm the absence of vertical reinforcement.

As noted previously, the floor joist sizes used in the longer bays of the corridors of the 1967 building should be field verified.

FBRA recommends that the existing main entry canopy be reviewed with regard to its stability under lateral loads.





500 Comme Manchester T 603 F 603 Man

www

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

I. INTRODUCTION and GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Foley Buhl Roberts & Associates, Inc. (FBRA) is collaborating with HMFH Architects, Inc. (HMFH) in the review and evaluation of planning alternatives for Dover High School and Career Technical Center (CTC), in Dover, New Hampshire. The purpose of this report is to identify and describe the structural systems of the various sections of the school and to comment on the structural issues/conditions observed. General comments relating to potential renovations, alterations and additions to the building (governed by the International Existing Building Code (IEBC; 2009 edition) are presented as well. The evaluation of specific renovation and/or renovation/addition schemes will be addressed in a separate, future structural narrative.

Dover High School is located at 25 Alumni Drive in Dover, New Hampshire. The facility consists of a single building, comprised of three generations of construction. The largest, original portion of the building was built in 1967. The original school is three stories and comprises approximately 208,000 gross square feet. (In this report, "first floor" refers to the lowest floor level of the original building. The school's main entry is at the second floor level.)

There have been two additions to the original school. The two-story 1989 Career Technical Center (CTC) addition is located at the east end of the school. This addition is 1-1/2 stories and comprises approximately 25,800 gross square feet, plus an attached greenhouse of approximately 1600 square feet.

The 2002 addition, known originally as the "Freshman Academy", is now referred to as the "World Language Wing" (and is hereinafter referred to as "The 2002 addition"). This is a two-story classroom addition off the southwest corner of the original school, comprising approximately 10,600 gross square feet.

The school's main entry and drop-off are on the south side of the original 1967 building. This main entry lobby is on the second floor level and it provides direct access to the auditorium and to the school's main office and central corridors. The grading around the building slopes downhill to the north such that the first floor (or "basement" level) is partially below grade along most of the south elevation, but is at grade along the north elevation.

The floors of the 1989 CTC addition are aligned with the first and second floor levels of the original building. The CTC addition has its own separate entry, also located on the south side of the building, providing direct access to the bus drop-off lane. The upper level (second floor) of this addition is dedicated to the culinary arts program, with the balance of the technical arts programs located on the first floor.

The primary access to the 2002 addition is from the school's main entry lobby. This addition is comprised of eight (8) classrooms and associated support and circulation space, with four classrooms on each floor level. The floor levels of the 2002 addition align with the second and third floors of the original school.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL

Existing Conditions Structural Report

Page 15 of 21

If either mandatory or voluntary seismic upgrades to the 1967 classroom wing are implemented, the likely course of action would be to introduce structural steel braced bays to resist lateral loads. However there are several features of the existing construction that complicate any plan to retrofit the building frame with braced bays. These are:

- 1. The existing columns: The existing columns are tube steel structural systems with an outer "shell". The shell encases a concrete fireproofing around the inner structural section. The outer shell and fireproofing would have to be wholly removed in order to reinforce the column section. The shell and fireproofing would also have to be removed locally for installation of the bracing gusset connection plates.
- 2. The existing framed floor slab: The existing floor slab was cast on "Steeltex" draped fabric forms. These forms deflect significantly between the supporting joists during concrete placement. The deflected shape of the underside of the slab complicates the later addition of supplemental framing.
- 3. The existing foundations: The classroom wing was constructed on pile foundations that were not sized or detailed in anticipation of the uplift loads that would be generated by bracing bays during a seismic event.

Further field investigation and review of concealed beam-to-column connections in the 1967 classroom wing is warranted. The features enumerated above may make any type of seismic retrofit an impractical solution.

The 1989 addition and the 2002 addition were both designed for specific lateral load criteria. Accordingly, load paths were provided for in their design to transfer lateral forces to their foundations / evel 2 renovations to these additions should not require structural upgrades to these systems. However, if more extensive Level 3 Alterations are planned, the solutions for these two additions would differ. For a Level 3 Alteration, the lateral load-resisting systems would have to be adequate to resist reduced seismic forces equal to 75% of those required for new construction.

In view of its reinforced masonry bearing walls, Level 3 alterations (involving structural changes) to the 2002 addition would be difficult to implement. However, based on this review, we believe this 2002 addition would satisfy all code-mandated loading requirements without the need for extensive structural modifications.

Level 3 alterations to the 1989 addition would likely require extensive and significant structural upgrades to satisfy the applicable wind and seismic load standards. On the basis of this initial review, we anticipate that the moment-resisting framing connections used in this addition would be inadequate to resist the code-mandated lateral loads. Reinforcement of these framing members and their connections would be an impractical solution. The most effective approach to a Level 3 alteration of this wing would likely involve the introduction of braced bays into the existing building frame.

Following the development of proposed, specific renovation/alteration schemes for the building, the anticipated scope of structural/structurally related work required will be addressed in a separate narrative.

3.1

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 16 of 21

V. PHOTOGRAPHS



1. Bus drop-off and main entry canopy, 1967 classroom wing at left.



DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015 Page 17 of 21



3. 1989 CTC Addition: Main entry



4. Low roof area, north side of 1989 addition, adjacent to three-story 1967 classroom wing.



3.1

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 18 of 21



5. North side of 1967 building – low roof locker room wing.



6. Masonry chimney – note step crack near upper roof line.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL Dover, New Hampshire

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 19 of 21



7. Gymnasium, long span open web joists, tectum roof deck on bulb tees.





Structural Existing Conditions Report

3.1



Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 20 of 21



9. 1967 Classroom Wing – corner column at corridor intersection.



10. High and low roof areas of the 2002 CTC addition, looking NE from the third floor of the 1967 classroom wing.

DOVER HIGH SCHOOL

Existing Conditions Structural Report February 18, 2015

Page 21 of 21



3.1

Structural Existing Conditions Report

End of Existing Conditions Structural Report

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 1/January 15, 2015

HVAC

Executive Summary:

The existing High School (1967) and Addition building (1989 & 2002) are heated by a gas-fired, standard efficiency boiler plant. A second gas-fired, standard efficiency boiler plant provides heating to the 1989 Addition. The building is ventilated by a combination of indoor air handling units, packaged rooftop units, unit ventilators and fan coil units. Exhaust air ventilation is provided by a combination of roof mounted and inline exhaust air fans. The buildings do not have a central air conditioning plant. Air conditioning is provided to several areas of the building by a combination of ductless and ducted type, split system AC units and window air conditioning units.

The majority of the building's heating and ventilation systems and equipment are originally installed equipment and have exceeded their expected useful service life. The majority of the 1967 School building systems, with the Boiler Plant as a notable exception, were installed circa 1967. Therefore, the majority of the equipment and systems are approximately 48 years old. The 1967 School boiler plant was installed in 2002, and the boilers and pumps appear to be in good condition. The majority of the 1989 Addition building HVAC systems were installed circa 1989, are approximately 25 years old and are nearing or have exceeded their expected useful service life. The 2002 Addition building HVAC systems were installed in 2002, are approximately 11 years old and appear to be in fair condition.

The existing HVAC systems appear to have been well maintained throughout recent years. However, even with proper system maintenance, equipment efficiencies and operation will gradually degrade over time due to factors such as equipment age, wear and scaling build-up on piping distribution systems.

Therefore, it is our recommendation that the majority of building HVAC systems be replaced and upgraded. The existing 1967 School boiler plant could remain as it has not exceeded the midway point of its expected service life. However the 1989 Addition boilers should be removed and/or replaced. The 1989 Addition wing could potentially be connected to the 1967 School boiler plant, however new cross connecting piping and pumps would need to be provided, and a complete building heating load analysis would need to be provided in order to make that determination. In general, due to the HVAC piping and ductwork distribution systems age, we would recommend that piping and ductwork distribution systems are replaced. However, if any existing hot water piping and ductwork were to be re-used as part of a renovation project we recommend that all existing to remain piping and ductwork be internally cleaned prior to re-use.

For improved energy efficiency we would recommend the following HVAC system improvements. New ventilation systems, equipped with energy recovery should be installed to replace existing ventilation systems that have exceeded their useful service life. New mechanical ventilation systems should be provided for exterior classrooms that currently utilize operable windows for ventilation. New outside air ventilation units should be provided for the Locker Rooms, which are currently provided with ventilation air through the use of transferred air from the gymnasium. New high efficiency air conditioning systems should be provided to replace existing window AC units and older split system AC units and ductless AC units. All new fans and pumps should be equipped with VFD drives. A new building energy management and direct digital control system should be installed to control all building HVAC systems.

TEL 508-998-5700



GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers

FAX 508-998-0883

email: info@g-g-d.com

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 2/January 15, 2015

High School Heating Plant:

The building is primarily heated by gas fired hot water boiler plant. There are three (3) gas-fired hot water boilers located in the lower level boiler room. The boilers were manufactured by Cleaver Brooks (Model CBLE-700 240 125, Serial Nos. 0L102065, 0L102066, 0L102067) with 9,900 MBH gas input. The boilers are equipped with CB Hawk boiler controls. The boilers were installed circa 2002 and are approximately 12 years old. The boilers appear to be in good physical condition.



Existing Boilers

The boilers are vented by a common manifold double wall steel breeching system that terminates through a masonry chimney to the outdoors. There are some visible cracks at the top of the chimney. The condition of the interior liner was not inspected during the site visit.



Boiler Chimney



Steel Breeching (top left)



Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 3/January 15, 2015



Combustion Air Fan



Combustion Air Perforated Supply Diffuser

Combustion air for the boilers is provided by two (2) inline combustion air fan systems. Combustion air is distributed to the boilers via galvanized sheetmetal ductwork and perforated supply diffusers that are located between the boilers. The perforated supply diffusers were observed to be dirty and clogged.

Hot water is distributed from the boilers to terminal heating equipment located throughout the 1967 School and Additions are of the building by two (2) in-line base mounted pumps. The pumps appear to have been installed in 2002. In general, the pumps appear to be in fair condition. The pumps are equipped with variable speed drives.



3.2 Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Inc.





Combustion Air Fan

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 4/January 15, 2015





Existing Hot Water Pumps

Existing HW Pump VFDs (left) and Expansion Tanks (right)

There are three (3) hot water expansion tanks that appear to be in good condition.

In general, the majority of the main hot water supply and return piping distribution system and associated valving located within the boiler room appear to be have been installed circa 2002. In general the hot water piping and insulation appears to be in good condition. The majority of the hot water piping located outside of the boiler room in the 1967 School is believed to have been installed in 1967.

There is a steam boiler system installed in the mechanical room. The steam boiler is a Fulton Edge boiler. The steam boiler provides steam for the Kitchen dishwasher and steam cooking kettles. The steam boiler appears to be in good condition.



Steam Boiler



Consulting Engineers

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 5/January 15, 2015

3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Inc.

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 6/January 15, 2015

1989 Addition Heating Plant:

The 1989 Addition building is primarily heated by a gas fired hot water boiler plant. There are two gasfired cast iron sectional hot water boilers located in the boiler room. The boilers were manufactured by Cleaver Brooks. One boiler is equipped with a S.T. Johnson Co, burner and the other boiler has a Cleaver Brooks burner. The boiler equipped with Johnson burner has an input capacity of 2,520 MBH. The boiler equipped with a Cleaver Brooks Burner (Model I-506 Series 200, Serial No. CI-1296) has a capacity of 2,237 MBH gas input and 1,786 MBH output (I=B=R). The boilers were installed circa 1989 and are approximately 26 years old and nearing the end of their useful service life. The boilers appear to be in fair physical condition. One boiler has recently had a damaged control board replaced.



Existing Boiler (Johnson Burner)



Existing Boiler (CB Burner)

The boilers are vented by a common steel breeching system that terminates through the roof to the outdoors. The steel breeching is uninsulated, and the exterior breeching shows visible signs of rust and corrosion.



Exterior Boiler Breeching Stack



Interior Boiler Breeching

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 7/January 15, 2015



damaged. There is a hot water expansion tank which appears to be in good condition.



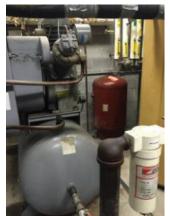


3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report



Hot water is distributed from the Boilers to terminal heating equipment located throughout the building by six (6) inline zone circulator pumps. The pumps appear to have been installed in 1989. In general, the pumps appear to range from fair to poor physical condition. Much of the adjacent piping insulation is



Existing Expansion Tank (back)

In general, the majority of the piping distribution system and associated valving located in the 1989 Addition building appears to be have been installed circa 1989. In general, the hot water piping appears to be in fair condition. The condition of piping insulation appears to range from fair to poor condition.

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 8/January 15, 2015

Automatic Temperature Controls:

The building HVAC automatic temperature control system is a combination pneumatic and direct digital control (DDC) system. The DDC system appears to be an older generation DDC system that was manufactured by Powers/Landis&Gyr. The DDC system was updated in recent years with Siemens DDC controls and front end workstation.

There is a pneumatic air compressor, equipped with air dryer system, located in the each of the Boiler rooms.





Existing 1989 Addition ATC System Pneumatic Compressor and Control Panel



Existing 1989 Addition Building ATC DDC Control Panel



Existing 1967 School Boiler Room ATC DDC Control Panel



Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 9/January 15, 2015

Ventilation Systems:

The 1967 School and 1989 Addition areas of the building are mechanically ventilated by a combination of indoor air handling units, rooftop units and unit ventilator and fan coil units with outdoor air connections.

The majority of 1967 School classrooms located on exterior walls are not ventilated by mechanical ventilation systems. These Classrooms are ventilated by natural ventilation through the use of operable windows.

Ventilation air is exhausted from the majority of areas of the building by a combination of inline, propeller and roof mounted exhaust air fans. The majority of exhaust fans appear to be originally installed equipment, however some exhaust fans have been replaced within recent years.





Unit Ventilator Intake Louver



3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report







Roof Intake and Exhaust Air Hoods and Fans

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 10/January 15, 2015

Air Conditioning Systems:

The majority of the building is not air conditioned. Some areas of the building are air conditioned by window AC units, split-system and ductless cooling type air conditioning systems. There are several roof mounted and grade mounted air-cooled condensing (ACC) units that are connected to ductless split system AC units located throughout the building. The Administration area, Copy room, Computer Classroom and Main Server room are air conditioned by split system AC units. The teacher Dining Room, Custodian's office and various Classrooms are air conditioned by Window AC units. In general the majority of these units appear to have been installed within the past 5-10 years and in fair to good physical condition. There was one older condensing unit observed that appeared to be of an older vintage and in need of replacement.





1989 Addition Dining Room Ceiling Ductless AC Unit (typical of 2)



Window AC Units



Grade Mounted Air Cooled Condensing Units

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 11/January 15, 2015



Ductless Cooling Unit – Operations Office



Administration Area ACC Unit



Roof ACC Unit



3.2 Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers Inc.





Ductless Cooling Unit – IT Server and Office



Ductless AC Unit ACC Units





Roof ACC Unit

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 13/January 15, 2015

Library/Media Center:

The Library/Media Center is heated and ventilated by indoor ceiling suspended heating and ventilation unit ventilators. The units were installed circa 1967, and are approximately 48 years old and past their expected service life. The Library/Media Center is also heated by supplemental fin tube radiation that is located along the perimeter exterior walls.



Library Heating & Ventilation Unit

Auditorium:

The Auditorium is heated and ventilated by two indoor air-handling units (AHU-8 & 9) that deliver supply air to the space via a galvanized sheetmetal distribution system and ceiling mounted diffusers. Return air is primarily removed from the space by return registers located under the stage. The air handling units and ductwork distribution system was installed circa 1967, and is approximately 48 years old and past its expected service life. The Lecture Hall rooms are heated and ventilated by an indoor airhandling unit (AHU-10) that delivers supply air to the space via a galvanized sheetmetal distribution system and ceiling mounted diffusers. There are return air grilles located in each of the stair risers in the adjacent Lecture Hall rooms.



Auditorium - Ceiling Supply Diffusers



Auditorium - Return Register

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 14/January 15, 2015

Music Classrooms:

to be originally installed equipment.



Music Classroom – Unit Ventilator

Cafeteria:

expected service life.





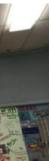
3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Inc

Consulting Engineers

The Music classrooms are heated and ventilated by horizontal type classroom unit ventilators, and are exhausted by exhaust air fan systems. The unit ventilators and ductwork distribution systems appear to be originally installed equipment, installed circa 1967, and past their expected service life. Some Music classrooms also have supplemental hot water fin tube radiation installed; the fin tube radiation also appear





Music Classroom – Fin tube Radiation

The Cafeteria is heated and ventilated by an indoor hot water air-handling unit (AHU-6) that delivers supply air to the space via a galvanized sheetmetal distribution system and ceiling mounted diffusers. Return air is primarily removed from the space by low wall return registers. The air handling unit and ductwork distribution system was installed circa 1967, and is approximately 48 years old and past its



Cafeteria – Ceiling Diffusers

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 16/January 15, 2015

High School Kitchen:

The Kitchen has a stainless steel exhaust hood that is exhausted by a centrifugal utility set exhaust fan located in the Penthouse Mechanical room. The kitchen exhaust ductwork riser does not appear to meet all current NFPA 96 code requirements as the riser is not located in a 2-hr fire rated enclosure. The Kitchen is heated by supplemental hot water unit heaters and supply air registers that are connected to a make-up heating and ventilation air-handling unit (AHU-7). There is a wall mounted propeller fan that is utilized to provide airflow movement within the space. The dishwasher is exhausted by stainless steel ductwork that is connected to an exhaust air fan. The Kitchen service corridor is heated by a unit heater.



Supply Diffusers (left) and Prop Fan (right)



Kitchen – Unit Heater



Dishwasher Exhaust Ductwork



Kitchen Exhaust Duct Riser in Storage Closet

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers Inc.

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 17/January 15, 2015

Gymnasium:

The Gymnasium is heated and ventilated by four (4) indoor, ceiling suspended, hot water heating and ventilation units (AHU-1, 2, 3 & 4). The units appear to have been installed circa 1967 and are in poor physical condition and have exceeded their expected service life. Exhaust air is removed from the gymnasium via ceiling exhaust grilles that are connected to roof exhaust fans. There are (4) four roof exhaust fans.





Fitness Room:

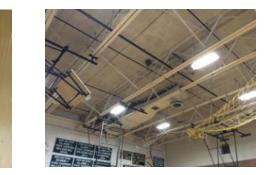
The Fitness Room is heated by a ceiling suspended hot water unit ventilator. It appears that the unit ventilator is originally installed equipment circa 1967. The heating and ventilation system appears to be in poor condition and past its expected service life.





3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report



Gym Heating & Ventilation Units

Gym Exhaust Grille

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 18/January 15, 2015



Fitness Room Unit Ventilator

Locker and Team Rooms:

The Locker Rooms are heated by a combination of suspended hot water unit ventilators and hot water fin tube radiation heating equipment. The Girls locker room has a ducted exhaust air system that is served by two (2) inline exhaust air fans. The Boy's Locker room is exhaust by rooftop exhaust air fans. It appears that the heating and ventilation system appears to be originally installed equipment, in poor physical condition and past its expected service life. Sections of the fin tube radiation and several of the air distribution devices appear to be rusted and soiled.

The majority of the make-up ventilation air for the Boys and Girls Locker Rooms are provided from the adjacent Gymnasium instead of being provided directly from the outdoors. Therefore it does not appear that the original design would be fully code compliant per today's mechanical code's ventilation air requirements.



Locker Room Unit Ventilator



Locker Room Fin tube Radiation

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 19/January 15, 2015

The Team Rooms are heated by a combination of an indoor hot water air handling unit (AHU-5) and hot water fin tube radiation heating equipment. The heating and ventilation system appears to be originally installed equipment, in poor physical condition and past its expected service life. Sections of the fin tube radiation and several of the air distribution devices appear to be rusted and soiled. The Team rooms are exhausted by roof mounted exhaust air fans.

There are approximately five (5) exhaust fans serving the Boys locker room and Team rooms. Three (3) of the exhaust air fans have been replaced within the recent years.

Administration:

ago.



Administration Air Handling Unit

The Operations office is air conditioned by a ductless AC unit.





3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

The Administration offices are heated primarily by wall mounted fin tube radiation. The Main Administration area is air conditioned and ventilated by a ceiling suspended indoor split AC unit that is located in the kitchenette area. The fin tube radiation appears to be originally installed equipment. It is our understanding that the AC system and associated ductwork was installed approximately 7-8 years



Administration Office – Fin tube Radiation Heating

Administration Ductless AC Unit

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 20/January 15, 2015

Classrooms:

The majority of interior classrooms are heated and ventilated by horizontal type classroom unit ventilators. The exterior classrooms are typically heated by hot water fin tube radiation and ventilated through the use of operable windows. Roof mounted exhaust air fans and associated exhaust ductwork distribution systems provide exhaust air for the majority of classrooms. The unit ventilators, exhaust fans and ductwork distribution systems appear to be originally installed equipment, installed circa 1967, and past their expected service life.



Classroom - Fin tube Radiation



Classroom – Exhaust Grille

Science Classrooms:



Science Classroom Fume Hoods



Science Classroom Sidewall Exhaust Fan

Some of the Science Classrooms have fume hoods and associated exhaust air fan systems. Some of the Science classrooms also have a sidewall exhaust air fan. It has been reported that the fume hood operation interferes with the heating and ventilations system's ability to properly heat the space, as warm air is exhausted through the fume hood and sidewall exhaust air fan while they are in operation. Tempered mechanical make-up air ventilation should be provided in these Classrooms.

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00

L#46650/Page 21/January 15, 2015

2002 Addition Building Classrooms:

The World Language Arts Classrooms are heated and ventilated by hot water fan coil units which are located above the ceilings in the corridor. There are four (4) fan coil units that serve eight (8) classrooms and associated teacher offices. The fan coil units were installed circa 2003. Therefore the units are approximayely 12 years old. The fan coil units are ducted to supply air and return air distribution devices.

The adjacent stairwell and entry way are heated by hot water cabinet unit heaters.

The HVAC systems in the addition area of the building appear to be in fair condition.

1989 Addition Kitchen and Dining:

The 1989 Addition Kitchen has a main stainless steel kitchen exhaust hood and associated roof mounted exhaust air fan. There is also a stainless steel canopy dishwasher hood. There are hot water ceiling suspended unit heaters that provide heating to the kitchen. Make up air ventilation is provided by a roof top make-up air unit. The exhaust, make-up air and heating systems appears to have been installed circa 1989 and appear to be in fair to poor condition.



the building control system.



3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report



The 1989 Addition Dining room is heated and air conditioned by a ductless AC split system heat pump system. There is also perimeter hot water fin tube radiation heating. It has been reported that the heat pump AC system and hot water fin tube radiation heating operate simultaneously at certain times of the year, resulting in both excess energy usage and temperature control complaints. The ductless cassette type AC heat pump system has its own stand-alone thermostat controls which are not fully integrated into

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 22/January 15, 2015



1989 Addition Dining Room - Cassette Type AC Unit (left)

1989 Addition Auto Shop:

The Auto Shop is primarily heated and ventilated by a central indoor air handling unit and duct mounted hot water heating coils. Supplemental heating is provided by hot water unit heaters. There are general exhaust air, welding booth and under-slab exhaust air systems installed. The air handling unit, unit heaters, general exhaust and under slab exhaust were installed circa 1989 and are generally in poor physical condition. The welding booth exhaust and ventilation ductwork appear to be in fair condition.



Auto Shop Unit Heater



1989 Addition Dining - Thermostats

Auto Shop Under Slab Exhaust



Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 23/January 15, 2015



1989 Addition Auto Body Shop

The Auto Body Shop is primarily heated and ventilated by a central indoor air handling unit and duct mounted hot water heating coils. Supplemental heating is provided by hot water unit heaters. There are general exhaust air, and paint booth exhaust welding booth systems installed. The air handling unit, unit heaters and general exhaust systems were installed circa 1989 and are generally in poor physical condition. The paint booth make-up ventilation air is provided from a rooftop unit and exhaust air is provided by an associated exhaust fan. The paint booth appears to be in fair condition.



Paint Booth



3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report



Auto Shop Welding Exhaust System



Paint Booth Ductwork and Unit Heater

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 24/January 15, 2015

1989 Addition Trades Shop

The Trades Shop is primarily heated and ventilated by a central indoor air-handling unit and duct mounted hot water heating coils, and supplemental heating is provided by ceiling suspended propeller type unit heaters. The unit heaters appear to be in good condition. There is a re-circulating filtered type dust collector installed. The dust collector appears to be in good condition.





Unit Heaters

1989 Addition Wood Shop

Dust Collector

The Wood Shop is primarily heated and ventilated by a hot water unit ventilator, and supplemental ventilation air is provided by a central station air handling unit. There is an outdoor grade mounted dust collector installed that is ducted to wood-working saws and equipment via galvanized sheetmetal ductwork. The unit ventilator, dust collector and associated ductwork appears to be in poor condition.



Wood Shop - Ventilation Ductwork



Wood Shop - Dust Collector

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers Inc.

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 25/January 15, 2015



Wood Shop Unit Ventilator

1989 Addition CADD ClassRoom/Shop

The CADD Classroom and Shop is primarily heated and ventilated by a central indoor air handling unit and duct mounted hot water heating coils. There are general exhaust air and hose-reel exhaust air systems installed. The air handling unit, general exhaust fan and hose-reel exhaust systems were installed circa 1989 and are generally in poor physical condition. The exhaust and ventilation ductwork appear to be in fair condition.



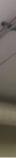
CADD Shop Heating Coil and Ventilation Ductwork



3.2 Mechanical Existing Conditions Report



Wood Shop Dust Collector Exhaust Ductwork





Hose-Reel Exhaust

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 27/January 15, 2015

IT Server Room and Office:

The IT Server and Office room is air conditioned by a ductless AC unit. It was reported that the room is consistently warm and experiences inadequate airflow and temperature control.



IT Room - Ductless AC Unit

Entryways, Stairwells, and Corridors:

Entryways, stairwells, and corridors are typically heated by cabinet unit heaters. There are also locations where hot water fin tube radiation is installed. In general, the heating equipment is originally installed equipment, approximately 25 to 48 years old dependent upon its location and date of installation.



Existing Cabinet Unit Heater



Existing Cabinet Unit Heater



Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 28/January 15, 2015



Restrooms:

The majority of restrooms are exhausted by via a galvanized sheetmetal distribution system, typically through sidewall exhaust air grilles to roof mounted exhaust air fans. The exhaust air systems appear to be originally installed systems, circa 1989 or 1967, dependent upon location. The majority of restroom exhaust air systems have exceeded their expected service life.



3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Inc.

Existing Cabinet Unit Heater – World Arts Wing

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 29/January 15, 2015

Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

Note * = Code Issue

- Boiler Plants The existing CTC Boilers, Pumps and Boiler room hot water piping should be replaced. New high efficiency condensing boilers should be installed to replace the existing boilers that have experienced increasing maintenance issues over the past years. Alternatively the CTC building could be connected to the existing High School boiler plant. In order to accomplish this, new cross connecting hot water piping, valving, pumps equipped with VFD drives, and associated controls would need to be provided.
- Terminal Heating Equipment:
 - o General: Existing fin tube radiation, unit heaters, unit ventilators and convector heating equipment should be replaced, with exception of Language Arts Building fan coil unit and unit heater heating equipment.
 - o High School Classrooms: The existing High School Unit ventilators that serve the interior classrooms should be replaced. New HVAC systems with mechanical ventilation should be provided for exterior classrooms. New mechanical ventilation systems should be provided with energy recovery.
 - Library: Existing hot water unit ventilators should be replaced and new energy efficient 0 HVAC system should installed to serve this area.
- Air Handling Unit Systems:

0

- General: Existing indoor air handling units should be replaced.
- o CTC Shops and Classrooms: The existing hot water heating air handling unit systems should be replaced
- o Administration Areas: The Main Administration area is air conditioned and ventilated by a ceiling suspended indoor split AC unit that is located in the kitchenette area. The existing Administration area air handling unit and associated roof mounted condensing unit should be replaced with a new air handling unit and condenser.
- o Auditorium The existing air handling units and associated ductwork should be replaced.
- o Gymnasium) The four (4) existing indoor heating and ventilation units and associated
- ductwork should be replaced. New exhaust fans should be installed o Locker, Team and Fitness Rooms: Existing air handling units and unit ventilators should
- be replaced.
- Cafeteria The existing air handling unit should be replaced with high efficiency units. Existing ductwork systems should be replaced and new terminal supplemental heating should be installed

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 30/January 15, 2015

• Ventilation Systems:

- following
- recovery
- radiator/convectors/unit heaters should be replaced.
- is below current code requirements*
- areas*
- control
- fumes often migrate to occupied areas of the building*.
- Air Conditioning Systems:

room

- - Window Air Conditioning Units
 - Ductless Split System AC Units
- replaced.

3.2

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers Inc

o Kitchen - High School and CTC Buildings - The air handling units and kitchen exhaust fans in both Kitchens should be replaced with new exhaust fan and make-up air systems. A new Variable volume hood exhaust air system should be installed for energy savings. Kitchen exhaust and make-up air ductwork should be replaced. Existing unit heaters should be removed and new radiant heating panels and unit heaters should be installed.

• General: Existing ventilation systems should be replaced and upgraded, including the

o New HVAC systems with mechanical ventilation should be provided for exterior classrooms*. New mechanical ventilation systems should be provided with energy

o Direct outdoor air ventilation system should be provided for Locker rooms that are currently provided with ventilation air that is transferred from Gym*.

• Corridor and Entryway Heating and Ventilation – The majority of corridor areas should be provided with improved mechanical ventilation, as many appear under ventilated*. Existing ductwork and diffusers should be replaced and existing hot water

o New science classroom exhaust air systems for fume hood and lab/prep room areas should be provided so that exhaust rates are in accordance with code requirements*.

o Team and Locker room should get improved ventilation systems as it appears ventilation

• New Exhaust air system should be installed to serve the all copy room and janitor closet

o The Kitchen Exhaust Ductwork should be enclosed in 2 hour rated shaft*.

• The CTC Trade Shop dust collector should be located outdoors for improved noise

o The CTC Auto Body and Auto Shops air pressurization needs to be corrected, as exhaust

o Exhaust fans: Existing rooftop and indoor exhaust fans should be replaced. Exceptions include five (5) recently replaced exhaust fans that serve the locker rooms and team

o General: Existing air conditioning systems should be replaced, including the following. It is highly recommended that a more centralized high efficiency air conditioning system is considered utilizing unitary type equipment with standard energy efficiency:

• Air Handling Systems with Split System AC

IT Server Room/Office – this unit should be upsized.

• <u>Piping, Valving and Insulation</u> – The majority of building hot water piping, with exception of the piping located with the High School Boiler Room and the Language Arts Building, should be

Dover High School HVAC Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46650/Page 31/January 15, 2015

- system.



ΗŇ

3.2

Mechanical Existing Conditions Report

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Consulting Engineers Inc.

• <u>Ductwork Distribution Systems</u>: The majority of ductwork distribution systems, with exception of the piping located with the High School Boiler Room and the Language Arts Building, should be replaced.

• <u>Automatic Temperature Controls:</u> A new building energy management system (EMS) and direct digital control (DDC) system should be installed to replace the existing ATC pneumatic/DDC system. The existing High School boiler plant controls could remain and be integrated into the new EMS system. All buildings ATC control should be fully integrated into one common EMS

Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 1/January 15, 2015

ELECTRICAL

Executive Summary

In general, the electrical systems have reached their life expectancy and are in poor condition with the exception of the world language addition. Life safety lighting and exit signs are battery type and not served from a backup generator. The electrical service was replaced during last addition but is not sufficient in size for present standards.

The fire alarm system is in fair condition and will require replacement due to voice evacuation requirements of present code.

Lighting systems in general have been upgraded with lamps and ballasts to conserve energy. T8 lamps have been installed in most spaces. Light fixtures however are in poor/fair condition in the majority of the building. The fixtures are original to respective addition construction period in most locations and should be upgraded.

The power for the facility is in poor/fair condition, a new power distribution system should be provided at 277/480 volt distribution.

The communications system wiring infrastructure for tel/data has been upgraded to accommodate desired use. A classroom intercom/paging system head end has been upgraded but is not up to present standards. The central clock system is not operational. There is a dedicated headend room and remote IDF closets with a fiber optic back bone that is in fair condition but lacks physical space.

Electrical Distribution System

The service voltage is 120/208V rated at 2000 amps. The switch is in fair condition and within its 40 year useful life. The main switchboard does not have space for future expansion. The main switchboard is manufactured by Square D.



The parking lot lighting has a step up transformer for 480 volt branch circuits.

TEL 508-998-5700

FAX 508-998-0883



3.3

Electrical Existing Conditions Report



email: info@g-g-d.com

Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 2/ January 15, 2015



There is a dedicated utility company pad mounted transformer for the facility. The service is underground from the transformer to main electrical room. The service was upgraded as part of last addition.

A motor control center is present in gym to serve backstop motors.

There are sub-panels located throughout the facility and they are generally in closets and are circuit breaker type and are in poor condition where original. Panels have been with each addition and are in fair condition.

Motor starter panels are used for Roof exhaust fans.

Branch Circuits/Wiring Devices

This quantity of receptacles appears minimal in most spaces. Additional receptacles for computers have been added in classrooms typically done using surface wiremold.

Kitchen and Science Lab receptacles are not on GFCI circuits to meet present code. Science labs do not have EPO's installed.









Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 3/ January 15, 2015

Interior Lighting System

Lighting in corridor varies but is generally surface 1'x4' acrylic fluorescent fixtures.

Classroom lighting typically consists of surface 1'x4' acrylic fluorescent fixtures. The lighting system should be upgraded in all classrooms. The fixtures are controlled by manual wall switches.

Lighting in shop/mechanical spaces consists of fluorescent industrial fixtures. Woodshop has vapor tight fixtures present.

Cafeteria lighting consists of surface fluorescent fixtures forming a 4'x4' square.

Kitchen lighting consists of 2'x4' recessed fluorescent fixtures. The fixtures have lenses and are in fair condition.





Lighting in auditorium is recessed fluorescent downlighting. The fixtures replaced original incandescent fixtures.





3.3

Electrical Existing Conditions Report





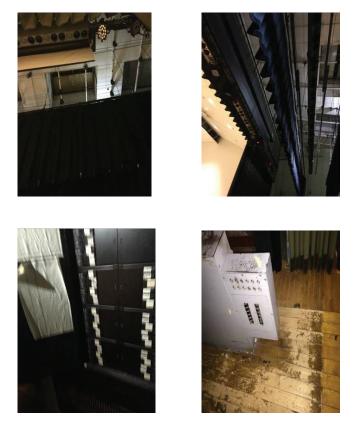




Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 4/ January 15, 2015

Site lighting consists of pole fixtures with period type heads and are in poor condition.

Theatrical spot lights are in good condition. The system dimming rack has been updated within the last ten years or so. The dimming rack is manufactured by EDI and has 54 dimmers.



Gym lighting consists of high bay fluorescent fixtures. The fixtures were replaced approximately within the last ten years. The fixtures are equipped with T5 lamps.

Media center lighting typically consists of surface fluorescent wraparound fixtures similar to classroom.

Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 5/ January 15, 2015

Emergency Lighting System

The existing emergency lighting and exit signs are battery type. There is an inverter present for the original building. The system is in poor condition and should be replaced with an emergency generator for backup power.



Emergency lighting is normally "off". There were no area protection relays observed.

Fire Alarm System

The fire alarm panel is manufactured by EST. The system is an addressable type. The fire alarm notification alarms are not code compliant in accordance with present code. There are door holders in corridors as required by code. The world language addition has strobes in the classrooms.







3.3

Electrical Existing Conditions Report







Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 6/ January 15, 2015

There is smoke detection in Corridors.

The fire alarm annunciator is located in the main entrance.

Data/Telephone/Classroom Intercom/Clock System/Security System

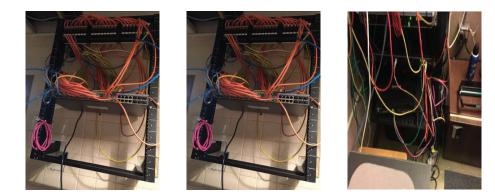
The master clock system is operational but beyond its life expectancy. Classroom clocks have been replaced with battery type where system clocks have failed.

There are smartboards present in each classroom. There is a classroom amplification system manufactured by Light-speed Model Redcat.



There is a local sound system in Auditorium.

In the classrooms there are two data drops for teacher computers. All data wiring is CAT 5. The voice/data infrastructure should be updated to present standards. The CAT 5 is installed in Wiremold. The location of data outlets appears fine.



Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 7/ January 15, 2015



There are dedicated data closets. There is a wall mounted patch panel in one classroom.

There is a Netgear wireless data network presently being installed throughout the facility. Netgear switches are installed with gigabit backbone and POE.

The classroom intercom system is manufactured Bogan. A Multicom 2000 headend has replaced the original Dukane intercom system.

There are paging speakers throughout the facility connected through the Bogen intercom system.

A closed circuit TV system is present. The coverage in the building covers corridors and entrance locations. Exterior perimeter has building dome camera. The cameras are analog type. Exterior camera DVR is manufactured by Bosch.





3.3 Electrical Existing Conditions Report





Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Electrical Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46462/Page 8/ January 15, 2015

Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

Note * = *Code Issue*

- Switchgear serving original building and CTE facilities.
- Interior and exterior lighting system with replacement of LED.
- also service the heating system, tel/data systems and fire alarm system. *
- New fire alarm system. *
- New CAT6 tel/data infrastructure.
- New 50 micron fiber distrubiotn for 10 gbps transmission to IDFs.
- Data/Telephone/Classroom Intercom/Clock System/Security System
 - o Master Clock
 - o Local Sound Systems
 - Data Outlets
 - Wireless Data Network
 - o Classroom Communication System
 - o Paging System
 - o CCTV System



Electrical Existing Conditions Report



• Branch circuit wiring throughout including addition of surge suppression equipment. • Emergency lighting system including new natural gas approximately 200 kW. The generator will

Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 1/January 15, 2015

PLUMBING

Executive Summary:

Presently, the Plumbing Systems serving the building are cold water, hot water, sanitary, waste and vent system, special waste and vent system, storm drain system, and natural gas. Municipal sewer and municipal water service the building. The majority of the plumbing systems are original to the building and its additions. Portions of the system have been updated as part of building renovation and upgrade projects.

The plumbing fixtures are generally in fair condition. The plumbing fixtures in the 2003 Addition are in good condition. In general, the fixtures in the original and 1989 Addition appear to have served their useful life. Current Access Code requires accessible fixtures wherever plumbing is provided. In terms of the water conservation fixtures, their use is governed by the provisions of the Plumbing and Building Code. Essentially, the code does not require these fixtures to be upgraded, but where new fixtures are installed, as may be required by other codes or concerns, the new fixtures need to be water conserving type fixtures. All new fixtures are recommended in the original and 1989 Addition.

Cast iron is used for sanitary and storm drainage. Rainwater from flat roof areas is collected by interior rain leaders which appear to discharge to a below grade drainage system. Where visible, the cast iron pipe appears to be in fair condition. Smaller pipe sizes appear to be copper or PVC. In general, the drainage piping can be reused where adequately sized for the intended new use.

Fixtures:

The water closets are predominately floor mounted vitreous china with manually operated flush valves.

Urinals are pedestal type, vitreous china with manually operated flush valves.

Lavatories are generally wall hung vitreous china. The lavatories have a variety of faucet types with hot and cold water supplies.

Drinking fountains consist of either wall mounted stainless steel and vitreous china single bowl fountains.

Electric water coolers are wall hung, non accessible.

Janitor's sink are generally trap standard mounted, enameled cast iron sinks. Faucets are typically not equipped with vacuum breakers.

Science classroom sinks are resin type with deck mounted faucets. Faucets are not equipped with vacuum breakers. Classrooms contain an antiquated emergency shower fixture fed by the cold water system only. Sinks are not piped to an acid neutralization system.

TEL 508-998-5700



3.4

Plumbing Existing Conditions Report

Inc

email: info@g-g-d.com

Consulting Engineers Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 2/January 15, 2015

Shop/Tech labs have a wash fountain fixture.

Shop/Tech labs contain either a combination emergency shower/eye wash or just an eyewash fixture. The emergency fixtures are fed by cold water system only; water is not tepid.

The main Kitchen area and Culinary Arts Kitchen fixtures are in fair to good condition. The pot washing sinks are fitted with grease interceptors.





Typical bathroom fixtures



Stainless steel drinking fountain



China drinking fountain



Electric water cooler



Consulting Engineers Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00



Service sink

L#46651/Page 3/January 15, 2015

Water Systems:

The building has two separate domestic water services, one in the 1967 School and one in the 1989 Addition.

In the 1967 School there is a dedicated 4" domestic water service which enters the mechanical room. There is a 4" domestic water meter and two 2" reduced pressure backflow preventers with pressure reducing valves located in parallel. There is also two 1-1/2" pressure reducing valves piped in parallel configuration. The distribution main is 4" in size.

In the 1989 Addition there is a combined 8" water service which enters the lower level mechanical room. Off of this service there is a 2-1/2" domestic water supply with 2" water meter and two 1-1/2" reduced pressure backflow preventers with 1-1/2" pressure reducing valves located in parallel. The outlet water pressure is 70 PSI.



1967 school water service & meter



3.4

Plumbing Existing Conditions Report





Shop sink

Emergency fixture



1989 addition water meter

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA

Inc

Consulting Engineers Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 4/January 15, 2015

Domestic hot water in 1967 School is generated through three natural gas fired storage type water heaters. Water heaters are PVI model 750N-400A, with a natural gas input of 600,000 BTUH and 400 gallon storage capacity. The water heaters are in fair condition. The hot water systems are recirculated. There are two thermostatic mixing valves on the systems to prevent scalding, Lawler model 805 and Lawler model 802.

Domestic hot water in 1989 Addition is generated through a gas fired storage type water heater. Water heater are PVI model 375P-225, with a natural gas input of 300,000 BTUH and 225 gallon storage capacity. The water heater is in fair condition. The hot water system is recirculated. There are two thermostatic mixing valves on the systems to prevent scalding, both are Symmons model 5-900.



1967 School water heaters



1989 Addition water heater

Gas:

The building has two gas services; one at the original building and on at the 1989 Addition.

The gas service at the 1989 Addition is elevated pressure and it supplies the heating boilers, domestic water heater, and the Culinary Arts kitchen cooking equipment. Culinary Arts kitchen supply is equipped with an automatic shutoff valve. Hood contains a fire suppression system.

The gas service at the 1967 School is elevated pressure and it supplies the heating boilers, domestic water heater, Science classroom, and the main kitchen cooking equipment. The main kitchen supply is equipped with an automatic shutoff valve. Hood contains a fire suppression system.

Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 5/January 15, 2015

Gas piping is black steel with a combination of screwed and welded joints and fittings depending on the time of installation.

Science Classrooms are equipped with a master emergency shutoff valve located in the teacher's bench.



Original building gas service & meter





Original building gas piping Drainage Systems:

Cast iron is used for sanitary and storm drainage. Where visible, the cast iron pipe appears to be in fair condition. Smaller pipe sizes appear to be copper or PVC.

Tech shops are equipped with trench drains. There is no evidence that trench drains are piped through an oil/sand separator.

In general, the cast iron drainage piping can be reused even in a major renovation where adequately sized for the intended new use.









1989 building gas service & meter



1989 building gas piping



Science room gas valve

Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 6/January 15, 2015

Acid waste and vent piping is hub and spigot dur-iron. The systems is not piped to an acid neutralization system



Science waste piping

Compressed Air System:

The technical shops are provided with compressed air. There are various pipe drops in each shop supplied from the piping distribution system. Typical outlets include a filter and pressure regulator.

The compressed air is provided by a single 15 h.p. motor located on a horizontal receiver. Compressor is located in the 1989 Addition mechanical room. The air compressor is in good condition.



Air compressor



Typical air outlet station



Dover High School Dover, NH Plumbing Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46651/Page 7/January 15, 2015

Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

- All plumbing fixtures with high efficiency water conserving types.
- Domestic water heaters •
- Domestic water shutoff valves. •
- Provide tepid water to emergency fixtures. ٠
 - Provide code required cross connection devices on water supply to Science Classroom sink. •
 - Acid resistant waste and vent piping for science Classroom. ٠
 - •
- Natural Gas shutoff valves including Science Classroom master gas valves. •
- Compressed Air System shutoff valves and air outlet stations.

Plumbing Existing Conditions Report



- Provide acid neutralization system for Science Classroom waste.

Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Fire Protection Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46652/Page 1/January 15, 2015

FIRE PROTECTION

Executive Summary

The building is protected by automatic sprinkler systems. The building is served by two separate fire water services. There is one service located in the original 1967 School which supplies the original building and the 2002 addition. The other service is located in the 1989 addition mechanical room and supplies the 1989 addition. The majority of the equipment and systems installed appear to have been well maintained and are generally in fair to good condition.

1967 School

There is dedicated 6" fire water service which enters the lower level storage room adjacent to the mechanical room. There is a 4" double check valve assembly (Febco Model 805) with a 4" wet alarm valve and fire distribution main.

Fire service is controlled by an exterior Post Indicating Valve.

Fire department connection is a 4" x 2-1/2" x 2-1/2" Siamese.

Piping is black steel with coupling or threaded fittings, depending on pipe size.

All shutoff valves are monitored by the fire alarm system.

Sprinkler heads in general are standard response type heads. Pendent type in ceiling areas and upright type in non-ceiling areas.

Standpipes are not provided in the Stage.

Incoming water pressure is in excess of 100 PSI.



Fire service riser

TEL 508-998-5700

FAX 508-998-0883



3.5

Fire Protection Existing Conditions Report





Double check valve assembly

email: info@g-g-d.com

GARCIA • GALUSKA • DESOUSA Inc.

Consulting Engineers

Dover High School Dover, NH Fire Protection Existing Conditions Systems Report J#831 044 00.00 L#46652/Page 2/January 15, 2015







Post Indicating valve

Siamese Fire Department connection

Typical pendent sprinkler

1989 Addition

There is a combined 8" water service which enters the lower level mechanical room. Off of this service there is a 6" double check valve assembly (Febco Model 805). There is a 6" wet alarm valve and fire distribution main.

Fire service is controlled by an exterior Post Indicating Valve.

Fire department connection is a 4" x 2-1/2" x 2-1/2" Siamese.

Piping is black steel with coupling or threaded fittings, depending on pipe size.

All shutoff valves are monitored by the fire alarm system.

Sprinkler heads in general are standard response type heads. Pendent type in ceiling areas and upright type in non-ceiling areas.

Incoming water pressure is in excess of 100 PSI.



Combined water service - FP riser



Siamese Fire Department connection



Dover High School

Consulting Engineers



Post indicating valve

Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

• Sprinkler heads in 1967 School and 1989 addition



3.5









То:	HMFH Architects, Inc.
From:	Nobis Engineering, Inc.
Subject:	Dover High School and Regiona Report
Date:	February 23, 2015

SITE ASSESSMENT

On December 4 and December 30, 2014, Nobis Engineering, Inc. performed visual site assessments of the 44 acre Dover High School & Regional Career Technical Center campus at 25 Alumni Drive.

The site assessment conducted by Nobis was limited to visually inspecting the condition of surficial site features. The inspection included, but was not limited to, pavement, driveways, parking spaces, curb, sidewalks, landscaping, and building access and accessibility. Once an ALTA survey is completed Nobis can make additional assessments on grading and subsurface features including utilities and drainage. Detailed below are the findings and recommendations of the site assessment.

Executive Summary

In general, the existing bituminous asphalt pavement, curbing, and walkways/sidewalks are in poor condition and have reached or surpassed their life expectancy. The asphalt surfaces appear to have been overlain several times and as a result the asphalt surface is severely cracked from underlying deficiencies. The exception to this assessment is the site conditions of the Dover Alternative Program at 50 Alumni Drive. The conditions of the asphalt at the Dover Alternative Program are in good condition.

The condition of the landscaping appears to be well established and healthy. The existence of an irrigation system could not be determined from visual inspection.

Building access and accessibility is generally not in conformance with current American with Disabilities Act (ADA) design standards. The non-conformances include, but are not limited to, total number of accessible parking spaces in each parking lot, van designated spaces, signage, and access aisle striping and accessibility.

The existence of the utilities servicing the building/campus were observed including municipal water and sewer, natural gas, electrical power, site lighting, and a closed drainage system. The condition of the services cannot be noted from visual inspection however the structures appeared

Client-Focused, Employee-Owned

www.nobiseng.com



Civil Existing Conditions Report

MEMORANDUM

al Career Technical Center - Site Assessment

Nobis Engineering, Inc. 18 Chenell Drive Concord, NH 03301 T (603) 224-4182



to be in good condition (manhole covers, hydrants, valves, meters, etc.). The majority of the drainage runoff from the impervious surfaces on-site appears to sheet flow to a closed drainage system. The closed drainage system is believed to discharge to the seasonal brook east of the campus and the seasonal brook south of the Senior Lot. DHS also has a foundation drain and roof drains that tie into the closed drainage system.

Pavement/Driveway Assessment

Upon inspection of the campus parking lots and driveways Nobis noted the following:

A Lot & Bus Drop-off

- Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally less than satisfactory. Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse, alligator) were observed in both the busdrop off loop and the A Lot. Few of the cracks observed in the pavement have been sealed using asphalt crack sealant while the majority of the cracks have been left untreated.
- Some patch work and pavement overlays have been done over the years presumably to • address the worst sections of pavement.
- Some raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the pavement • is evident throughout but is the worst in the visitor parking spaces.
- The pavement overlays at the entrance and exit from Alumni Drive are in good condition.



B Lot

- Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally poor. Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse, alligator) were observed in both the B lot and the portion of the lot associated with the 2002 addition. Few of the cracks observed in the pavement have been sealed using asphalt crack sealant while the majority of the cracks have been left untreated.
- Some patch work and pavement overlays have been done over the years presumably to address the worst sections of pavement.
- Some raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the pavement • is evident throughout.
- The pavement overlay at the entrance and exit from Alumni Drive is in good condition.
- The entrance and exit from Alumni Drive is in less than satisfactory condition.

Dover High School Site Assessment

Page 2 of 14





C Lot

- Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally very poor. majority of the cracks have been left untreated.
- address the worst sections of pavement.
- during/following rain events.
- The entrance and exit road from Alumni Drive is in less than satisfactory condition.



Dover High School Site Assessment

3.6 Civil Existing Conditions Report

Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse, alligator) were observed in the C lot. A few of the cracks observed in the pavement have been sealed using asphalt crack sealant while the

• Some patch work and pavement overlays have been done over the years presumably to

Serious raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the pavement is evident throughout sections of the C lot. This likely results in surface ponding



Senior Lot

- Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally in satisfactory to less than satisfactory condition. Longitudinal and traverse cracking is low to medium in severity while alligator cracking is minimal. None of the cracks observed in the pavement have been sealed using asphalt crack sealant.
- Raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the pavement is not evident.



Dover Alternative Program Parking Lot (50 Alumni Drive)

- Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally in good condition.
- No cracking, raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the pavement is evident.
- A couple of minor puddles were observed in the parking lot.





Pavement East of 1989 Addition (Including the access road from Alumni Drive)

- crack sealant.
- pavement evident throughout the area.
- The pavement overlay at the entrance and exit from Alumni Drive is in good condition.



Curb Assessment

Upon inspection of the campus parking lots and driveways Nobis observed multiple types of curbing. Refer below for Nobis' findings at locations around the campus:

A Lot & Bus Drop-off

- England winters and snow plows shorten its useful life.
- safety.

Civil Existing Conditions Report

 Upon visual inspection the condition of the existing pavement is generally satisfactory to less than satisfactory. Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse, alligator) were observed in the pavement. None of the cracks observed in the pavement have been sealed using asphalt

• There is minor raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the

• The A Lot and Bus Drop-off driveway are surrounded by bituminous concrete curb (BCC) except along the face of the concrete sidewalk entering the main entrance to the building.

· Based on visual inspection most of the BCC is nearing the end of its life cycle however it still appears to be functioning as designed. The BCC is cracked into several small 1 to 2 foot sections and is deformed in areas. BCC is a cost-effective curb, however, the harsh New

• The height of BCC is generally desired to be about 4-5 inches above finished grade. Nobis observed sections of BCC less than 3 inches (likely due to pavement overlays over the years). • Recommend replacing BCC with vertical granite curb (VGC) along sidewalk for pedestrian

Nobis



B Lot

No curb

C Lot

No curb

Senior Lot

- No curb except around the landscape island abutting Alumni Drive. The landscape island has BCC along both sides of the island and VGC around the radial ends.
- The condition of the VGC is satisfactory while the condition of the BCC is nearing the end of its useful life. The BCC is cracked into several small 1 to 2 foot sections but has not begun to lose its alignment.



Dover High School Site Assessment

Page 6 of 14





Dover Alternative Program Parking Lot (50 Alumni Drive) • No curb except around the southeast corner of the building. The curb around the edge of the SGC is in satisfactory condition.



Pavement East of 1989 Addition (East Side of DHS)

SGC is in satisfactory condition.



Sidewalk/Walkway Assessment

Upon inspection of the campus sidewalks and walkways Nobis noted the following:

Observations

- steps to the main entrance have some chipped concrete at the edges.

Dover High School Site Assessment

3.6 Civil Existing Conditions Report

parking lot surrounding the southeast corner of the building is sloped granite curb (SGC). The

• SGC around portions of the asphalt perimeter along the east side of the 1989 addition. The

• The concrete sidewalk along the main entrance at the front of the school is in satisfactory condition. There is some cracking along the sidewalk and minimal chipping. The concrete

• The asphalt sidewalk that loops from Alumni Drive along the front of the school is in less than satisfactory condition. Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse) were observed along the sidewalk. Some of the cracks have been treated with asphalt crack sealant but the majority

Page 7 of 14



of the cracks have been left untreated. Appeared that the sidewalk has been overlain in the past.

- The sidewalk along the edge of Alumni Drive is in poor condition. Numerous cracks (longitudinal, traverse, alligator) were observed in the asphalt. Raveling and aging (pavement surface deterioration/loss of aggregate) of the asphalt was also observed, most notably at the sidewalk edges. Appeared that the sidewalk has been overlain in the past.
- The walkways to the building at 50 Alumni Drive are in good condition.
- The walkway from the B Lot to the ball fields was in good condition.
- The walkway from the B Lot to the doors at the front of the 2002 addition (Door #3 & Door #4) are in good condition.
- The concrete sidewalk leading to Door 28 at the east side of the 1989 addition is in poor condition. The concrete has deteriorated next to the accessible parking space.





Landscaping Assessment

Upon inspection of the campus landscaping Nobis noted the following:

Observations

- · Landscape inspection included the inspection of the trees and shrubs around the perimeter vegetation of the ball fields.
- established and healthy.
- school.
- Visible inspection of the grass appeared to be well established throughout the campus.
- The existence of an irrigation system could not be determined during the inspection.



Building Access and Accessibility Assessment

Upon inspection of the campus building access and accessibility Nobis noted the following:

A Lot & Bus Drop-off

by ADA.

Dover High School Site Assessment

Page 8 of 14



Civil Existing Conditions Report

of the buildings and parking lots. The inspection did not include the landscaping and

• The trees and shrubs planted around the buildings and parking lots appeared to be well

• The majority of the planted tree and shrubs are along the front face of the buildings and along the western edge of the driveway from Alumni Drive heading towards the C lot and middle

• Upon visual inspection there are two accessible parking spaces in the A lot and one accessible ramp into the main entrance of the building. There are approximately 87 parking spaces in the A Lot. According to state and federal ADA design standards there should be a minimum of 4 accessible parking spaces. In addition to having less than the minimum number of accessible spaces required, the access aisle striping and parking space signage are out of compliance. Also the head of the accessible aisles does not lead to an accessible path of travel as required





B Lot

- Upon visual inspection of the building exterior it appears that Door 3, 4, 5, and 12 are accessible building entrances. There are approximately 90 parking spaces in the B Lot. According to ADA design standards there should be a minimum of 4 accessible parking spaces for which 4 accessible parking spaces are provided in the B Lot.
- Although the number of accessible spaces provided for Door 3 and 4 (one each) are adequate, one of the spaces should be designated as a van accessible space with an 8 foot wide access aisle.
- There are two accessible parking spaces designated in the shortest accessible route to Door 5. Although the number of spaces is adequate one of the spaces should be designated as van accessible and the accessible spaces are not properly striped with an access aisle.
- There is a long concrete ramp leading to the Door 5 entrance. This ramp should have a handrail and a level landing per the ADA standards.
- No accessible parking spaces are provided to access Door 12. If this is an accessible building entrance a minimum of one van designated accessible space should be provided.





C Lot

- entrances are intended to be accessible.
- entrances in the C Lot are accessible.

Senior Lot

• Upon visual inspection there are no accessible spaces in the Senior Lot. According to the

Dover Alternative Program Parking Lot (50 Alumni Drive)

- Upon visual inspection there are three accessible parking spaces in the parking lot and there 76 parking spaces in the parking lot.
- Two accessible parking spaces are properly located closest to the accessible entrance 8 foot wide access aisle to the right of the space.
- parking spaces are required and only 3 accessible parking spaces are provided.



Dover High School Site Assessment



Civil Existing Conditions Report

• Upon visual inspection of the building exterior it is unclear whether any of the building

• Based on the total number of parking spaces provided in the C Lot (approximately 65) three accessible parking spaces would be required per ADA design standards if any of the building

ADA design standards the amount of accessible parking spaces that must be provided is based on the total number of spaces in each parking lot. Nobis interprets this to mean that the Senior Lot should have accessible parking spaces given that it is parking lot that is used by seniors to access various accessible entrances on the campus. A minimum of 6 accessible parking spaces is required based on a total of approximately 186 parking spaces in the lot.

appears to be one accessible entrance at the front of the building. There are approximately

although one of the spaces should be designated as van accessible. The other accessible space is located closest to the walkway to one of the ball fields. To be in accordance with ADA design standards this accessible space should be designated as van accessible and have an

Based on the 76 parking spaces in the parking lot per ADA design standards 4 accessible



1989 Addition Parking Spaces

• Upon visual inspection there is one accessible entrance (Door 28) to the 1989 addition. There is a small 4 parking space lot accessible to this entrance. One of the four parking spaces is accessible which meets ADA design standards. However, this accessible parking space should be designated as van accessible and have an 8 foot wide access aisle to the right of the space.



- · Nobis could not determine if the accessible path from the parking spaces to the accessible building entrance meets the ADA design standards for running slope or cross slope. A detailed topographic survey will be necessary to make this determination.
- All building accessibility assessments have been based off of visual inspection of the building exterior. If programmatic needs or building entrance accessibility changes or the assumptions made above are incorrect the accessible parking spaces and accessible paths will need to be addressed accordingly.

Existing Utility Assessment

Upon inspection of the Dover High School campus and blueprints Nobis noted the following regarding the existing utilities on-site:

Water: The building is serviced by municipal water supply. It appears that the water supply enters the building in two locations. The two locations are between the B Lot and C Lot behind the building and at the east side of the building for the 1989 addition.

Sewer: The building is serviced by municipal sewer. It appears that the municipal sewer exits the building in two locations. The two locations are between the B Lot and C Lot behind the building and at the north side of the building for the 1989 addition.

Gas: The building is serviced by natural gas. It appears that the natural gas enters the building between the B Lot and C Lot behind the building as evidenced by the gas meter. It is unclear from visual inspection if the natural gas line enters the building in any other locations.

Dover High School Site Assessment

Page 12 of 14



Electric: The building appears to receive its electric service from the transformer off of Alumni Drive in front of the 2002 building addition.

Site Lighting: The site has several site lighting posts throughout the campus. Based upon the number and spacing of the site light poles the lighting seems adequate. There are several light poles along the driveway from Alumni Drive to the middle school that have been abandoned for reasons unknown to Nobis.

Drainage: The majority of the drainage runoff from the impervious surfaces on-site appears to sheet flow to a closed drainage system. The closed drainage system is believed to discharge to the seasonal brook east of the campus and the seasonal brook south of the Senior Lot. DHS also has a foundation drain and roof drains that tie into the closed drainage system.

Summary of American with Disabilities Act (ADA) Non-compliance (References are to the Department of Justice 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design)

A Lot & Bus Drop-off

- Insufficient number of accessible parking spaces (Section 208.2)
- No van accessible space designated (Section 502)
- Improper signage for accessible spaces (Section 502 & 703)
- Access aisle does not lead to accessible path (Section 403 & 502)

B Lot

- ٠ entrance (Section 208.3)
- No van accessible space designated (Section 502)
- Improper signage for accessible spaces (Section 502 & 703)
- Access aisle does not lead to accessible path (Section 403 & 502)
- Access aisle may not meet running and cross slope requirements (Section 403)
- Ramp does not have handrails or a level landing (Section 405.7 & 405.8)

C Lot

No accessible spaces are provided

Senior Lot

No accessible spaces are provided

Dover Alternative Program Parking Lot (50 Alumni Drive)

- Insufficient number of accessible parking spaces (Section 208.2)
- No van accessible space designated (Section 502)

1989 Addition (4 Parking Spaces)

- No van accessible space designated (Section 502)
- Access aisle does not lead to accessible path (Section 403 & 502)
- Access aisle on wrong side of accessible space (Section 502)

Dover High School Site Assessment



Civil Existing Conditions Report

Access aisle does not meet running and cross slope requirements (Section 403)

Accessible parking spaces are not located in the shortest accessible route to a building



Renovation Recommendations

If a renovation were to be undertaken to upgrade the existing High School and CTE facilities with the goal of extending the life of the physical facility by 30 - 40 years the following items would need to be replaced:

A, B, C Lot & 1989 Addition

- Full depth pavement reconstruction, including new pavement and gravels. Installation of heavy duty pavement section for truck travel paths in Lot C. Addition of geogrid may be necessary pending results of a geotechnical investigation.
- Bituminous concrete curb
- Bituminous asphalt sidewalks including along Alumni Drive (pavement replacement only)

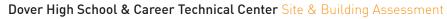
Senior Lot

- Grind pavement and place 1" pavement overlay
- Bituminous asphalt sidewalk along Alumni Drive (pavement replacement only)

ADA Compliance

• All ADA requirements will need to be complied with including designating the required number of spaces with proper signage, striping, accessible routes, handrails, landings at doorways, etc. as detailed on the previous page.







3.6

Civil Existing Conditions Report

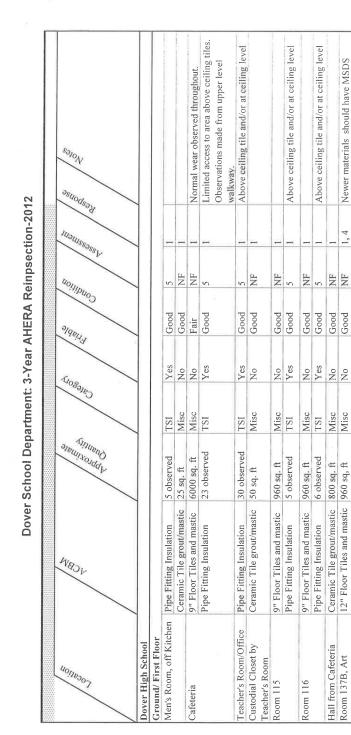
- 4.1 .
- 4.2 -
- 4.3 -
- 4.4 -



Section 4

Supplimental Reports

AHERA Report	121
Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey	163
Existing Conditions Code Analysis	221
Environmental Phase 1 - Site Evaluation	231







132

Teacher's Room/Office	Pipe Fitting Insulation	30 observed
Custodial Closet by	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	50 sq. ft
Teacher's Room		
Room 115	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	960 sq. ft
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5 observed
Room 116	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	960 sq. ft
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	6 observed
Hall from Cafeteria	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	800 sq. ft
Room 137B, Art	12" Floor Tiles and mastic	960 sq, ft
Classroom, formerly		
Mechanical Tool		
Classroom		
Laundry	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	70 sq. ft
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	70 sq. ft
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	4 observed
Women's Bath by Laundry Pipe Fitting Insulation	Pipe Fitting Insulation	12 observed

Above ceiling tile and/or at ceiling level

NF

Above ceiling tile and/or at ceiling level

NF 5 5 NF NF NF

Good Good Good Good Good

No Yes No No No

Newer materials should have MSDS information and confirmation testing performed. ACBM may be beneath new flooring

1,4

Some fittings were observed to have so slight damaged material and should be repaired as soon as feasible.

NF

Good

No

Misc

Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft

See notes on last page

NF NF 5

Good Good Good Fair

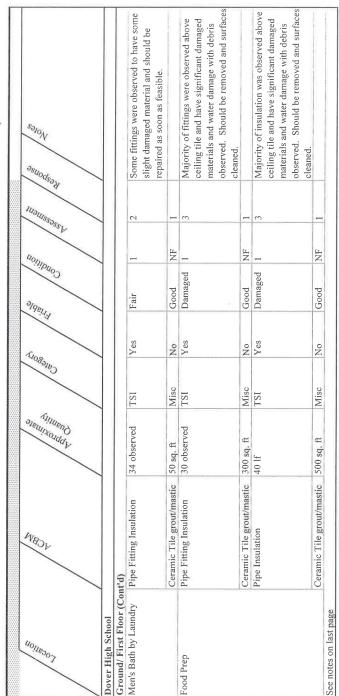
Yes Yes No Yes

Misc Misc TSI TSI

Dover High School: Page 7 of 21

ood, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 Inc.; 320 First NH al, RPF Env

4.1 AHERA Report

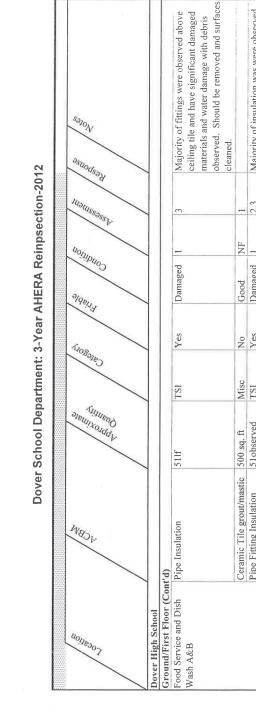






)

High School: Page 8 of 21 Dover



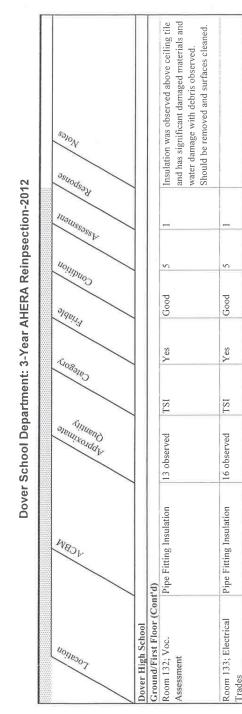
29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 4 observed TSI Yes Good S 1 8 observed TSI Yes Good S 1 8 observed TSI Yes Good S 1								
Pipe Fitting Insulation 29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1								above ceiling tile and has significant
Pipe Fitting Insulation 29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. fh Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Yes Dipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Yes Dipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good S 1		15						damaged materials and water damage with
Pipe Fitting Insulation 29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Value Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1								debris observed. Should be removed and
Pipe Fitting Insulation 29 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq.ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2,3 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Misc No Good NF 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq.ft Misc No Good 5 1								surfaces cleaned.
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1	Pipe Fitting Insulation		ISI	Yes	Damaged	1	2,3	Majority of insulation was observed above
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Stational Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Stating Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1								ceiling tile and has significant damaged
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Station Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1			Ē					materials and water damage with debris
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good NF 1 Stating Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good S 1 Istodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good S 1			2					observed. Should be removed and surfaces
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 400 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good S 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good S 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good S 1								cleaned.
Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Damaged 1 2 Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good 5 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1	Ceramic Tile grout/ma		Misc	No	Good	NF	-	
Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good 5 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1	Pipe Fitting Insulation		ISI	Yes	Damaged	1	2	Majority of insulation was observed above
Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good NF 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1								ceiling tile and has significant damaged
Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good 5 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1	-							materials and water damage with debris
Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1 Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good 5 1 stodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good 5 1								observed. Should be removed and surfaces
Pipe Fitting Insulation 4 observed TSI Yes Good Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good Istodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good								cleaned.
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 50 sq. ft Misc No Good istodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good			TSI	Yes	Good	5	-	
istodial Pipe Fitting Insulation 8 observed TSI Yes Good		stic 50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF		
Commits Tills amonthmentic	istodial		ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Ceramic 1 lie groupmastic Milsc No Good	p Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	stic	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
See notes on last page	st page							

Pare 9 of 21 School: High

od, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 First NH Tur RPF Env

135

4.1 AHERA Report





roci	<u>A</u> √	Approxim Approxim		Cales	En	Condi	USSOSSIV	W Sold
Dover High School								/
Ground/First Floor (Cont	t'd)							
Wood Shop; 139	Pipe Fitting Insulation	48 observed	ISI	Yes	Fair	-	2	Ceiling height. Some observed to have some slight damaged material and should be repaired as soon as feasible.
Service 001 by Art	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	100 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	Approximately 5 sq. ft of missing/damaged ceramic tile grout was observed.
Service Closet by Wood	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	-	
Shop Entry	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Bath By elevator across	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3 observed	TSI	Yes	Fair	5	1	
from Auto Tech	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 140	12" Floor Tiles and mastic	800 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1,4	Newer tiles should have MSDS and confirmations testing performed. Older ACBM may be present beneath newer tile.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	9 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Room 141	12" Floor Tiles and mastic	500 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1,4	Newer tiles should have MSDS and confirmations testing performed. Older ACBM may be present beneath newer tile.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	7 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5		Ceiling level
Loading Dock Auto Shop	Pipe Fitting Insulation	15 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	Ceiling level
Room 122 A	Pipe Fitting Insulation	6 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	Ceiling level
Room 123	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	Ceiling level
Room 121: Cosmetology	Pipe Fitting Insulation	10 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	Ceiling level
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	100 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	1	
Room 124: Drafting	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	1000 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	Pine Fitting Insulation	11observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	-	Ceiling level

(603) 942-5432 03261 Ŧ Ŧ RPF Envi

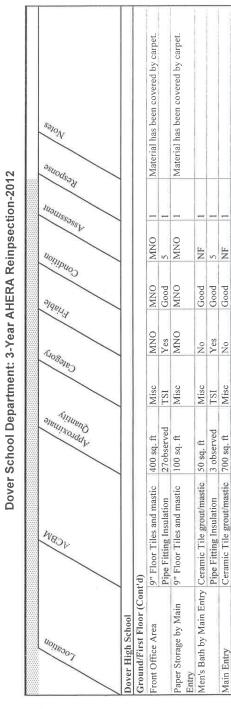
ΗM

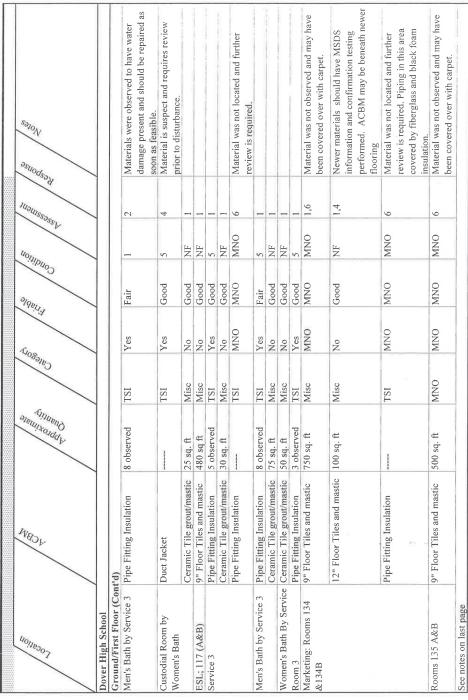
Page 10 of 21 Sch High Dover

Corridor 9" Floor Room 136 12" Floo	0" Elear Tiles and mostic	1500 cd B	Mier	No	Fair	NF	_	Materiale more channed to have normal
		11 .pe ouc I	ACITAI					materials were observed to have normal wear and slight lifting observed. Some patch tiles .
9	12" Floor Tiles and mastic 400 sq. ft	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	AF	1,4	Newer tiles should have MSDS and confirmation testing performed. Older ACBM may be present beneath newer tile.
Pipe Fitt	Pipe Fitting Insulation	9 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	Ceiling level
Ceramic	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	600 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF		
Room 135 12" Floo	12" Floor Tiles and mastic 600 sq. ft	600 sq. ft	Misc	ONM	ONM	MNO	9	Material covered by carpet.
Custodial Department 9" Floor	9" Floor Tiles and mastic		Misc	ONM	ONM	ONM	9	Material was not located and further review is required.
Team Room # 3 Boy's Pipe Fitt Locker Room	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2	TSI	Yes	Good	Ś	1	Ceiling Level
, Foyer by toom	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2	ISI	Yes	Damaged	1	5	Ceiling Level. Material was observed to have water damage and should be repaired as soon as feasible.
Ceramic	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 25 sq. ft	25 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	

bol: Page 11 of 21 Dover High Sch

od, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 RPF Envir





od, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 320 First NH Ti RPF Envir

ΗM

ol: Parie 12 of 21 Dover High Sch

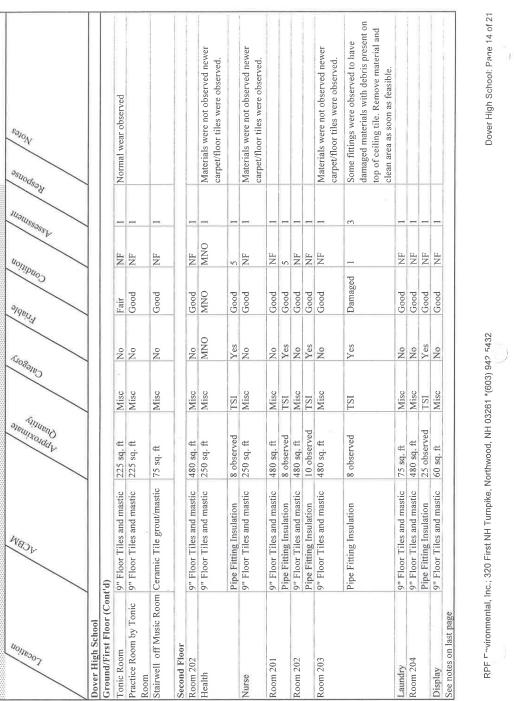
CHIEF TRATA	Columno 1 in Stone month / 22 of the	the not	CITAT	2.4				
Main Entry Electrical	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Main Entry Women's Bath	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 45 sq. ft	45 sq. ft	Misc	Ňo	Good	NF	1	
Girl's Locker Room	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	60 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Boy's Locker Room,	Pipe Fitting Insulation	74 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	I	
Team Rooms 1 & 2,								
Coaches Office								
Gymnasium	Pipe Fitting Insulation	91 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
AD's Office	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Music Office	Pipe Fitting Insulation	15 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	350 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Music Hall	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	600 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Music Classroom	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	450 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Band Room	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	3000 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	1	Normal wear observed.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Damaged	1	σ	Some fittings were observed to have significant damage with debris present on top of ceiling tile. Material should be removed and area cleaned as soon as feasible.
						_		ICASIUIC.
See notes on last page								

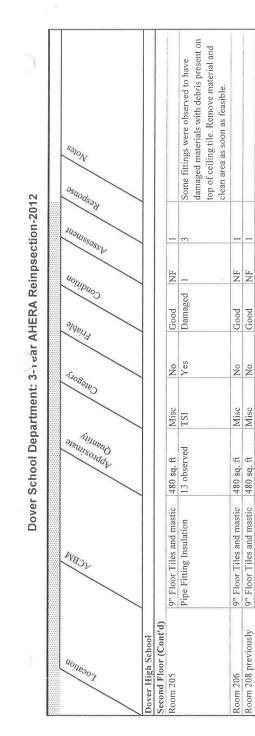
Dover High School: Page 13 of 21

NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 RPF Envir

139

4.1 AHERA Report





Dover School Department: 3-rear AHERA Reinpsection-2012

listed as Room 207 Pipe Room 210 previously 9" F listed as 208)	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5 observed	TSI	Ves	Good	2	-	
					1000	2		
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	_	
Room 207/209 previously 9" Floor Tiles and mastic	Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	
listed as Room 209 and Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	18 observed	TSI	Yes	Fair	5	1	
Room 211 9" F	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	
Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	9 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	_	
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	1500 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
previously listed as Room 212, 213 and 214								
Room 217 previously 9" F	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	500 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	_	
isted as Room 215 Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1,6	Possibly spot removal conducted, removal
								records were not available for review at the
								time of the survey.
ly	Pipe Fitting Insulation		TSI	MNO	ONM	MNO	9	Materials were not observed and may have
listed as room 216								been removed. Records were not available
								at the time of the survey.
1 "9	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
ly	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	
listed as Room 221 Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
See notes on last page								

Dover High School: Pane 15 of 21

03261 *(603) 942-5432 RPF FnV

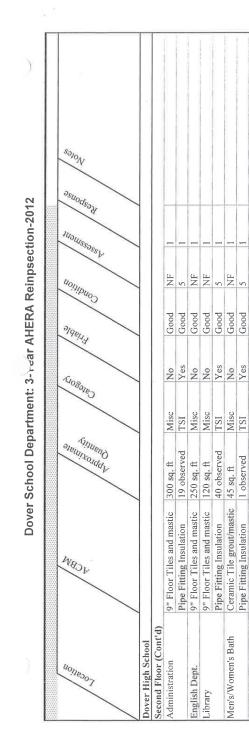
4.1

AHERA Report

Tocation	VCBW	Danulity Distoringle		Calegory	Condin	Condition	HUJUISSJSS	Notes Response
Dover High School Second Floor (Cont'd)						2		
Room 220 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
listed as Room 217	Pipe Fitting Insulation	7 observed	TSI	Yes	Damaged	-	2,3	Some fittings were observed to have damaged materials with debris present on top of ceiling tile. Remove material and clean area as soon as feasible.
Room 222 previously listed as Room 219	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	1	Materials were observed to have chips and dents present.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	7 observed	TSI	Yes	Damaged	-	m	Some Fittings were observed to have significant damage with debris present on top of ceiling and should be removed and area cleaned.
Boy's Bath by Service G	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	75 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 221 previously listed as Room 218	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	Ňo	Good	NF	1	
Room 219 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	500 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
isted as Room 216	Pipe Fitting Insulation	10 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Women's Staff bath by	Pipe Fitting Insulation	12 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
213	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	45 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Girl's/Boy's Bath	Pipe Fitting Insulation Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	20 observed 50 sq. ft	TSI Misc	Yes No	Good Good	5 NF		
Hall 211-219	Pipe Fitting Insulation	50 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	2800 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Hall 205-208	Pipe Fitting Insulation	15 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	1100 sq.ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Hall Principals to 204	Pipe Fitting Insulation	50 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	2800 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	1 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	

RPF Environmental, Inc.; 320 First NH Turnpike, Northwood, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432

Dover High School: Pane 16 of 21



	0" Floor Tiles and mastic 135 so ft	135 so. ft.	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	ADDRIT NIN COLL TOO			OLT.				
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	65 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	20 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Nurse's Storage Upper 9" FIG	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	150 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Third Floor								
Room 322 previously 9" Flo	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF		Materials were observed to have a few
listed as Room 325								chipped floor tiles present.
Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	9 observed	MNO	ONM	MNO	5	9	Material was not observed and may have
								been removed. Further review is
								recommended.
Room 334 previously Pipe	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
listed as Room 323 9" Flo	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 332 previously Pipe 1	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	रागर	
listed as Room 322 9" Flo	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
ily	Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	MNO	MNO	1	Material has been covered by carpet.
listed as Room 321 Pipe 1	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Room 320 previously 9" Flo	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
listed as Room 336 Pipe]	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
See notes on last page								

Dover High School: Pare 17 of 21

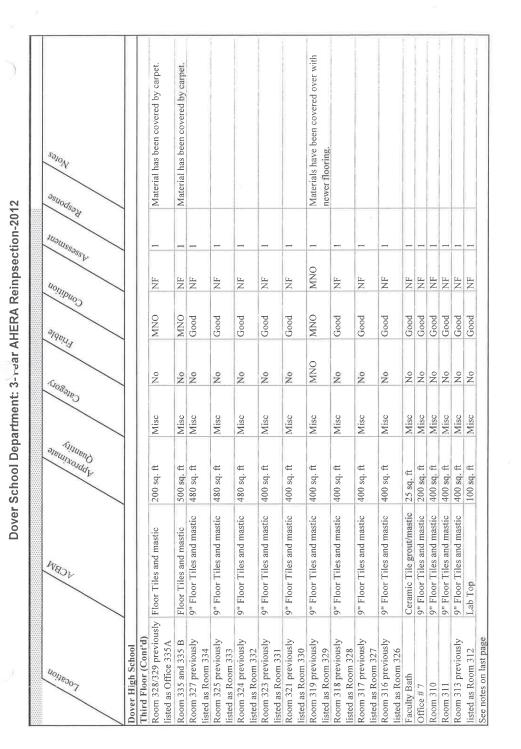
3

RPF Environmental, Inc.; 320 First NH Turnpike, Northwood, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432

143

4.1

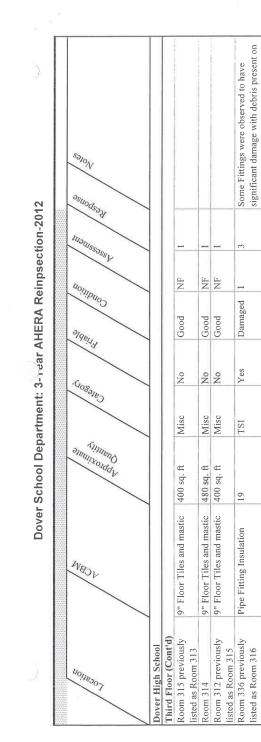
AHERA Report



od, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 320 First NH T RPF Env

ΗM

Раге 18 оf 21 High Dover



								top of ceiling and should be removed and area cleaned as soon as feasible.
Room 335 previously listed as Room 318	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 480 sq. ft	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	
Room 304 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	17 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
listed as Room 308	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 307	Pipe Fitting Insulation	20 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 309 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	800 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	1	Materials were observed to have a few
listed as Room 306								chipped floor tiles present.
Room 309 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
listed as Room 306								
Room 308 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	Patch floor tiles were present.
listed as Room 305								
Room 306 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 400 sq. ft	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	Patch floor tiles were present.
listed as Room 304								
Storage C& D	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	400 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 305 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	100 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
listed as Room 303	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	500 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
	Lab Top	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
See notes on last page	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	

Dover High School: Page 19 of 21

NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 RPF Fnv

145

4.1

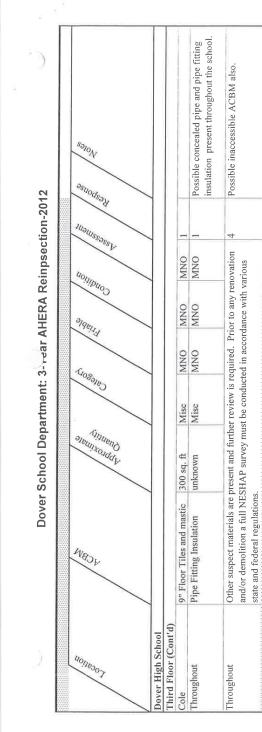
AHERA Report

λ	Dovei	Dover School Department: 3 ^{그, e} ar AHERA Reinpsection-2012	partmei	ıt: 3-heal	AHERA	Reinpse	ection-2	012
Location	VERV	Approximate		Calegoly	Fridble	Condition	JUJUISSOSSUUGUI	SJON NOICE
Dover High School								
Third Floor (Cont'd)								
Room 303 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
listed as Room 302	Lab Top	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF		
	Fume Hood	50 sq. ft	MISC	No	Good	NF	-	
Storage A	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	120 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	_	Normal wear observed
Koom 301	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	oN No	Good	NF		
	Lab Top	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good .	NF		
	Fume Hood	50 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF		
Storage Across from 302	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	100 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-1	
Room 326 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	120 sq. ft	Misc	No	Fair	NF	1	Normal wear observed
listed as Room 324	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Room 310	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2 observed	ISI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Room 331 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
isted as Room 320								
Room 333 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
isted as Room 319	Pipe Fitting Insulation	2 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Room 302 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
isted as Room 309	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
Math Office	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	1	
Services Rooms, Bath, and Hallway	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic							
Guidance	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	50 sq. ft	Misc	ONM	MNO	ONW	1	Materials have been covered over with carpet.
McKenna	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	300 sq. ft	Misc	ONM	MNO	ONM	1	Materials have been covered over with carpet.
Kushner	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	250 sq. ft	Misc	ONW	ONIM	ONM	1	Materials have been covered over with carpet.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	4 observed	TSI	Yes	Good	5	1	
See notes on last nage	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	480 sq. ft	Misc	No	Good	NF	-	

NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 RPF En

ΗM

Dover High School: Pane 20 of 21



Dover High School: Page 21 of 21 **Category:** MISC is miscellaneous material; TSI is thermal system insulation; SURF is surfacing material. Categorized in accordance with 40 CFR Part 763. **Assessment Codes** based on 40 CFR Part 763: 1. Damaged or significantly damaged thermal system insulation ACM; 2. Damaged friable surfacing ACM; 3. Significantly damaged friable surfacing ACM; 4. Damaged or significantly damaged thermal system insulation ACM; 5. ACBM with potential for damage; 6. ACBM with potential for damage; 7. Any remaining ACM. Plasse reference AHERA and the school management plan for discussion on assessment codes. **Response Codes**: 1. Manage ACBM in accordance with Management Plan; 2. Conduct repairs and cleaning; 3. Conduct removal and cleaning; 4. Material suspect and required to the school management plan for discussion on assessment codes. ood, NH 03261 *(603) 942-5432 ital, Inc.; 320 First NH Tur RPF Envir

147

4.1

AHERA Report

	0	14			
Dover High School		DATE	STATUS	DATE STATUS	
Ground/ First Floor					
Men's Room, off Kitchen	n Pipe Fitting Insulation	5/12	NC		
Cafeteria	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/2012	S 20 (L+1)0		N
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	1	1 replaced		Limited access to area above ceiling tiles.
		2/15	NC		Observations made from upper level
Teacher's Room/Office	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5/15	VIV		Above ceiling tile and/or of coiling local
Custodial Closet by	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	- 1 -			
Teacher's Room	1011 1011 1010 1010	8/15	NC		
C11 moox	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NC		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	NIC		Above ceiling tile and/or at ceiling level
Room 116	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NC		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	NN		Above ceiling tile and/or at ceiling level
Hall from Cafeteria	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	8/15	VIV		
Room 137B, Art	12" Floor Tiles and mastic				Newer moterials should have MODO
Classroom, formerly					information and confirmation (NSU)
Mechanical Tool					performed. ACBM may be beneath newer
Liassroom Laundar		2/12	NC.		flooring
	Ceramic 1 ile grout/mastic	5/15	NC		
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	8/15	NC		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	NIC		
Women's Bath by Laundry	Pipe Fitting Insulation				Some fittings were observed to have some
a.		alle	114		slight damaged material and should be
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic a(1,2	alir	22V		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	COLUMN 1 IIC STOUNTHASHO	5/15	NC		

ings were observed to have so maged material and should be Some fitti slight dam repaired a DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIX MONTH REINSPECTION STATUS DATE STATUS 9/15/14 DATE S 015
 Dover High School

 Ground/ First Floor (Cont'd)

 Men's Bath by Laundry
 Pipe Fitting Insulation

rved above

soon as of fittings

as s

J

Ceramic Tile g Pipe Fitting In

Food Prep

Majority

ceiling tile and have significant damaged	materials and water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and surfaces	cleaned.	Majority of insulation was observed above ceiling tile and have significant damaged	materials and water damage with debris	observed. Should be removed and surfaces cleaned.	
	A LC	NC			NC	NC
	8/15	c 8/15		3/15		5/12
	a	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	Pipe Insulation			Ceramic 111e grout/mastic
						See noted on last name

4.1 AHERA Report

	DOV	ER HIGH	DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIX MONTH REINSPECTION	ONTH REINS	SPECTION	
	27	חוצווט		-	-	
Dover High School	2	Lula				
Ground/First Floor (Cont'd)	t'd)	DATE	STATUS	DATE	STATUS	
Food Service and Dish Wash A&B	Pipe Insulation	3/12	2			Majority of fittings were observed above ceiling tile and have significant damaged materials and water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and surfaces
a	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	3/15	NC			cleaned.
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/12	MC			Majority of insulation was were observed above ceiling tile and has significant damaged materials and water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and
Kitchen Area	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	۲ ۲			Isurfaces cleaned. Majority of insulation was observed above ceiling tile and has significant damaged materials and water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and surfaces
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	18/3013	150 Saft Goloren	ev.		cleaned.
Loading Dock	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/15	1			Majority of insulation was observed above ceiling tile and has significant damaged materials and water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and surfaces
Women's Bath by Custodian closer	Pipe Fitting Insulation Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	Blis	A.C.			cicaned.
Men's Bath by Custodial and Wood Shop	Pipe Fitting Insulation Ceramic Tile grout/mastic		NC			
See notes on last page		- 11	5			

9 of 21 L. :10 ver High Scho

1	DOVI	ER HIG	I SCHOOL SI, M	DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SL_JONTH REINSPECTION	Z
Dover High School	ţ0	8/15/14			
Ground/First Floor (Cont'd)	t'd)	Date	STATUS	DATE STATUS	
Wood Shop; 139	Pipe Fitting Insulation	elis	JIV		
Service 001 by Art	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	8/15			be repaired as soon as feasible. Approximately 5 sq. ft of missing/damaged ceramic tile grout was observed.
vice Closet by Wood	Service Closet by Wood Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/15	> 1 4		

1212 Strive			See notes on last page
Ceiling level	2	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	
	NiC	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 8/15	Room 124: Drafting
0	N.C.	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8/15	
Ceiling level	02	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8//5	Room 121: Cosmetology
Ceiling level	NC	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	
Ceiling level	NC	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	A
	ZC	8/12	6
Collication 1000		Pipe Fitting Insulation	Loading Dock Auto Shop
Ceiling level	114	Pipe Fitting Insulation ///5	
ACBM may be present beneath newer tile.	NC	8/12	
confirmations testing performed. Older			
Newer tiles should have MSDS and			
	JZ	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	D.000 141
AUBIM may be present beneath newer tile.	NC	6/12	34
confirmations testing performed. Older			
Newer tiles should have MSDS and		12" Floor Tiles and mastic	K00m 140
	NC	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8/5	from Auto Tech
	2C		Bath By elevator across
	N.C.	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8/15	Shop Entry
	DC -	Cile runng moundinon 8/16	Service Closet by Wood

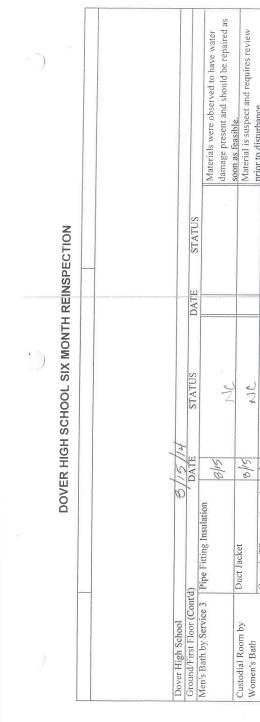
4.1 AHERA Report

Dover High School Ground/First Floor (Cont'd) Room 132; Voc. Assessment						
	bC D	115/12				
Voc.		DATE / /	STATUS	DATE S	STATUS	
	isulation	8/15				Insulation was observed above ceiling tile and has significant damaged materials and
			NC			Water damage with debris observed. Should be removed and surfaces cleaned.
Room 133; Electrical Pipe Fitting Insulation Trades	isulation	8/15	272			
Corridor 9" Floor Tiles and mastic	and mastic)			Materials were observed to have normal
		8/15	NN			wear and slight lifting observed. Some
Room 136 12" Floor Tiles and mastic	s and mastic		-	-		Patch tiles. Newer tiles should have MSDS and
		2 1				confirmation testing performed. Older
		2/10	NV.			ACBM may be present beneath newer tile.
Pipe Fitting Insulation	1 1	8/15	NC			Ceiling level
		8/15	NC			
	s and mastic	8/15	NC			Material covered by carpet.
Custodial Department 9" Floor Tiles and mastic	stic	8/15	NC			Material was not located and further review
Team Room # 3 Boy's Pipe Fitting Insulation		Sila	VIV			Is required. Ceiling Level
Women's Bath, Foyer by Pipe Fitting Insulation		11	12			Ceiling Level. Material was observed to
Boy's Locker Room		8/12	~ 1 ~			have water damage and should be repaired
Ceramic Tile grout/mastic		5/6	NC			as soon as feasible.



ΗM

Dover High School: Paae 11 of 21



4.1 AHERA Report

The second secon		_))))	and a state of the
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	8/15	A.F.	prior to disturbance.
ESL; 117 (A&B)	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	214	
Service 3	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	JIV	
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	51/6	22	
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	242		Material was not located and further review
		Sila	NC	
Men's Bath by Service 3	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/2	NC	is required.
	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	3/15	N.C.	
Women's Bath By Service		3/15	NC	
Room 3	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/15	NC	
Marketing: Rooms 134	9" Floor Tiles and mastic			Matarial mon and alarment 1
&134B		S//2	JIN	heen covered over with cornet
	12" Floor Tiles and mastic) > -	and and will carpen.
				Newer materials should have MSDS
		3/15		information and confirmation testing
			20	performed. ACBM may be beneath newer
	Dine Fitting Insulation		7	flooring
	Fipe Fitting insulation	-		Material was not located and further review
		8/15		is required. Piping in this area covered by
			20	fiberglass and black foam insulation.
Rooms 135 A&B	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	114	Material was not observed and may have
See notes on last page))2	Ucell covered over with carpet.
			0	Davised High Rolf and The Con-

DATE STATUS Material has been covered by carpet. Normal wear observed. Some fittings were observed. Some fittings were observed. Some fitting tile. Mormal wear observed. Some fitting tile.
STATUS

VSPECTION
JONTH REIN
H SCHOOL SI
DOVER HIGH

)				Normal West showing	1111a1 WCal 00561 VGU				
PECTION			STATUS				STATIC	COTVIC	
ONTH REINSI			DATE				DATE		
DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIA , IONTH REINSPECTION		-	STATUS	24		20	STATUS	NIC.	127
DOVER HIGH		5/15/14	DATE	ind mastic B/15	nd mastic 8//5	out/mastic 2//5	DATE	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 8//<	nd mastic
	5 P		(ont'd)	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	onic 9" Floor Tiles a	oom Ceramic Tile gr		9" Floor Tiles a	9" Floor Tiles and mastic
2		Dover High School	Ground/First Floor (Cont'd)	Fonic Room	Practice Room by Tonic 9" Floor Tiles and mastic	Stairwell off Music Room Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 9/15	Second Floor	Room 202	Health

te	&	Bui	lding	Assessment

Health	9" Floor Tiles and mastic			N (-
		3/12		Materials We	Materials were not observed newer
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/10	NC	carben 1001	carpention mes were observed.
Nurse	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	11	24		
		3/15	NC	Materials we	Materials were not observed newer carnet/floor files were observed
Room 201	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	AVF AVF		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/15	NC		
Room 202	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NC		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5/15	A.V		
Room 203	9" Floor Tiles and mastic			N 4244	-
		8/15			ivialerials were not observed newer carnet/floor tiles were observed
	Dina Litting Inculation		MI		
	the the time time to the t			Some fittings	Some fittings were observed to have
				damaged mai	damaged materials with debris present on
		8/15	2 2 A	top of ceiling	top of ceiling tile. Remove material and
aundry	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	3115	200	clean area as	clean area as soon as feasible.
Room 204	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/16	200		
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	6/15	NE		
Display	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	B/rS	210		
See notes on last page	0				

/er High So

7

ړ۷۰

4.1 AHERA Report

	4				
	8/15/14				
Dover High School	1.1.10				
Second Floor (Cont'd)	DATE	STATUS	DATE	STATUS	
Room 205	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 3/15	NC		F	
	Pipe Fitting Insulation				Some fittings were observed to have
	8/15				damaged materials with debris present
	÷				on top of ceiling tile. Remove material
Room 206	02 Eloor Tilos and mostin 2 /	NC			and clean area as soon as feasible.
001100	7 FIGOR THES AND MASUC D//S	NC			
Koom 208 previously	2	NC			
IISted as KOOM 20/	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	NC			
Room 210 previously	9" Floor Liles and mastic	3			
Doc: 707/200	Cilo 1	NC	_		
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	9 Floor Jiles and mastic	N C			
Ilsted as KOOIII 209 and	-	NC			
K00m 211	2	NC			
		NIC			
Room 212,213, and 215	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	A			
previously listed as Room 212, 213 and 214		NC			(*) 2
Room 217 previously	0.1	NC			
CI2 MOOM 212	Pipe Fitting Insulation				Possibly spot removal conducted,
	8/12	110			removal records were not available for
Room 219 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation ,	22			review at the time of the survey.
listed as room 216	3/,9				Intaterials were not observed and may
		JIV.			available at the time of the survey.
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 8/15	NIC			a second the second sec
Room 218 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 3/15	NC			
listed as Room 221	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	NE			
See notes on last page					

*(603) 94P-5432

ΗM

Dover High School: Page 15 of 21

			-				_	
					Some fittings were observed to have	damaged materials with debris present on top of ceiling tile. Remove material and	clean area as soon as feasible.	Matterial.
DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIX MONTH REINSPECTION	4			ZK.			NC	
DOVER HIGH	elis/14			9" Floor Tiles and mastic ∂//5	Pipe Fitting Insulation	Blis	Off Elson Tribert	9" Floor Liles and mastic a /
j		Dover High School	Second Floor (Cont'd)	Room 220 previously	listed as Room 217			Room 222 previously

4.1

AHERA Report

Materials were observed to have chips and dents present.	Some Fittings were observed to have	significant damage with debris present on	top of ceiling and should be removed and																			Dover High School: Pc 6 of 21)
NC			NC			NC	NC									21.4			214	3		0	2
Bins Fitting Louisian	ripe ritung insulation	8/12		Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8//5	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 01.	Sila	9" Floor Tiles and mastic 8/15		Pipe Fitting Insulation 8//5	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8//5	Pipe Fitting Insulation 8/15	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 2/45		stic		Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 3/15		Ceramic Tile grout/mastic 8/15	Pipe Fitting Insulation 2/15				
listed as Room 219				Boy's Bath by Service G	Room 221 previously	listed as Room 218	Room 219 previously	listed as Room 216	Women's Staff bath by	213	Girl's/Boy's Bath		Hall 211-219		Hall 205-208		Hall Principals to 204			See notes on last page			

				•		
	d	8 11-114				
Dover High School						
Second Floor (Cont'd)		DATE	STATUS	DATE	STATUS	
Administration	9" Floor Tiles and mastic Pine Fitting Insulation	8/15 D1:1	NC.			
English Dept.	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	2/12	N.V.			
Library	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	22			
Men's/Women's Bath	Ceramic Tile grout/mastic	51/8	NC			
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/12	NC			
Audio Visual	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NV.			
Lighting Stage	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	6	NC			
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/12	NC			
Nurse's Storage Upper	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	51/9	NV			
	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	NC			
Third Floor		DATE	STATUS	DATE	STATUS	
Room 322 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	3/10				Materials were observed to have a few
CZC IIIOON CP DO	Pine Fitting Insulation	6.1	NC			chipped floor tiles present.
		alie	~1*			Material was not observed and may have been removed. Further review is
Room 334 nreviously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/1C	20			recommended.
listed as Room 323	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	2/10	NC			
Room 332 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	5/10	14			
listed as Room 322	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	3/15	J.W			
Room 330 previously	Floor Tiles and mastic	5/15	NIC VIC			Material has been convered by cornet
listed as Room 321	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	N C			sector and sector covered by carpet.
Room 320 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NN NN			
listed as Room 336	Pipe Fitting Insulation	3/15	11/2			
See notes on last nage			200			

Material has been covered by carpet. Material has been covered by carpet DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIX MONTH REINSPECTION STATUS DATE STATUS 22 NC 8/15/14 DATE 0/15 8/15 8/16 Floor Tiles and mastic 9" Floor Tiles and mastic 9" Floor Tiles and mastic usly Floor Tiles and mastic Dover High School Third Floor (Cont^{*}d) Room 328/329 previous listed as Office 335 A Room 335 and 335 B Room 327 previously listed as Room 334 Room 325 previously

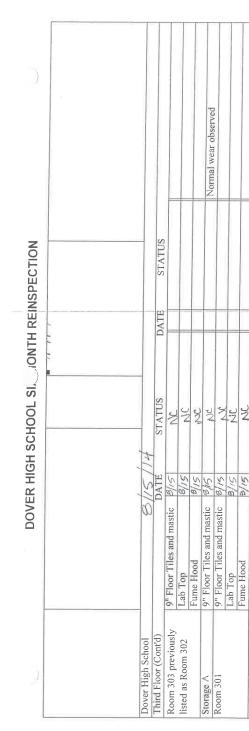
Dover High School: P 17 of 21

4.1

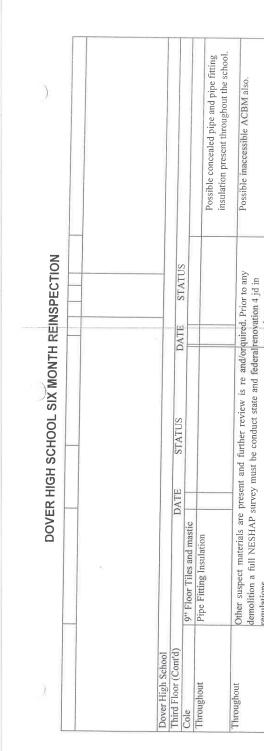
AHERA Report

	DOVE	R HIG	DOVER HIGH SCHOOL SIX MONTH REINSPECTION	ONTH REINS	SPECTION	
	0	0/15/14		1		
Dover High School						
Third Floor (Cont'd)	I	DATE	STATUS	DATE	STATUS	
Room 315 previously listed as Room 313	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	3/12	2			
Room 314	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	2/10	72			
Room 312 previously listed as Room 315	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	sila				
Room 336 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation		-			
listed as Room 316			Z			Some Fittings were observed to have significant damage with debris present on top of ceiling and should be removed and
Room 335 meriously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic		1			atea cleaned as soon as teasible.
listed as Room 318		8/12	NC			
Room 304 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	B/15	JN			
listed as Room 308	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	Blis	VIL			
om 307	Pipe Fitting Insulation	8/15	NIC			
	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	8/15	NC			
Room 309 previously listed as Room 306	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	elis	VIV			Materials were observed to have a few
Room 309 previously	Pipe Fitting Insulation	0/10	2			chipped floor tiles present.
Room 308 marianely	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	61/0	NC			
listed as Room 305		2/15	N.			Patch floor tiles were present.
Room 306 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	Blic	2 2 2			Patch floor tiles were present.
Storage C& D	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	290	22			
Room 305 previously	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	2112	NC			
listed as Room 303	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	2/12	VIV			
	Lab Top	8/15	VIV			
See notes on last page	9" Floor Tiles and mastic	5/19	2.0			
) -		1212	2			

Dover High School: Page 19 of 21



4.1 AHERA Report









accordance with various	ordance with 40 CFR Part 763.	Assessment Codes based on 40 CFR Part 763: 1. Damaged or significantly damaged thermal system insulation ACM; 2. Damaged friable surfacing ACM; 3. Significantly damaged friable surfacing ACM; 4. Damaged or significantly damaged friable miscellaneous ACM; 5. ACBM with potential for damage; 6. ACBM with potential for significant damage; 7. Any remaining ACM. Please reference AHERA and the school management plan for discussion on assessment codes.	Response Codes: 1. Manage ACBM in accordance with Management Plan; 2. Conduct repairs and cleaning; 3. Conduct removal and cleaning; 4. Material suspect and requires further testing; 5. ACBM has been removed and may be removed from listings; 6. ACBM was not observed and further review is required. See further discussion and requires requirements in report.		Dover High School: F 21 of 21
	m insulation; SURF is	gnificantly damaged thermal system umaged friable miscellaneous ACM; HERA and the school management _I	ment Plan; 2. Conduct repairs and cl d from listings; 6. ACBM was not of		-)
regulations.	Category: MISC is miscellaneous material; TSI is thermal system insulation; SURF is	m 40 CFR Part 763: 1. Damaged or si ACM; 4. Damaged or significantly da remaining ACM. Please reference A.	e ACBM in accordance with Manage as been removed and may be remove		
-	Category: MISC is miscell:	Assessment Codes based o damaged friable surfacing . significant damage; 7. Any	Response Codes: 1. Manage ACBM in further testing; 5. ACBM has been remo requirements in report.		÷

163

4.1

AHERA Report

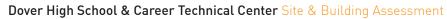
REPORT FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SURVEY AT THE HIGH SCHOOL AND VOCATIONAL CAREER AND TECHNICAL SCHOOL DOVER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

PROJECT NO: 215 020.00

Survey Dates: January 16-22, 2015

CONDUCTED BY:

UNIVERSAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702





4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey



February 10, 2015

Mr. Robert Williams HMFH Architects 130 Bishop Allen Drive Cambridge, MA 02139

Report for Hazardous Materials Inspection Services at the Dover High School and Vocational Career Technical School, Dover, New Hampshire Reference:

Dear Mr. Williams:

Thank you for the opportunity for Universal Environmental Consultants (UEC) to provide professional services.

Enclosed please find the report for Hazardous Materials Identification Survey at the High School and Vocational Career Technical School, Dover, New Hampshire.

The inspection was performed by an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) accredited and New Hampshire licensed asbestos inspector Mr. Jason Becotte (AI-000372).

Please do not hesitate to call should you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Universal Environmental Consultants

Ammar M. Dieb President

UEC:\215 020\REPORT.DOC

Enclosure

1.0 INTRODUCTION:

Universal Environmental Consultants (UEC) has been providing comprehensive asbestos services since 2001 and has completed projects throughout New England. We have completed projects for a variety of clients including commercial, industrial, municipal, and public and private schools. We maintain appropriate asbestos licenses and staff with a minimum of twenty years of experience.

UEC was contracted by HMFH Architects to conduct the following services at the High School and Vocational Career Technical School, Dover, New Hampshire:

- Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) inspection and sampling;
- PCB's Caulking inspection and sampling;
- Lead Based Paint inspection; • Underground Oil Tanks review.

The scope of work included the inspection of accessible ACM, collection of bulk samples from materials suspected to contain asbestos, determination and quantities of types of ACM found and cost estimates for remediation. A comprehensive survey per the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) NESHAP regulation would be required prior to any renovation or demolition activities.

Bulk samples analyses for asbestos were performed using the standard Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) Method in accordance with EPA standard. Bulk samples were collected by a New Hampshire licensed asbestos inspector Mr. Jason Becotte (AI-000372) and analyzed by a New Hampshire licensed laboratory EMSL, Woburn, MA.

PCB's bulk samples were analyzed by an EMSL, Cinnaminson, NJ in accordance with EPA 3540C/8082 method.

Samples results are attached.

2.0 FINDINGS:

Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM):

The regulations for asbestos inspection are based on representative sampling. It would be impractical and costly to sample all materials in all areas. Therefore, representative samples of each homogenous area were collected and analyzed or assumed.

All suspect materials were grouped into homogenous areas. By definition a homogenous area is one in which the materials are evenly mixed and similar in appearance and texture throughout. A homogeneous area shall be determined to contain asbestos based on findings that the results of at least one sample collected from that area shows that asbestos is present in an amount greater than 1 percent in accordance with EPA regulations. No additional suspect and accessible ACM were found during this survey. However, hidden ACM may be found during the renovation and demolition activities.

Number of Samples Collected:

Interior of school:

One hundred and thirty one (131) bulk samples were collected from materials suspected of containing asbestos, including:

Type and Location of Suspect Material

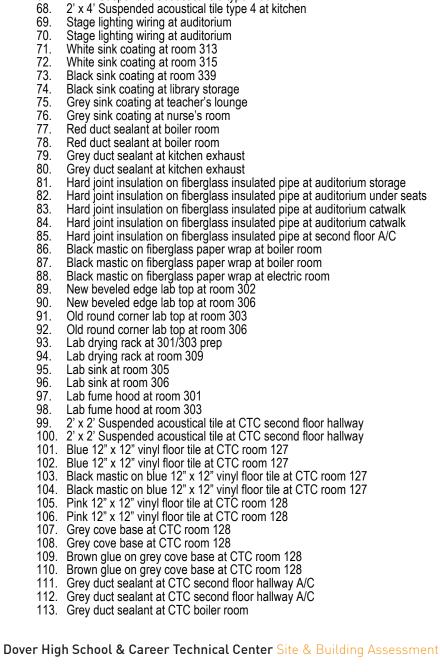
1. Wall skim coat at room 117



Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

• Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)-Electrical Equipment and Light Fixtures inspection;

2. Wall skim coat at second floor hallway 3. Wall skim coat at room 222 Wall skim coat at room 303 4. 5. Wall skim coat at room 308 6. Wall skim coat at room 311 Wall skim coat at room 313 7. 8. Joint compound at room 328 9. Joint compound at room 328 10. Wall caulking at room 137A column block 11. Wall caulking at room 137A column block 12. Wall board above lockers at second floor hallway Wall board above lockers at third floor hallway 13. 14. White window sill at room 311 15. White window sill at room 324 16. Ceramic wall tile glue at boy's locker room 17. Ceramic wall tile glue at boy's locker room Ceramic wall tile glue at kitchen 18. 19. Ceramic wall tile glue at kitchen 20. Ceramic cove base glue at third floor hallway 21. Ceramic floor tile glue at first floor hallway 22. Ceramic wall tile glue at third floor hallway small squares Black interior window glazing caulking at auto shop Black interior window glazing caulking at room 329 23. 24. 25. 26. Black interior window glazing caulking at room 329 Old hard interior window glazing caulking at cafeteria hallway 27. Old hard interior window glazing caulking at first floor hallway 28. 29. Old hard interior window glazing caulking at second floor hallway Door glass glazing caulking at room 311 30. 31. Door glass glazing caulking at room 323 Black paper between wood at gymnasium floor Black paper between wood at gymnasium floor 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. Tar paper under wood at gymnasium floor on cement Tar paper under wood at gymnasium floor on cement Beige cove base at room 311 Beige cove base at room 319 Brown glue at beige cove base at room 311 Brown glue at beige cove base at room 319 39. Grey cove base at room 327 40. Brown glue on grey cove base at room 327 Green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 Green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 319 41. 42. 43. Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 44. Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 319 45. Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 323 Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 327 46. 47. 48. Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 49. Black mastic on green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 50. Black mastic on tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 51. Black mastic on tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 52. Black mastic on grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 323 53. 54. Black mastic on grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 White 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 136B 55. White 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 136B White/blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 121 56. 57. White/blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 121



58. 59.

60.

61.

62.

63.

64.

65.

66.

67.

Ĭ

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

White/black 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 137 White/black 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 137 2' x 4' suspended acoustical tile type 1 at room 303 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 1 at room 316 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at nurse's room 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at room 328 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at room 329 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 3 at auditorium 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 3 at auditorium 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 4 at kitchen

- 114. Grey duct sealant at CTC boiler room
- 115. Wall caulking block-block at CTC room 144
- 116. Wall caulking block-block at CTC room 143
- 117. Joint compound at CTC room 230
- 118. Joint compound at CTC office
- 119. Black interior window glazing at CTC room 230
- 120. Black interior window glazing at CTC office
- 120. Black interior window glazing at CTC once
 121. Black door glass glazing on block at CTC room 125
 122. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 5 at 2003 addition in hallway
 123. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 5 at 2003 addition in hallway
 124. Wall caulking block-block at 2003 addition in first floor hallway
 125. Wall caulking block-block at 2003 addition in stairwell
 126. Tan 40" wind floor floor addition at 2002 addition in block

- 126. Tan 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in hallway
 127. Tan 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in custodian storage
- 128. Green 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in hallway
- 129. Green 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in custodian storage
- 130. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in stairwell
- 131. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in stairwell

Sample Results:

Type and Location of Suspect Material

Sample Result

1.	Wall skim coat at room 117	No Asbestos Detected
2.	Wall skim coat at second floor hallway	No Asbestos Detected
3.	Wall skim coat at room 222	No Asbestos Detected
4.	Wall skim coat at room 303	No Asbestos Detected
5.	Wall skim coat at room 308	No Asbestos Detected
6.	Wall skim coat at room 311	No Asbestos Detected
7.	Wall skim coat at room 313	No Asbestos Detected
8.	Joint compound at room 328	No Asbestos Detected
9.	Joint compound at room 328	No Asbestos Detected
10.	Wall caulking at room 137A column block	No Asbestos Detected
11.	Wall caulking at room 137A column block	No Asbestos Detected
12.	Wall board above lockers at second floor hallway	No Asbestos Detected
13.	Wall board above lockers at third floor hallway	No Asbestos Detected
14.	White window sill at room 311	10% Asbestos
15.	White window sill at room 324	10% Asbestos
16.	Ceramic wall tile glue at boy's locker room	5% Asbestos
17.	Ceramic wall tile glue at boy's locker room	5% Asbestos
18.	Ceramic wall tile glue at kitchen	No Asbestos Detected
19.	Ceramic wall tile glue at kitchen	No Asbestos Detected
20.	Ceramic cove base glue at third floor hallway	5% Asbestos
21.	Ceramic floor tile glue at first floor hallway	5% Asbestos
22.	Ceramic wall tile glue at third floor hallway small squares	5% Asbestos
23.	Black interior window glazing caulking at auto shop	7% Asbestos
24.	Black interior window glazing caulking at room 329	No Asbestos Detected
25.	Black interior window glazing caulking at room 329	7% Asbestos
26.	Old hard interior window glazing caulking at cafeteria hallway	2% Asbestos
27.	Old hard interior window glazing caulking at first floor hallway	2% Asbestos
28.	Old hard interior window glazing caulking at second floor hallway	2% Asbestos
29.	Door glass glazing caulking at room 311	No Asbestos Detected
30.	Door glass glazing caulking at room 323	3% Asbestos
31.	Black paper between wood at gymnasium floor	No Asbestos Detected
32.	Black paper between wood at gymnasium floor	No Asbestos Detected
33.	Tar paper under wood at gymnasium floor on cement	No Asbestos Detected

34. Tar paper under wood at gymnasium floor on cement 35. Beige cove base at room 311 36. Beige cove base at room 319 37. 38. Brown glue at beige cove base at room 311 Brown glue at beige cove base at room 319 39. Grey cove base at room 327 Brown glue on grey cove base at room 327 Green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 Green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 319 40 41. 42. 43. Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 319 Tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 323 Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 323 Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 327 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. Grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 Black mastic on green 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 49. Black mastic on tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 303 Black mastic on tan 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 213 50. 51. 52. Black mastic on grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 323 Black mastic on grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 1223 Black mastic on grey 9" x 9" vinyl floor tile at room 136B White 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 136B White 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 136B White/blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 121 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. White/blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 121 58. 59. White/black 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 137 White/black 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at room 137 60. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 1 at room 303 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 1 at room 316 61. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at nurse's room 62. 63. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at room 328 64. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 2 at room 329 65. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 3 at auditorium 66. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 3 at auditorium 67. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 4 at kitchen 68. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 4 at kitchen Stage lighting wiring at auditorium Stage lighting wiring at auditorium 69. 70. 71. White sink coating at room 313 72. White sink coating at room 315 73. 74. Black sink coating at room 339 Black sink coating at library storage 75. Grey sink coating at teacher's lounge 76. Grey sink coating at nurse's room 77. Red duct sealant at boiler room 78. Red duct sealant at boiler room 79. Grey duct sealant at kitchen exhaust 80. Grey duct sealant at kitchen exhaust 81. Hard joint insulation on fiberglass insulated pipe at auditorium storage Hard joint insulation on fiberglass insulated pipe at auditorium under seats 82. 83. Hard joint insulation on fiberglass insulated pipe at auditorium cat walk 84. Hard joint insulation on fiberglass insulated pipe at auditorium cat walk 85. 86. Hard joint insulation on fiberglass insulated pipe at second floor A/C Black mastic on fiberglass paper wrap at boiler room 87. Black mastic on fiberglass paper wrap at boiler room 88. Black mastic on fiberglass paper wrap at electric room 89. New beveled edge lab top at room 302

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected S% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 10% Asbestos 10% Asbestos 10% Asbestos 10% Asbestos
No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected
No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected
No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected 70% Asbestos 70% Asbestos
No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected 5% Asbestos 5% Asbestos
No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected

New beveled edge lab top at room 306 Old round corner lab top at room 303 90 91. 92. Old round corner lab top at room 306 93. Lab drying rack at 301/303 prep 94. Lab drying rack at room 309 95. Lab sink at room 305 96. Lab sink at room 306 97. Lab fume hood at room 301 98. Lab fume hood at room 303 99. 2' x 2' Suspended acoustical tile at CTC second floor hallway 100. 2' x 2' Suspended acoustical tile at CTC second floor hallway 101. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at CTC room 127 102. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at CTC room 127 103. Black mastic on blue $12^{\circ} \times 12^{\circ}$ vinyl floor tile at CTC room 127 104. Black mastic on blue $12^{\circ} \times 12^{\circ}$ vinyl floor tile at CTC room 127 105. Pink 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at CTC room 128 106. Pink 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at CTC room 128 107. Grey cove base at CTC room 128 108. Grey cove base at CTC room 128 109. Brown glue on grey cove base at CTC room 128 Brown glue on grey cove base at CTC room 128
Grey duct sealant at CTC second floor hallway A/C 112. Grey duct sealant at CTC second floor hallway A/C
113. Grey duct sealant at CTC boiler room 114. Grey duct sealant at CTC boiler room 114. Gley duct sealant at CFC boller form
115. Wall caulking block-block at CTC room 144
116. Wall caulking block-block at CTC room 143
117. Joint compound at CTC room 230 118. Joint compound at CTC office Black interior window glazing at CTC room 230
 Black interior window glazing at CTC office
 Black door glass glazing on block at CTC room 125 122. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 5 at 2003 addition in hallway 123. 2' x 4' Suspended acoustical tile type 5 at 2003 addition in hallway
124. Wall caulking block-block at 2003 addition in first floor hallway 124. Wall caulking block-block at 2003 addition in first hoof narway
125. Wall caulking block-block at 2003 addition in stairwell
126. Tan 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in hallway
127. Tan 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in custodian storage 128. Green 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in hallway 129. Green 12" x 12" vinýl floor tile at 2003 addition in custodian storage 130. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in stairwell

131. Blue 12" x 12" vinyl floor tile at 2003 addition in stairwell

Exterior of School:

Number of Samples Collected:

Thirty one (31) bulk samples were collected from materials suspected of containing asbestos, including:

Type and Location of Suspect Material

- Expansion joint caulking at 1966 by gymnasium XJ3 Door frame caulking at 1966 door #9 of auditorium
- 2
- Door frame caulking at 1966 door #18 of boiler room 3.
- Door frame caulking at 1966 door #13 of weight room 4
- 5. Door glass glazing at 1966 door #13 of weight room

No Asbestos Detected 15% Asbestos 15% Asbestos 15% Asbestos 15% Asbestos No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected 20% Asbestos 20% Asbestos No Asbestos Detected 7% Asbestos 7% Asbestos 7% Asbestos No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected

Window-wall interior aluminum trim at 1966 room 222 Window-wall interior old frame caulking at 1966 room 208 Window-wall interior old frame caulking at 1966 room 202 Window-wall interior old frame caulking at 1966 room 222 Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 windows of boiler room Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 window 6 boy's locker room Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 weight room Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ1 Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ2 Window frame caulking at CTC window 1 room 127 Window frame caulking at CTC window 2 room 144 Greenhouse frame caulking at CTC greenhouse Greenhouse glass glazing at CTC greenhouse Door frame caulking at CTC door 23 Door frame caulking at CTC door 24 Door frame caulking at CTC door 30 Black paper at CTC wall cut #1 Expansion joint caulking at 2003 addition XJ4 Door frame caulking at 2003 addition door 5 Window frame caulking at 2003 addition window 3 room 13 Window frame caulking at 2003 window 4 room 11 Window glass glazing at 2003 addition window 3 room 13 Window glass glazing at 2003 addition window 4 room 11 Black damproofing at 2003 addition cut #9 Black damproofing at 2003 addition cut #10 Sample Results: Type and Location of Suspect Material Expansion joint caulking at 1966 by gymnasium XJ3 Door frame caulking at 1966 door #9 of auditorium Door frame caulking at 1966 door #18 of boiler room Door frame caulking at 1966 door #13 of weight room Door glass glazing at 1966 door #13 of weight room Window-wall interior aluminum trim at 1966 room 208 Window-wall interior aluminum trim at 1966 room 222 Window-wall interior old frame caulking at 1966 room 208 Window-wall interior old frame caulking at 1966 room 222 Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 windows of boiler room Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 windows of boiler room Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 window 6 boy's locker room Old aluminum window glazing at 1966 weight room Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ1

Window-wall interior aluminum trim at 1966 room 208

6.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21. 22.

23.

24.

25. 26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

4

- 2.
- 3.
- 5.
- 6
- 9
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14. Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ2
- 15. Window frame caulking at CTC window 1 room 127 16.
- 17. Window frame caulking at CTC window 2 room 144
- 18. Greenhouse frame caulking at CTC greenhouse
- Greenhouse glass glazing at CTC greenhouse Door frame caulking at CTC door 23 19.
- 20.
- Door frame caulking at CTC door 24 Door frame caulking at CTC door 30 21.
- 22.
- 23. Black paper at CTC wall cut #1
- 24. Expansion joint caulking at 2003 addition XJ4 Door frame caulking at 2003 addition door 5 25.



Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

Sample Result

No Asbestos Detected 4% Asbestos 4% Asbestos 5% Asbestos 3% Asbestos <1% Asbestos 2% Asbestos 4% Asbestos No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected

Window frame caulking at 2003 addition window 3 room 13 26.

Window frame caulking at 2003 window 4 room 11 27.

- Window glass glazing at 2003 addition window 3 room 13 28.
- Window glass glazing at 2003 addition window 4 room 11 29.
- Black damproofing at 2003 addition cut #9 30.
- 31. Black damproofing at 2003 addition cut #10

Observations:

- 1. White window sill was found to contain asbestos.
- 2. Ceramic wall tile glue was found to contain asbestos.
- 3. Ceramic cove base glue was found to contain asbestos.
- Ceramic floor tile glue was found to contain asbestos. 4
- Ceramic wall tiles (small squares) were found to contain asbestos. 5.
- Black interior window glazing caulking was found to contain asbestos. 6.
- Various types of 9" x 9" vinyl floor tiles and mastic were found to contain asbestos. 7
- Auditorium stage light wiring insulation was found to contain asbestos. 8.
- Black sink coating was found to contain asbestos.
- 10. Old round corner lab tops were found to contain asbestos.
- 11. Lab drying racks were found to contain asbestos.
- 12. Lab fume hoods were found to contain asbestos.
- 13. Black door glass glazing caulking was found to contain asbestos.
- 14. Window-wall interior aluminum trim was found to contain asbestos. It appears most windows were replaced however, old caulking and original aluminum trim still exit on the interior of the window wall system.
- 15. Window-wall interior old frame caulking was found to contain asbestos.
- 16. Old aluminum window frame caulking was found to contain asbestos.
- 17. Glue holding blackboard was assumed to contain asbestos.
- 18. Flexible connectors were assumed to contain asbestos.
- 19. Glue inside walk-in coolers was assumed to contain asbestos.
- 20. Roofing material was assumed to contain asbestos.
- Sewer pipes were assumed to contain asbestos (transite).
 All other suspect materials were found not to contain asbestos. Hidden ACM may be found during renovation and demolition activities.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)-Electrical Equipment and Light Fixtures:

Observations and Conclusions

Visual inspection of various equipments such as light fixtures, thermostats, exit signs and switches was performed for the presence of PCB's and mercury. Ballasts in light fixtures were assumed not to contain PCB's since there were labels indicating that "No PCB's" was found. Tubes in light fixtures, thermostats, signs and switches were assumed to contain mercury. It would be very costly to test those equipments and dismantling would be required to access. Therefore, the above mentioned equipments should be disposed in an EPA approved landfill as part of the demolition project.

Lead Based Paint:

Observations and Conclusions

LBP was assumed to exit on painted surfaces. A school is not considered a regulated facility. All LBP activities performed, including waste disposal, should be in accordance with applicable Federal, State, or local laws, ordinances. codes or regulations governing evaluation and hazard reduction. In the event of discrepancies, the most protective requirements prevail. These requirements can be found in OSHA 29 CFR 1926-Construction Industry Standards, 29 CFR 1926.62-Construction Industry Lead Standards, 29 CFR 1910.1200-Hazards Communication, 40 CFR 261-EPA Regulations. According to OSHA, any amount of LBP triggers compliance.

No Asbestos Detected No Asbestos Detected

PCB's in Caulking:

PCB's are manmade chemicals that were widely produced and distributed across the country from the 1950s to 1977 until the production of PCB's was banned by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) law which became effective in 1978. PCB's are a class of chemicals made up of more than 200 different compounds. PCB's are nonflammable, stable, and good insulators so they were widely used in a variety of products including: electrical transformers and capacitors, cable and wire coverings, sealants and caulking, and household products such as television sets and fluorescent light fixtures. Because of their chemical properties, PCB's are not very soluble in water and they do not break down easily in the environment. PCB's also do not readily evaporate into air but tend to remain as solids or thick liquids. Even though PCB's have not been produced or used in the country for more than 30 years, they are still present in the environment in the air, soil, and water and in our food. EPA requires that all construction waste including caulking be disposed as PCB's if PCB's level exceed 50 mg/kg (ppm). An abatement plan might also be required.

Number of Samples Collected

Ten (10) bulk samples were collected from the following.

Type and Location of Material

- 1. Expansion joint caulking at 1966 XJ3
- Door framing caulking at 1966 door 9 2.
- Door framing caulking at 1966 door 18 3.
- 4 Window framing caulking at 1966 boiler room
- 5. Window framing caulking at 1966 room 222 interior
- 6. Window framing caulking at 1966 room 208 interior
- Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ1 7.
- Door framing caulking at CTC door 30 8.
- 9. Window framing caulking at CTC room 127
- 10. Greenhouse framing caulking at CTC

Sample Results

Type and Location of Material

- 1. Expansion joint caulking at 1966 XJ3
- 2. Door framing caulking at 1966 door 9 3
- Door framing caulking at 1966 door 18 4
- Window framing caulking at 1966 boiler room 5
- Window framing caulking at 1966 room 222 interior Window framing caulking at 1966 room 208 interior 6.
- Expansion joint caulking at CTC XJ1 7
- Door framing caulking at CTC door 30 8.
- Window framing caulking at CTC room 127 9.
- 10. Greenhouse framing caulking at CTC

Observations and Conclusions:

PCB's levels in all of the samples were either non-detected or lower than EPA limit of 50 mg/kg.

Underground Oil Tanks:

None was observed. Boilers are gas fired.

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

Sample Result

No PCB's Detected No PCB's Detected No PCB's Detected 1.2 mg/kg 43 mg/kg No PCB's Detected No PCB's Detected No PCB's Detected 16 mg/kg No PCB's Detected

3.0 COST ESTIMATES:

The cost includes removal and disposal of all accessible ACM and an allowance for removal of inaccessible or hidden ACM that may be found during the demolition or renovation project. All ACM that might be disturbed must be removed.

Location	Material	Approximate Quantity	Cost Estimate (\$)
1966 Wing:	Exposed 9"x 9" Vinyl Floor Tiles and Mastic Multiple Layers of Flooring Ceramic Tiles and Glue Window Sill	70,000 SF 10,000 SF 75,000 SF 2,000 LF	280,000.00 50,000.00 375,000.00 20,000.00
	Counter Tops Lab Drying Racks Lab Hume Hoods Sinks Glue holding Blackboards Interior Windows Interior Doors Light Fixtures, Thermostats; etc. Miscellaneous ACM	50 Total 10 Total 4 Total 35 Total 100 Total 210 Total 95 Total 1,800 Total Unknown	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000.00\\ 5,000.00\\ 10,000.00\\ 3,500.00\\ 15,000.00\\ 21,000.00\\ 19,000.00\\ 63,000.00\\ 50,000.00\end{array}$
Auditorium Kitchen Area	Electrical Wires Walk-in Freezers	150 LF 4 Total	7,500.00 15,000.00
Exterior	Old Windows Old Caulking/Aluminum Trim	12 Total Unknown	2,400.00 65,000.00
CTC Wing:	Ceramic Tiles and Glue Interior Windows Interior Doors	2,000 SF 50 Total 15 Total	10,000.00 5,000.00 1,500.00
Roofing	Roofing Material	Unknown	125,000.00
Underground	Transite Sewer Pipes	Unknown	50,000.00
Engineering fees for	Inspection, Design, Construction Monitoring and Air S	Sampling Services	97,100.00
		TOTAL:	\$ 1,300,000.00

4.0 DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY METHODS AND LABORATORY ANALYSES:

Asbestos:

Asbestos samples were collected using a method that prevents fiber release. Homogeneous sample areas were determined by criteria outlined in EPA document 560/5-85-030a. Bulk material samples were analyzed using PLM and dispersion staining techniques with EPA method 600/M4-82-020.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls:

PCB's samples were analyzed in accordance with EPA 3540C/8082 method.

5.0 LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS:

This report has been completed based on visual and physical observations made and information available at the time of the site visits, as well as an interview with the Owner's representatives. This report is intended to be used as a summary of available information on existing conditions with conclusions based on a reasonable and knowledgeable review of evidence found in accordance with normally accepted industry standards, state and federal protocols, and within the scope and budget established by the client. Any additional data obtained by further review must be reviewed by UEC and the conclusions presented herein may be modified accordingly.

This report and attachments, prepared for the exclusive use of Owner for use in an environmental evaluation of the subject site, are an integral part of the inspections and opinions should not be formulated without reading the report in its entirety. No part of this report may be altered, used, copied or relied upon without prior written permission from UEC, except that this report may be conveyed in its entirety to parties associated with Owner for this subject study.

Inspection by:

Jason Berotto

Jason Becotte Asbestos Inspector, AI-000372



Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

Universal Env 12 Brewster R	Vironmental Consultants Road MA 01702 A 8-hour TA	5
Framingham, I	MA 01702 48-hour 14	
	-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488	
adieb@uec-e		c 1 .
own/City:) over NH Building Name Dover 14: gh	cher
ample Res	Ult Description of Material Sample Location	
1	Wall skin Cout Rom 117	dan da antina da la contra antina da contra da cont
2	Second Flo	er Hall
3	Ran 223	
4	Rom 303	
5	Rcm 308	
6	Ram 311	
7	Ram 313	······································
8	Joint compound Ram 328	
9	Rom 328	<u> </u>
10		Column-Block
11		1
12	Wall board Abeve Lockers second flor	r Hall
13	1 Third floor	
14	white window sill Ram 311	
15	1 / Ram 324	
16	Ceranic wall tile glue Boyslocke	r roum
17		1
18	kitchen	
19		
20	Ceramic Covebase Glue third Flour	- Hall
	Date: 1-22-15	

Page 1 Of 7

OrderID: 131500325

13

CHAIN

Universal Environmental Consultants
12 Brewster Road
Framingham, MA 01702
Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488
adieb@uec-env.com

Town/City: Dover, NH - Build

Sample	Result	Description of Material
21		Ceranic Floor tile gl
22		ceramic wall tile g
23		Interior win glaze
24		1
25		
26		Interior winglaze O
27		
28		
. 29		Door Glass glaze
30		
31		Black Paper between
32		
33		Tar Paper under
34		l
35		Beige corebuse
36		
37		Brownglue
38		1 /
39		Grey cove base
40		Brown glue
Reported Received	Ву:	Image: Second condition Date JAN 2 3 2015 Jan 2 3 2015
	By	562 13:00



4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

1500325		
OF CUSTODY		
	GB-hour TAT	
	48-400r 111	
ling Name	Dover High School	
- The second second second	Sample Location	
lie	1st fl. Heall	
glie	3rd floer Hall small squares	
e Black	auto shop	
1	Ran 329	
old Hard	Cate Hall	
	1st Floor Hall	
	2-d floor Hall	
و	Ram 311	
	Ram 311 Ram 323	
n wood	gyn floor	
1		
wood	Afm floer on cement	
ł		
	Rom 311 Rom 319	
	Rom 319	
	on sample 35	
	On sample 36	
	on sample 35 On sample 36 Accu 327	
	on sample 39	
ate: 1-22-15 Due Date:		
te:		

Page 2 Of 7

131500325

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702 Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488 adieb@uec-env.com

PLM AB-how TAT

Town/City: Dover, NH -Building Name Dover High School

Sample	Result Description of Material	Sample Location
41	green 9×9 VFT	Roun 303
42		Raen 319
43	Tan 9x9 VFT	Ram 303
49)	Ram 319
45		Rom 213
46	Grey9x9 VFT	Kan 323
47		Ram 327
48		Ram 213
. 49	Black mastic	on sample Al
50		on sample 43
51		on sample 45
52		on sample 46
53		on sample 48
54	white 12x12 VFT	Ram 136 B
55		
56	white /Blue 12x12 VFT	Rein 121
57		
58	White / Black 12x12 VFT	Roen 137
59	1 1	
60	2x4 SAT Type1	Ran 303
	Jason Becotte _ 1-22	

Date: 1-22-15 Becotte Vasco Reported By: Due Date: -Received By: Date:

JAN **2 3** 2015

EU 13:00

Page 3 Of 7

OrderID: 131500325

Universal Environmental Consult	ants
12 Brewster Road	
Framingham, MA 01702	
Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628	3-5488
adieb@uec-env.com	

Sample Result	Description of Material	Sample Location
61	2×4 SAT Type 1	Ram 316
62	2×4 SAT Type 2	Nurse
63		R cm 328
64		Rom 329
65	2x4 54+ type 3	Auditorium
66		1
67	2×4 SAT Type 4	Kitchen
68		
69	stage light wiring	auditorium
70		1
71	white sink coating	Ran 313
72		R can 315
73	Black sink couting	Ran 330
74		Library Storage
75	Grey sink Couting	Teaders Lounge
76		Norse
77	Red duct sealant	Bailes ram
78	1	
79	Grey duct sealant	kitchen exhaust
80		1 1
Reported By: $Jasen Becatte Date: 1-22-(S)$ Received By: JAN 2 3 2015 Date:		

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

131500325**CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

PLM A8-hour TAT

- Building Name Dover High School

Page 4 Of 7

Ecomina	ham, MA 01702	48-4001	
		·	
Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488 adieb@uec-env.com			
		No HALCI I	
Town/City	: Dover NH Building Name	Dover High Schwel	
Sample	Result Description of Material		
१८	Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Auditorium storye	
82		under auditorium seats	
83		Auditorium cart walk	
84			
85		Second Floor Hall A/C	
86	Black mustic on F& Paperum	p Boilerrom	
87			
88		electric room	
. 89	New Bereled edge Lab TOP	Rom 302	
90		Ram 306	
91	old found corner lab top	Ram 303	
92		R cm 306	
93	Las drying rack	301/303 Prep	
94	1 5 0 1	Rain 309	
95	Lab sink	R cm 305	
96		Reen 306	
97	Lab Fune Hovel	Ran 301	
98		Rcm 303	
99	2×2 SAT	CTC second flour Hall	
100	1	1 1	
Reported By: Jason Bewitte Date: 1-22-15 Due Date:			
керопес		Due Date:	
Received	IBy: DECENDED Date:		
	JAN 2 3 2015		
	By 2(13.00		
	Page 5 Of 7		

131500325

CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road

OrderID: 131500325

PLM AQ-hour TAT

OrderID: 131500325

13

CHAIN

Univer	sal Environmental Consultants
	wster Road
Framin	gham, MA 01702
Tel: (50	08) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488
	Duec-env.com

Town/City: Dever, NH Buil

Description of Material		
Blue 12×12 VFT		
1)		
Black mastic		
1 1		
Pink 12x12 VFT		
Grey Covebase		
1 1		
Brown glue		
Grey duct seal		
wall caulk Blo		
Joint Compound		
Interior win gloze		
1		
Reported By: Jason Bewette		
Reported By Jasco Becotte Received By JAN 2 3 2015		
→ 2 3 2015		
D N 2 3 2015 L 13:00		

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

1	
15003	25
OF CU	ISTODY
	ALM
	A8-hour TAT
lding Name	Deverttigh Schnel
	Sample Location
	CTC Rom 127
	on sample 101
	on sample 102
<u>г</u>	CTC Room 128
	/
	CTC Room 128
) /
	on sample 107
	on sample 108
lant	CTC 2nd Floor Hall A/C
	Ctc Beiler room
	1
ock-Block	CTC Rown 144
	CTC Rean 143
2	CTC Room230
	CTC office
e Black	CTC Rom 230
1	LTC OFFICE
Date: 1-22	
Date:	

Page 6 Of 7

OrderID:	131500325

1 3 1 5 0 0 3 2 5 CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Universal Environmental Consultants		
12 Brewster Road		
Framingham, MA 01702		
Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488		
adieb@uec-env.com		

PLM AB-hourTAT

Town/City: Dever NH Building Name Dever High Sc

Sample Result	Description of Material	Sample Location
151	Doorglassglaze Black	CTC Rom 125
122	2×4 SAT Type S	2003 Add Hall
23	<u> </u>	()
124	hall caulk Black - Black	2003 Add 1st Fl. Haul
125		2003 Add Stairvell
126	Tan 12x12 VFT	2003 Aold Her 11
[27		2003 Add custodian Storage
128	Green 12x12 VFT	Zoro 3 Adel Heell
(29)		2003 Add Custulian Storage
130	Blue 12X12 VFT	2003 Adel Stairnell
13(
Percented Day J	ason Berotte 1-22.	-15
Reported By:	ason Berotte Date: (->>	Due Date:
Received By:	Date:	
1	JAN 2 3 2015	
272	<u>56 13:00</u>	
	Page 7 Of 7	



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

		Non-Asbestos			Asbestos	
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type	
1 131500325-0001	Room 117 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
2 131500325-0002	2nd Floor Hall - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
3 131500325-0003	Room 222 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
4 131500325-0004	Room 303 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
5 131500325-0005	Room 308 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
6 131500325-0006	Room 311 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
7 131500325-0007	Room 313 - Wall Skim Coat	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	
8 131500325-0008	Room 328 - Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected	

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multipic layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:

(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015

the P.J.



EMSL Order:	131500325
CustomerID:	UEC63
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Proje	ect: Dover High School; Dover, NH	Conceled.	1/22/2013

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asbestos			Asbestos	
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре	
9 131500325-0009	Room 328 - Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
10 131500325-0010	Room 137 A Column Block - Wall Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
11 131500325-0011	Room 137 A Column Block - Wall Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
12 131500325-0012	2nd Floor Hall - Wall Board Above Lockers	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
13 131500325-0013	2nd Floor Hall - Wall Board Above Lockers	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	5%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
14 131500325-0014	Room 311 - White Window Sill	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			90% Non-fibrous (other)	10%	Chrysotile	
15 131500325-0015	Room 324 - White Window Sill	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			90% Non-fibrous (other)	10%	Chrysotile	
16 131500325-0016	Boys Locker Room - Ceramic Wall Tile Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile	

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager

or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

MS

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	%
17 131500325-0017	Boys Locker Room - Ceramic Wall Tile Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
18 131500325-0018	Kitchen - Ceramic Wall Tile Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
19 131500325-0019	Kitchen - Ceramic Wall Tile Glue	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
20 131500325-0020	3rd Floor Hall - Caermic Covebase Glue	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
21 131500325-0021	1st Fl Hall - Caermic Floor Tile Glue	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
22 131500325-0022	3rd Floor Hall Small Squares - Ceramic Wal Tile Glue	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
23 131500325-0023	Auto Shop - Interior Win Glaze Black	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
24 131500325-0024	Room 329 - Interior Win Glaze Black	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by MLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetic reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. lino)etem, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM



Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Phone: Fax[.] Received: Analysis Date: Collected:

(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015

Non-Asbestos Asbestos 6 Fibrous % Non-Fibrous % Type 95% Non-fibrous (other) 5% Chrysotile 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 95% Non-fibrous (other) 5% Chrysotile 95% Non-fibrous (other) 5% Chrysotile 95% Non-fibrous (other) 5% Chrysotile 93% Non-fibrous (other) 7% Chrysotile 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected

the P.J.



EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn:	Jason Becotte	Phone:	(508) 628-5486
	Universal Environmental Consultants	Fax:	(508) 628-5488
Universal Environmental Consultants	Received:	01/23/15 1:00 PM	
12 Brewster Road	Analysis Date:	1/26/2015	
Framingham, MA 01702	Collected:	1/22/2015	
Proje	ct: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

					Non-Asbestos		Asbestos	
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре	
25 131500325-0025	Room 329 - Interior Win Glaze Black	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			93% Non-fibrous (other)	7%	Chrysotile	
26 131500325-0026	Café Hall - Interior Win Glaze Old Hard	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			98% Non-fibrous (other)	2%	Chrysotile	
27 131500325-0027	1st Floor Hall - Interior Win Glaze Old Hard	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			98% Non-fibrous (other)	2%	Chrysotile	
28 131500325-0028	2nd Floor Hall - Interior Win Glaze Old Hard	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			98% Non-fibrous (other)	2%	Chrysotile	
29 131500325-0029	Room 311 - Door Glass Glaze	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
30 131500325-0030	Room 323 - Door Glass Glaze	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			97% Non-fibrous (other)	3%	Chrysotile	
31 131500325-0031	Gym Floor - Black Paper Between Wood	Black Fibrous Homogeneous		Cellulose Glass	25% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	
32 131500325-0032	Gym Floor - Black Paper Between Wood	Black Fibrous Homogeneous		Cellulose Glass	25% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected	

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

the P.J. Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager

or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval on provide the tripretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval not on analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and use available upon request. Unless requested by the client, to thing materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-A	sbestos	Asbestos
ample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
33 131500325-0033	Gly Floor on Cement - Tar Paper Under Wood	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	75% Cellulose	25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
34 131500325-0034	Gly Floor on Cement - Tar Paper Under Wood	Black Fibrous Homogeneous	75% Cellulose	25% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
35 131500325-0035	Room 311 - Beige Covebase	Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
36 131500325-0036	Room 319 - Beige Covebase	Beige Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
37 131500325-0037	- Brown Glue on Sample 35	Brown Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
38 131500325-0038	- Brown Glue on Sample 36	Brown Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
39 131500325-0039	Room 327 - Grey Covebase	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
40 131500325-0040	- Brown Glue on Sample 39	Brown Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

131500325

UEC63

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

Phone: Fax[.] Received: Analysis Date: Collected:

(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015

the P.J.



EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Projec	t: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-A	sbestos	<u>A</u>	sbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре
41 131500325-0041	Room 303 - Green 9x9 VFT	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
42 131500325-0042	Room 319 - Green 9x9 VFT	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
43 131500325-0043	Room 303 - Tan 9x9 VFT	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
44 131500325-0044	Room 319 - Tan 9x9 VFT	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
45 131500325-0045	Room 213 - Tan 9x9 VFT	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
46 131500325-0046	Room 323 - Grey 9x9 VFT	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
47 131500325-0047	Room 327 - Grey 9x9 VFT	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
48 131500325-0048	Room 213 - Grey 9x9 VFT	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

the P.J.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product entification, approved by EMSL. Samples received in good condition unless of test results are the responsibility of the client to aprove and uncertainty pathened to the used by the client to the used the nulliple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples nearly by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13





EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@ems

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Ne	on-Asbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
49 131500325-0049	- Black Mastic on Sample 41	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
50 131500325-0050	- Black Mastic on Sample 43	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
51 131500325-0051	- Black Mastic on Sample 45	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
52 131500325-0052	- Black Mastic on Sample 46	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
53 131500325-0053	- Black Mastic on Sample 48	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		90% Non-fibrous (other)	10% Chrysotile
54 131500325-0054	Room 136 B - White 12x12 VFT	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
55 131500325-0055	Room 136 B - White 12x12 VFT	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
56 131500325-0056	Room 121 - White/Blue 12c12 VFT	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uccertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, to client multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples nalyticed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Wohurn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA A000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

<u>isi.com</u>	C C	MSL Order: ustomerID: ustomerPO: rojectID:	131500325 UEC63	
Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015			

the P. Ju



EMSL Order:	131500325
CustomerID:	UEC63
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Projec	ct: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-Ast	estos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
57	Room 121 -	Blue			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0057	White/Blue 12c12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
58	Room 137 -	Black			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0058	White/Black 12c12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
59	Room 137 -	White			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0059	White/Black 12c12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
60	Room 303 - 2x4	Gray/White	40%	Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0060	SAT Type 1	Fibrous Homogeneous	40%	Min. Wool		
61	Room 316 - 2x4	Gray/White	40%	Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0061	SAT Type 1	Fibrous Homogeneous	40%	Min. Wool		
62	Nurse - 2x4 SAT	Gray/White	35%	Cellulose	30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0062	Туре 1	Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool		
63	Room 328 - 2x4	Gray/White	35%	Cellulose	30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0063	SAT Type 1	Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool		
64	Room 329 - 2x4	Gray/White	35%	Cellulose	30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0064	SAT Type 1	Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool		

Analyst(s)

the P.J. Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager

or other approved signatory

Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multipical parse (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-As	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
65	Auditorium - 2x4 SAT Type 3	Tan/White	40% Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0065	SAT Type 3	Fibrous Homogeneous	40% Min. Wool		
66	Auditorium - 2x4	Tan/White	40% Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0066	SAT Type 3	Fibrous Homogeneous	40% Min. Wool		
67	Kitchen - 2x4 SAT	Gray	60% Min. Wool	40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0067	Type 4	Fibrous Homogeneous			
68	Kitchen - 2x4 SAT	Gray	60% Min. Wool	40% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0068	Туре 4	Fibrous Homogeneous			
69	Auditorium - Stage	Gray	20% Glass	10% Non-fibrous (other)	70% Chrysotile
131500325-0069	Light Wiring	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
70	Auditorium - Stage	Gray	20% Glass	10% Non-fibrous (other)	70% Chrysotile
131500325-0070	Light Wiring	Fibrous Homogeneous			
71	Room 313 - White	White	20% Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0071	Sink Coating	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
72	Room 315 - White	White	20% Cellulose	80% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0072	Sink Coating	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the tederal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present and problem tartitis and therefore EMSL recommends gravment: Room provide the client to indigence of the tederal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present at a problem matrix and therefore EMSL requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

EMSL Order:	131500325
CustomerID:	UEC63
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Phone:	(508) 628-5486
Fax:	(508) 628-5488
Received:	01/23/15 1:00 PN
Analysis Date:	1/26/2015
Collected:	1/22/2015

the P.S.



EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Projec	t: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-Asl	<u>bestos</u>	<u>A</u>	sbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре
73	Room 330 - Black	Black			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
131500325-0073	Sink Coating	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
74	Library Storage -	Black			95% Non-fibrous (other)	5%	Chrysotile
131500325-0074	Black Sink Coating	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
75	Teacher's	Gray	15%	Cellulose	85% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0075	Lounge - Grey Sink Coating	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
76	Nurse - Grey Sink Coating	Gray	15%	Cellulose	85% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0076		Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
77	Boiler Room - Red	Red			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0077	Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
78	Boiler Room - Red	Red			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0078	Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
79	Kitchen Exhaust -	Gray	5%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0079	Grey Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					
80	Kitchen Exhaust -	Gray	5%	Cellulose	95% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
131500325-0080	Grey Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous					

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

the P.J.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NULAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13





EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@e

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asb	estos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
81 131500325-0081	Auditorium Storage - Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
82 131500325-0082	Under Auditorium Seats - Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
83 131500325-0083	Auditorium Cat Walk - Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
84 131500325-0084	Auditorium Cat Walk - Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
85 131500325-0085	2nd Floor Hall A/C - Hard Joint on FG Pipe	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool	65% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
86 131500325-0086	Boiler Room - Black Mastic on Fg Paper Wrap	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
87 131500325-0087	Boiler Room - Black Mastic on Fg Paper Wrap	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
88 131500325-0088	Electric Room - Black Mastic on Fg Paper Wrap	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

131500325

UEC63

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

me	.com	
1113		

Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:

(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015

the P.S.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approved, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-frable organically bound materials present an problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetic reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and ucertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multipica layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

11



EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Projec	t: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-As	sbestos	Asbe	stos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Ту	pe
89 131500325-0089	Room 302 - New Beveled Edge Lap Top	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	N	one Detected
90 131500325-0090	Room 306 - New Beveled Edge Lap Top	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	N	one Detected
91 131500325-0091	Room 303 - Old Round Corner Lab Top	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			85% Non-fibrous (other)	15% Ch	nrysotile
92 131500325-0092	Room 306 - Old Round Corner Lab Top	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			85% Non-fibrous (other)	15% Ch	nrysotile
93 131500325-0093	301/303 Prep - Lab Drying Rack	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			85% Non-fibrous (other)	15% Ch	nrysotile
94 131500325-0094	Room 309 - Lab Drying Rack	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			85% Non-fibrous (other)	15% Ch	nrysotile
95 131500325-0095	Room 305 - Lab Sink	Gray/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	N	one Detected
96 131500325-0096	Room 306 - Lab Sink	Gray/Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)	N	one Detected

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager

or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim produc certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravmetric reduction prior to ranky size analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RIAAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asb	estos	<u>A</u> :	sbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	%	Туре
97 131500325-0097	Room 301 - Lab Fume Head	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			80% Non-fibrous (other)	20%	Chrysotile
98 131500325-0098	Room 303 - Lab Fume Head	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			80% Non-fibrous (other)	20%	Chrysotile
99 131500325-0099	CTC 2nd Floor Hall - 2x2 SAT	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	30% 40%	Cellulose Min. Wool	30% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
100 131500325-0100	CTC 2nd Floor Hall - 2x2 SAT	Gray Fibrous Homogeneous	30% 40%	Cellulose Min. Wool	30% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
101 131500325-0101	CTC Room 127 - Blue 12x12 VFT	Blue Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
102 131500325-0102	CTC Room 127 - Blue 12x12 VFT	Blue Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
103 131500325-0103	- Black Mastic on Sample 101	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected
104 131500325-0104	- Black Mastic on Sample 102	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			100% Non-fibrous (other)		None Detected

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to Icaim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NST or any agency of the federal government. Non-ritable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends grawmetic reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials amultactured with multipic layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM



12

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

<u>1</u>		EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:	
	Phone:	(508) 628-5486	
	Fax:	(508) 628-5488	
	Received:	01/23/15 1:00 PM	
	Analysis Date:	1/26/2015	
	Collected:	1/22/2015	

the P. A.



EMSL Order: 131500325 CustomerID: UEC63 CustomerPO: ProjectID:

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants	Phone: Fax:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488
12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-As	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
105	CTC Room 128 -	Pink		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0105	Pink 12x12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
106	CTC Room 128 -	Pink		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0106	Pink 12x12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
107	CTC Room 128 -	Gray		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0107	Grey Covebase	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
108	CTC Room 128 -	Gray		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0108	Grey Covebase	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
109	- Brown Glue on	Brown		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0109	Sample 107	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
110	- Brown Glue on	Brown		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0110	Sample 108	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
111	CTC 2nd Floor	Gray		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0111	Hall A/C - Grey Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
112	CTC 2nd Floor	Gray		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0112	Hall A/C - Grey Duct Sealant	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

the P.J. Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager

or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the tederal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present an problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends grawmetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertaindy data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

14



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

Sample	Description	Appearance	%
113 131500325-0113	CTC Boiler Room - Grey Duct Sealant	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
114 131500325-0114	CTC Boiler Room - Grey Duct Sealant	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
115 131500325-0115	CTC Room 144 - Wall Caulk Black- Block	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
116 131500325-0116	CTC Room 143 - Wall Caulk Black- Block	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
117 131500325-0117	CTC Room 230 - Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
118 131500325-0118	CTC Office - Joint Compound	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
119 131500325-0119	CTC Room 230 - Interior Win Glaze Black	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	
120 131500325-0120	CTC Office - Interior Win Glaze Black	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertaindy data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

131500325

UEC63

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

Phone: Fax[.] Received: Analysis Date: Collected:

(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015

Non-Asbestos Asbestos % Fibrous % Non-Fibrou % Type 100% Non-fibrous (other) None Detected 93% Non-fibrous (other) 7% Chrysotile 93% Non-fibrous (other) 7% Chrysotile

the P.J.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

15



EMSL Order:	131500325
CustomerID:	UEC63
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				Non-Asb	estos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
121	CTC Room 125 -	Black			93% Non-fibrous (other)	7% Chrysotile
131500325-0121	Door Glass Glaze Black	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
122	2003 Add Hall -	Gray/W hite	35%	Cellulose	30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0122	2x4 Sat Type 5	Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool		
123	2003 Add Hall -	Gray/W hite	35%	Cellulose	30% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0123	2x4 Sat Type 5	Fibrous Homogeneous	35%	Min. Wool		
124	2003 Add 1st Floor	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0124	Hall - Wall Caulk Black-Block	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
125	2003 Add	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0125	Stairwell - Wall Caulk Black-Block	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
126	2003 Add Hall -	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0126	Tan 12x12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
127	2003 Add	Tan			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0127	Custodian Storage - Tan 12x12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
128	2003 Add Hall -	Green			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500325-0128	Green 12x12 VFT	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (131)

the P.J.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NULAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present and problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples nearbourd in the Client of the Client, Difference analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RIAAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13





16



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl.com

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-As	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
129 131500325-0129	2003 Add Hall - Green 12x12 VFT	Green Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
130 131500325-0130	2003 Add Stairwell - Blue 12x12 VFT	Blue Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131 131500325-0131	2003 Add Stairwell - Blue 12x12 VFT	Blue Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (131)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NULAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present and problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples not single sample showing the client, building materials measter and with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA A000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:00:13

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:00:13 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

131500325

<u>om</u>			CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	UEC63
	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015	Л	

EMSL Order:

the P.S.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF THE REPORT.

17

		mental Consultants]		PLM GR 1/23/15 AB-hour TAT	
	ster Road ham, MA 0	1702	4		ADING TAT	
		- Fax: (508) 628-5488	-		48-4001	
	uec-env.co		-			
Town/Citv	Dove	r, NH	- Building Name -	Dover 1	High Schoel Exterior	
Sample	to i - Colondonius contanto d					57.057 Z4.77.48
	Result	_			e Location	
2		CXpansion Join	En III	1944	by y ym XJ3	
		Door trane	1		Doer #9 Auditorium	
<u> </u>					Door#18 Bailerroom	
3 4 5			}	1966	Door#13 Weightrow	<u>م</u>
.2.		Door glass Gl	oze			
:6		Win-wall Jot A	unioun Trin	1966	Ram 208	
7.8			1	1966	Rom 222	
. 8		Win-wall Jat o	& France Caul			
9				1966	Ran 222	
10		Old Aluminum u	indou glaze		windows Bailerrom	
11					windows Boilerron	
12					winden 6 Bays Locker	
3					weight room	
14		expansion Join	T carlk		IIX	
15		1	1	CTC	xJ 2	
16		Window France	curth	CTC	window 1 Room 127	
17		1		(TC	window 2 Ram 144	
18		Greenhouse fra			Greenhouse	
19		Greenhouse gl	ass glaze	CTC	Greenhouse	
20		Door frame ,		CTC	Doer 23	
Reported	By:	son Becotte	Date: 1-23	-15	Due Date:	
Received	BV:	EGENMEN				
1.CCGIVEO	Received By: JAN 2 3 2015 Date:					
By 54 13:00 W-IN						

131500328

OrderID: 131500326

OrderID: 131500326

CHAIN

12 Brew Framing	Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702 Tel: (508) 628-5486 - Fax: (508) 628-5488					
	n <mark>: Dove</mark>					
	Result	Description of Material				
21		Door Frame Cau				
22						
23		Black Paper				
24		expension Joint				
25		Crpansion Joint Door Frame Could				
25 26		Window France Ce				
27		1				
28		Winden Glass g				
. 29						
30		Black Dampprouf				
31						
Reported Received	Dy:	JAN 23 2015 D SCI 13:00				
		Page				

Page 2 Of 2

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

1500326 OF CUSTODY					
	PLM A8-hour TAT				
ding Name	Jover High school Exterior				
L. P. S.	Sample Location				
IK	CTC Door 24				
	CTC Door 30				
	CTC Wall Cut #1				
Carlk	2003 Add XJ4				
k	2003 Add Door S				
earth	2003 Add window 3 Aom 13				
1	2003 Add window A Rom 11				
ilaze	2003 Add winden 3 Rom 13				
1	2003 Add window 4 Rom 11				
;	2003 Add Cut 9				
	2003 Add Cut 10				
<u> </u>					
_					
····					
·					
Date:	-1.S Due Date:				
Date:					



	EMSL Order:	131500326
	CustomerID:	UEC63
	CustomerPO:	
	ProjectID:	
_		

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants	Phone: Fax:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488
12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015
Project: Dover High School Exterior; Dover, NH		

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-A	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
1 131500326-0001	1966 by Gym XJ3 - Expansion Joint Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
2 131500326-0002	1966 Door #9 Auditorium - Door Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
3 131500326-0003	1966 Door #18 Boiler Room - Door Frame Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
4 131500326-0004	1966 Door #13 Weight Room - Door Frame Caulk	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
5 131500326-0005	1966 Door #13 Weight Room - Door Glass Glaze	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
6 131500326-0006	1966 Room 208 - Win-Wall Int Aluminum Trim	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		96% Non-fibrous (other)	4% Chrysotile
7 131500326-0007	1966 Room 222 - Win-Wall Int Aluminum Trim	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		96% Non-fibrous (other)	4% Chrysotile
8 131500326-0008	1966 Room 208 - Win-Wall Int Old Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		95% Non-fibrous (other)	5% Chrysotile

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (3) Sean Ryan (28)

the P.J.

Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NULAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present at problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials mean undactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RIAAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:17:27

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:17:27 PM



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@em

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School Exterior; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non	-Asbestos	Asbestos
ample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
9 131500326-0009	1966 Room 222 - Win-Wall Int Old Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		97% Non-fibrous (other)	3% Chrysotile
10 131500326-0010	1966 Window 5 Boiler Room - Old Aluminum Window Glaze	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Chrysotile
11 131500326-0011	1966 Window 5 Boiler Room - Old Aluminum Window Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		98% Non-fibrous (other)	2% Chrysotile
12 131500326-0012	1966 Window 6 Boys Locker - Old Aluminum Window Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		96% Non-fibrous (other)	4% Chrysotile
13 131500326-0013	1966 Weight Room - Old Aluminum Window Frame Caulk	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
14 131500326-0014	CTC XJ1 - Expansion Joint Caulk	Brown Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
15 131500326-0015	CTC XJ2 - Expansion Joint Caulk	Brown Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Analyst(s) Steve Grise (3)

Sean Ryan (28)

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NULAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, inc. Wohurn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0, CT PH-0315, MA A000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:17:27

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:17:27 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

msl.com			EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	131500326 UEC63	
	Phone:	(508) 628-5486			
	Fax:	(508) 628-5488			
	Received:	01/23/15 1:00 PM	Λ		
	Analysis Date:	1/26/2015			
	Collected:	1/22/2015			

the P.S.



EMSL Order:	13150032
CustomerID:	UEC63
CustomerPO:	
ProjectID:	

Attn:	Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702	Phone: Fax: Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/23/15 1:00 PM 1/26/2015 1/22/2015	
Projec	t: Dover High School Exterior; Dover, NH			

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Polarized Light Microscopy**

				Non-As	bestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% F	ibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
16	CTC Window 1	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0016	Room 127 - Window Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
17	CTC Window 2	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0017	Room 144 - Window Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
18	СТС	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0018	Greenhouse - Greenhousr Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
19	СТС	Gray			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0019	Greenhouse - Greenhouse Glass Glaze	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
20	CTC Door 23 -	Brown			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0020	Door Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
21	CTC Door 24 -	Brown			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0021	Door Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
22	CTC Door 30 -	Brown			100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0022	Door Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous				
23	CTC Wall Cut #1 -	Black	80%	Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0023	Black Paper	Fibrous Homogeneous				

Analyst(s)

Steve Grise (3)

Sean Ryan (28)

the P.S. Steve Grise, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Woburn, MA NVLAP Lab Code 101147-0. CT PH-0315, MA AA000188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102

Initial report from 01/26/2015 18:17:27





EMSL Analytical, Inc. 7 Constitution Way, Suite 107, Woburn, MA 01801 Phone/Fax: (781) 933-8411 / (781) 933-8412 http://www.EMSL.com bostonlab@emsl

Attn: Jason Becotte Universal Environmental Consultants 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School Exterior; Dover, NH

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

				n-Asbestos	<u>Asbestos</u>
ample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
24	2003 Add XJ4 -	Beige		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0024	Expansion Joint Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
25	2003 Add Door 5 -	Brown		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0025	Door Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
26	2003 Add Window	Brown		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0026	3 Room 13 - Window Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
27	2003 Add Window	Brown		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0027	4 Room 11 - Window Frame Caulk	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
28	2003 Add Window	Black		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0028	3 Room 13 - Window Glass Glaze	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
29	2003 Add Window	Black		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0029	4 Room 11 - Window Glass Glaze	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
30	2003 Add Cut 9 -	Black		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0030	Black Damproof	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
31	2003 Add Cut 10 -	Black		100% Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
131500326-0031	Black Damproof	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
Analyst(s)		_		St	= P.J.
Steve Grise (3)					ise, Laboratory Manager
Sean Ryan (28)				or othe	er approved signatory
responsibility for sampl product certification, ap recommends gravimetr requested by the client,	e collection activities or analytic proval, or endorsement by NVL ric reduction prior to analysis. S building materials manufacture	al method limitations. Inte AP, NIST or any agency of amples received in good or d with multiple layers (i.e.	rpretation and use of test res the federal government. No ondition unless otherwise no linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are	not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval sults are the responsibility of the client. This report must n w-friable organically bound materials present a problem m ded. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data a reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1% 00188, RI AAL-107T3 and VT AL357102	ot be used by the client to claim natrix and therefore EMSL

Test Report PLM-7.28.9 Printed: 1/26/2015 6:17:27 PM



3

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

l.com			EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	131500326 UEC63	
	Phone:	(508) 628-5486			
	Fax:	(508) 628-5488			
	Received:	01/23/15 1:00 PI	N		
	Analysis Date:	1/26/2015			
	Collected:	1/22/2015			

THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF THE REPORT.

4

Order	ID: 01150	0344		0115003 N OF CU	
	12 Brews Framingl Tel: (508 adieb@u	ater Road nam, MA 0) 628-5486 Iec-env.co	nental Consultants 1702 - Fax: (508) 628-5488 m	Tes 2-	St For PCB week TAT Dover High Schwel Exterior
	Sample	Result	Description of Material		Sample Location
1)		expansion Join		1966 xJ3
2	2		Door Frane	Callk	1966 Door 9 Auditorium
3	3		1)	1966 Doorld Boiler room
ц	4	<u>.</u>	Window Frank ca	JIK	1966 Boiler ram
5	2			· · ·	1966 win-wall Room 222 Interior
1	6				1966 win-wall Ram 208 Interior
7	7		expansion Join	nt caulh	CTC XJI
8	8		Door Frane c	earlk	CTC Dour #30
9	. 9		window frame	Coulh	CTC window 1 Room 127
10	10		Greenhouse Fran	re Carlk	CTC Greenhouse
			······································		
ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ľ					
			···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···		
L	Reported	By: Ja	son Becotte	Date:	-1 <i>S</i> Due Date:
	Received	Ву:	DEBEIVEN	- Date:	
			JAN 2 3 2015		Ver Amaner - no undred
			ву <u>5и 13:00</u> рад	W-IN P.	Par Amour - no contructor 1/26 Feg



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 Phone: (856) 303-2500 Fax: (856) 858-4571 Email: EnvChemistry2@emsl.com

Ammar Dieb **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702 Phone: (508) 628-5486 Fax: (508) 628-5488

The following analytical report covers the analysis performed on samples submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. on 1/26/2015. The results are tabulated on the attached data pages for the following client designated project:

Dover High School Exterior

me at (856) 303-2500.



The test results contained within this report meet the requirements of NELAP and/or the specific certification program that is applicable, unless otherwise noted. NELAP Certifications: NJ 03036, NY 10872, PA 68-00367

EMSL Analytical does not hold SHW certification for PCB analysis in the state of New Hampshire.

(The samples associated with this report were received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report relates only to those items tested as received by the laboratory. The QC data associated with the sample results meet the recovery and precision requirements established by the NELAP, unless specifically indicated. All results for soil samples are reported on a dry weight basis, unless otherwise noted. This report may not be reproduced except in full and without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc.

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

2/9/2015

The reference number for these samples is EMSL Order #011500344. Please use this reference when calling about these samples. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact

Reviewed and Approved By:

Julie Smith - Laboratory Director

Page 1 of 13

Page 1 of 5



EMSL Analytical, Inc.
 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

 Phone/Fax:
 (856) 303-2500 / (856) 858-4571

 http://www.EMSL.com
 EnvChem
 EnvChemistry2@emsl.com

Attn: Ammar Dieb **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

ProjectID: (508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/26/15 9:00 AM Received:

Phone:

Fax:

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

011500344

UEC63

Project: Dover High School Exterior

		Analytical	Results				
Client Sample Des	cription 1 1966 xJ3		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0001	
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.64 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
Client Sample Des	cription 2		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0002	
	1966 Door 9 Auditorium						
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	1.0 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
Client Sample Des	cription 3 1966 Door 18 Boiler Room		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0003	
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.95 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH

ChemSmplw/RDL/NELAC-7.21.0 Printed: 2/9/2015 12:56:16 PM

Page 2 of 13

Page 2 of 5



EMSL Analytical, Inc.
 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

 Phone/Fax:
 (856) 303-2500 / (856) 858-4571

 http://www.EMSL.com
 EnvChem
 EnvChemist

Attn: Ammar Dieb **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School Exterior

Client Sample Des	cription 4		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0004	
	1966 Boiler Room						
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	1.2	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.85 mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
Client Sample Des	cription 5		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0005	

Client Sample Description 5

1966 Win-Wall Room 222 Interior

Method	Parameter	Result	RL	Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	43	3.0	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/6/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	3.0	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/6/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	3.0	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/6/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.61	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH

Client Sample Description 6

1966 Win-Wall Room 208 Interior

Method	Parameter	Result	RL	Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.85	mg/Kg	2/2/2015	AB	2/3/2015	EH

ChemSmplw/RDL/NELAC-7.21.0 Printed: 2/9/2015 12:56:16 PM



Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

stry2@ems	<u>sl.com</u>		EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	011500344 UEC63
	Phone: Fax:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488		
	Received: 01/26/15 9:00		Μ	

Analytical Results

Collected:

1/22/2015 Lab ID: 0006

Page 3 of 13

Page 3 of 5



EMSL Analytical, Inc.
 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

 Phone/Fax:
 (856) 303-2500 / (856) 858-4571

 http://www.EMSL.com
 EnvChem
 EnvChemistry2@emsl.com

Attn: Ammar Dieb **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

ProjectID: Phone: (508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/26/15 9:00 AM Received:

Fax:

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

011500344

UEC63

Project: Dover High School Exterior

		Analytical					
Client Sample Des	cription 7 CTC xJ1		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0007	
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.98 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
Client Sample Des	scription 8		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0008	
	CTC Door #30						
				Prep		Analysis	
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Date	Analyst	Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.72 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
Client Sample Des	cription 9 CTC Window 1 Room 127		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0009	
				Prep		Analysis	
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Date	Analyst		Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	16	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.56 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH

ChemSmplw/RDL/NELAC-7.21.0 Printed: 2/9/2015 12:56:16 PM

Page 4 of 13

Page 4 of 5





EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, NJ 08077
 Phone/Fax:
 (856) 303-2500 / (856) 858-4571

 http://www.EMSL.com
 EnvChem
 EnvChemistry

Attn: Ammar Dieb **Universal Environmental Consultants** 12 Brewster Road Framingham, MA 01702

Project: Dover High School Exterior

Client Sample Desci	•		Collected:	1/22/2015	Lab ID:	0010	
Method	CTC Greenhouse Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1016	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1221	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1232	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1242	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1248	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1254	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1260	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1262	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH
3540C/8082A	Aroclor-1268	ND	0.75 mg/Kg	2/4/2015	AB	2/5/2015	EH

Definitions:

ND - indicates that the analyte was not detected at the reporting limit RL - Reporting Limit

ChemSmplw/RDL/NELAC-7.21.0 Printed: 2/9/2015 12:56:16 PM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

try2@emsl.com	Custo	Order: merID: merPO: ttID:	011500344 UEC63
Phone: Fax: Received:	(508) 628-5486 (508) 628-5488 01/26/15 9:00 AM		

Analytical Results

SOIL / SOLID SURROGATE RECOVERY

Lab Name:	EMSL Analytical		_			
* : Values outside o	of QC limits					
D: Surrogate dilute						
Di ourrogato anato						
	Compound Name:	тсх	TCX2	DCB	DCB2	Total Out
	CAS #:	877-09-8	877-09-8	2051-24-3	2051-24-3	
	QC Limits:	(30-137)	(30-137)	(30-138)	(30-138)	
011500285-37 4X	02/03/15 13:19	49 D	48 D	57 D	51 D	0
011500285-38 8X	02/03/15 13:47	72 D	68 D	61 D	55 D	0
011500285-32 10X	02/03/15 11:00	93 D	88 D	104 D	90 D	0
011500285-33 10X	02/03/15 11:28	44 D	45 D	50 D	45 D	0
011500285-34 10X	02/03/15 11:56	57 D	59 D	68 D	63 D	0
011500285-35 10X	02/03/15 12:24	67 D	68 D	84 D	77 D	0
011500285-36 5X	02/03/15 12:51	53 D	50 D	61 D	55 D	0
011500285-39 10X	02/03/15 14:14	92 D	93 D	101 D	97 D	0
011500285-40 10X	02/03/15 14:42	84 D	78 D	93 D	81 D	0
MB 1 OP 3175-43	02/03/15 15:10	76	62	88	65	0
LCS 1 OP 3175-43	02/03/15 15:38	81	65	94	69	0
MB 1 OP 3175-43	02/03/15 15:47	84	85	96	94	0
011500285-37 MS	02/03/15 16:06	51 D	46 D	59 D	49 D	0
LCS 1 OP 3175-43	02/03/15 16:16	87	87	100	98	0
011500285-37	02/03/15 16:34	37 D	34 D	47 D	40 D	0
011500374-1 10X	02/03/15 16:46	78 D	84 D	92 D	104 D	0
011500409-1 4X	02/03/15 17:16	84 D	90 D	75 D	95 D	0
011500305-1 10X	02/03/15 18:25	60 D	56 D	73 D	66 D	0
011500344-3 5X	02/03/15 18:46	82 D	90 D	91 D	90 D	0
011500305-2 5X	02/03/15 18:52	64 D	62 D	81 D	73 D	0
011500413-1 10X	02/03/15 19:19	40 D	40 D	53 D	46 D	0
011500344-6 8X	02/03/15 19:45	64 D	69 D	68 D	61 D	0
011500344-4 8X	02/03/15 20:15	71 D	84 D	84 D	86 D	0
011500344-1 5X	02/05/15 15:38	51 D	46 D	63 D	52 D	0
011500344-2 10X	02/05/15 16:06	72 D	66 D	84 D	72 D	0
011500344-5 5X	02/05/15 16:33	74 D	71 D	91 D	78 D	0
011500344-5 25X	02/06/15 10:29	D	D	D	D	0

EMSL Analytical Inc.

		Customer Sample#:	MB 1 OI	P 3175-43	CU
Lab Name:	EMSL Analytical				
EMSL Sample ID:		Project:			
Lab File ID:	Y35695.D	Sample Matrix:	SOIL / SOLID		
Instrument ID:	ECD-Y	Sampling Date:	12:00:00 AM		
Analyst:	EH	Date Extracted:	2/2/2015		
GC Column:	CLPest I (0.25 mm)	Analysis Date	2/3/2015 3:47	':02 PM	
GC Column 2:	CLPest II (0.25 mm)	Sample wt/vol:	10 G		
% Moisture:	0	Dilution Factor:	1		
PH:	0	Concentrated Extract Vol:	10 (mL)		
GPC Cleanup(Y/N):	Ν	Injection Volume:	1 (ul)		
Extraction Type:	3540C	Sulfur Cleanup:	Ν		
Method:	SW846 8081b/8082a				
CAS NO		COMPOUND	Report Limit (mg/Kg)	CONC. (mg/Kg)	Q
12674-11-2	Aroclor 1016		0.050		U
11104-28-2	Aroclor 1221		0.050		U
11141-16-5	Aroclor 1232		0.050		U
53469-21-9	Aroclor 1242		0.050		U
12672-29-6	Aroclor 1248		0.050		U
11097-69-1	Aroclor 1254		0.050		U
11096-82-5	Aroclor 1260		0.050		U
37324-23-5	Aroclor 1262	·	0.050		U
11100-14-4	Aroclor 1268		0.050		U
Qualifier Definitions U = Undetected B = Compound detected E = Estimated value D = Dilution P = Results between the					

Printed: 02/09/15 12:37:59 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-43 ERM: K:\EMSL_ENV\ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm FORM II PCB_2

Page 6 of 13

1 of 1

Printed: 02/09/15 12:38:44 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-43 ERM: K:\EMSL_ENV\ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

PCB ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

FORM1--PCB

1 of 1

Page 7 of 13

	Lab Name:	EMSL Analy	tical	Original	LCS 1 OP		
				File ID:	Y35695.D/Y3	35696.D	
	* : Values outside of QC						
	COMPOUND	CAS NO	LOW LIMIT	HIGH LIMIT	SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	LCS CONC. mg/Kg	LCS REC%
1	Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2	58	123	1.50	1.27	85
2	Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5	63	131	1.50	1.41	94
				Total Out			0 of 2

SOIL / SOLID LCS/QCS/ LFB RECOVERY

EMSL Analytical Inc.

SOIL

/ SOLID MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

	Lab Name:	EMSL Analy	nalytical	Original		011500285-37 MS 4X	87 MS 4X						
				File ID:		X38924.D/X3	X38924.D/X38930.D/X38931.D	31.D					
	*: Values outside of QC												
	COMPOUND	CAS NO		ГОМ ГІМІТ НІЄН ГІМІТ КЪД ГІМІТ	RPD LIMIT	SAMPLE CONC.	MS SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	MS CONC. mg/Kg	MS REC%	MSD SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	MSD CONC. mg/Kg	MSD REC%	RPD %
1	Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2	12	164	25	0.00	7.39	4.65	63	7.50	4.26	57	10
	Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5	43	167	25	00.0	7.39	3.77	51	7.50	3.41	45	11
				Total Out					0 of 2			0 of 2	0 of 2

Page 8 of 13

FORM III PCB_2

ΗM

4.2

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

1 of

FORM III PCB_2

Printed: 02/09/15 12:40:21 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-43 ERM: K:/EMSL_ENV/ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm

Page 9 of 13

SOIL / SOLID SURROGATE RECOVERY

Lab Name:	EMSL Analytical					
* : Values outside of	of QC limits					
D: Surrogate dilute	ed out					
	Compound Name:	тсх	TCX2	DCB	DCB2	Total Out
	CAS #:	877-09-8	877-09-8	2051-24-3	2051-24-3	
	QC Limits:	(30-137)	(30-137)	(30-138)	(30-138)	
011500344-7 10X	02/05/15 13:49	45 D	46 D	53 D	44 D	0
011500388-1 MS	02/05/15 10:16	82 D	86 D	74 D	78 D	0
011500388-1 MSD	02/05/15 10:46	76 D	80 D	70 D	75 D	0
MB 1 OP 3175-46	02/05/15 11:16	67	69	82	81	0
LCS 1 OP 3175-46	02/05/15 11:46	81	81	92	92	0
011500383-1 4X	02/05/15 12:16	50 D	55 D	58 D	59 D	0
011500388-2 10X	02/05/15 14:15	89 D	98 D	115 D	119 D	0
011500344-8 5X	02/05/15 14:16	32 D	31 D	41 D	35 D	0
011500344-9 5X	02/05/15 14:43	75 D	71 D	93 D	79 D	0
011500443-1 5X	02/05/15 14:45	74 D	86 D	44 D	52 D	0
011500344-10 5X	02/05/15 15:11	23 D	22 D	29 D	24 D	0
011500443-2 2X	02/05/15 15:14	69 D	72 D	51 D	53 D	0
011500474-1 5X	02/05/15 15:44	85 D	94 D	99 D	89 D	0
011500346-1 CU	02/05/15 16:14	81	82	50	71	0
011500346-3 2X	02/05/15 16:43	86 D	91 D	94 D	94 D	0
MB 1 OP 3175-46	02/05/15 08:44	79	80	92	90	0
LCS 1 OP 3175-46	02/05/15 09:14	91	90	96	92	0
011500388-1 4X	02/05/15 09:47	82 D	91 D	80 D	87 D	0

EMSL Analytical Inc.

		Customer Sample#:	MB 1 OI	⁻ 3175-46	S CU
Lab Name:	EMSL Analytical				
EMSL Sample ID:		Project:			
Lab File ID:	Y35720.D	Sample Matrix:	SOIL / SOLID	I	
Instrument ID:	ECD-Y	Sampling Date:	12:00:00 AM		
Analyst:	EH	Date Extracted:	2/4/2015		
GC Column:	CLPest I (0.25 mm)	Analysis Date	2/5/2015 8:44	:39 AM	
GC Column 2:	CLPest II (0.25 mm)	Sample wt/vol:	10 G		
% Moisture:	0	Dilution Factor:	1		
PH:	0	Concentrated Extract Vol:	10 (mL)		
GPC Cleanup(Y/N):	Ν	Injection Volume:	1 (ul)		
Extraction Type:	3540C	Sulfur Cleanup:	N		,
Method:	SW846 8081b/8082a				
CAS NO		COMPOUND	Report Limit (mg/Kg)	CONC. (mg/Kg)	Q
12674-11-2	Aroclor 1016		0.050		U
11104-28-2	Aroclor 1221		0.050		U
11141-16-5	Aroclor 1232		0.050		U
53469-21-9	Aroclor 1242		0.050		U
12672-29-6	Aroclor 1248		0.050		U
11097-69-1	Aroclor 1254		0.050		U
11096-82-5	Aroclor 1260		0.050		U
37324-23-5	Aroclor 1262		0.050		U
11100-14-4	Aroclor 1268		0.050		U
Qualifier Definitions U = Undetected B = Compound detected E = Estimated value D = Dilution P = Results between the	in method blank two columns differ >40%		· · · · ·		

Printed: 02/09/15 12:42:34 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-46 ERM: K:\EMSL_ENV\ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm FORM II PCB_2 Page 10 of 13

ΗŇ

Printed: 02/09/15 12:43:16 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-46 ERM: K:\EMSL_ENV\ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

PCB ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

FORM1--PCB

1 of 1

Page 11 of 13

	Lab Name:	EMSL Analy	tical	Original	LCS 1 OP		
				File ID:	Y35720.D/Y3	35721.D	
	* : Values outside of QC						
	COMPOUND	CAS NO	LOW LIMIT	HIGH LIMIT	SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	LCS CONC. mg/Kg	LCS REC%
1	Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2	58	123	1.50	1.33	89
2	Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5	63	131	1.50	1.44	96
				Total Out			0 of 2

SOIL / SOLID LCS/QCS/ LFB RECOVERY

EMSL Analytical Inc.

SOIL

/ SOLID MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RECOVERY

_	Lab Name:	EMSL Analytical	tical	Original		011500388-1	11500388-1 MS 4X CU						
				File ID:		Y35722.D/Y3	(35722.D/Y35723.D/Y35724.D	24.D					
*	*: Values outside of QC												
1	COMPOUND	CAS NO		нісн гіміт	RPD LIMIT	SAMPLE CONC.	MS SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	MS CONC. mg/Kg	MS REC%	MSD SPIKE ADDED mg/Kg	MSD CONC. mg/Kg	MSD REC%	RPD %
I∢	Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2	12	164	25	00.0	7.21	6.12	85	7.11	5.77	81	
$ \triangleleft$	Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5	43	167	25	00.0	7.21	6.07	84	7.11	5.65	62	
		-		Total Out					0 of 2			0 of 2	0 of 2

Printed: 02/09/15 12:44:45 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-46 ERM: K:\EMSL_ENV\ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm Page 12 of 13

FORM III PCB_2

ΗM

Hazardous Materials Investigation Survey

1 of

FORM III PCB_2

Printed: 02/09/15 12:45:26 PM SampleList: QC Batch OP 3175-46 ERM: K:/EMSL_ENV/ERMs\8081-8082\8082soil.erm

Page 13 of 13



MEMORANDUM

c:\projects\hmfh-doverhs\memo 022515.docx

DATE:	February 25, 2015
TO:	Bobby Williams, AIA Associate, HMFH Ar
COPY:	Laura Wernick, FAIA Senior Principal, HM
FROM:	Jerry R. Tepe, FAIA
SUBJECT:	Dover High School E

Per our agreement, I visited the Dover High School on February 10, 1015 and met with Jeff White, Facilities Director. The purpose of this visit was to assess the existing building for compliance with the New Hampshire Building and Fire Codes, specifically the 2009 *International Building Code* (IBC), 2009 *International Existing Building Code* (IEBC), ICC/ANSI A117.1-2003 Accessible and Useable Buildings and Facilities (A117.1) referenced in the IBC and IEBC, NFPA 1-2009, *Fire Code* and NFPA 101-2009, *Life Safety Code* (LSC). I also was tasked with evaluating the existing building for compliance with the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design as part of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). The purpose of this assessment was to assist HMFH in determining the extent and cost of potential additions and/or renovations to the existing building.

Note I chose to cite the IBC only where it matches the requirements of the LSC; the LSC is cited when its requirements are different. Similarly the A117.1 Standard is cited rather than the ADA as their technical requirements are very similar. See also comments about ADA scoping under the Accessibility heading.

It should be noted that the building code states in IBC §102.6 "[T]he legal occupancy of any structure existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue in use without change, except as specifically provided in this code." This is often referred to as the



4.3 Existing Conditions Code Analysis

ARCHITECT

741 Upper Straw Road • Hopkinton, NH 03229-2041 • 603.223.9938 • jrtaia@aol.com
 Architecture • Interior Design • Planning • Certified Construction Specifier
 Code Consultant • Third Party Plan Reviews • Accessibility Reviews and Inspections
 http://www.aianh.org/users/jrt-aia-architect

A rchitects, Inc.

IA MFH Architects, Inc.

Existing Code and ADA Assessment

Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

February 25, 2015 Page 2

"grandfather" clause. Therefore any issues of noncompliance with the building code (and A117.1) cited in this memo are permitted to remain. Only when alterations are undertaken will compliance become required per the IEBC. All new work/additions must comply with the building code as for new construction.

The fire code however does have specific requirements for existing buildings, in this instance Chapters 13 and 15 of the LSC. These are noted where applicable. Again, all new work/additions must comply with the fire code as for new construction.

See the section titled Accessibility for a discussion of the ADA requirements for existing buildings. And as noted above, all new work/additions must comply with the ADA Standards.

I was also provided a draft copy of the Existing Conditions Structural Report dated January 14, 2015 prepared by Foley Buhl Roberts and Associates, Inc. (FBRA). Any descriptions regarding the structure of the building were derived therefrom. Other than HMFH $^{1}/_{16}$ scale floor plans, I have seen no other drawings of any of the building construction. Structural assessment is being provided by FBRA and not covered in this assessment.

Mechanical (HVAC and plumbing), fire suppression/detection/notification and electrical systems assessment is also provided by others.

General Description:

The building, as noted in the structural report, consists of three generations of construction; the original building in 1966, the Career Technical Center addition in 1989 and World Language Wing in 2002. The original building is a three story building, although the main and second floors have multi-levels. The 1989 building aligns with the lower floor and main floor of the 1966 building and the 2002 building aligns with the main and second floors where they abut the 1966 building.

Again as noted in the structural report, the 1966 building consists of two distinctly different types of construction. The classroom building has a steel primary structural frame, consisting of columns with (maybe) some fire-resistance-rated enclosure, but the remainder of the frame does not. The gymnasium/auditorium (western) portion of the 1966 building consists of masonry bearing walls with steel joist roof framing with no fireresistance-rating. The 1989 building is also a non-rated steel frame and the 2002 building is of load-bearing masonry construction.

The entire building (1966, 1989 and 2002) has approximately 247,000 ft² while the footprint is approximately 115,620 ft²

Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

The building has both a sprinkler system and a fire alarm system. Others will determine if these systems are compliant with current requirements of NFPA 13 and NFPA 72 respectively.

Building Code (IBC and IEBC):

Chapter 10 of the IEBC establishes the requirements for any proposed additions. Any addition will need to comply with the IBC as for new construction as well as Chapter 10 of the IEBC. For the purposes of this report, it is assumed any alterations to the existing building will have a work area (as defined in the IEBC) of greater than 50% of the aggregate area of the building, therefore it will be classified as a Level 3 Alteration (per Chapter 4 of the IEBC) which requires compliance with Chapters 6, 7 and 8 of the IEBC.

Further discussion explores the possibility that a portion of the 1966 building may be demolished and replaced, with the balance of that building, the western portion consisting of the gymnasium, auditorium and associated areas, to remain. The 1989 and 2002 buildings will also remain. It is possible under this scenario that the remaining portions of the building could, depending on the extent and type of renovation, be considered as a Level 2 Alteration. See discussion below on building area and construction types.

Chapter 6 of the IBC covers the Types of Construction. The existing building (1966, 1989 and 2002) has, as noted above, two distinct construction types, steel primary structural frame and masonry bearing walls with steel frame infill. Neither has any fire-resistancerating. These would be classified as Types IIB and IIIB respectively per IBC §602. Per IBC §602.1, a building can only have one assigned construction type and it is the lowest rated of any possibilities. Therefore, the building would be classified as Construction Type IIIB.

Once a construction type has been determined, IBC Table 503 establishes the code permitted height and area of a building. A school is considered occupancy Group E, including the assembly areas per IBC §303.1(4). For Group E of Type IIIB construction, the table permits 2 stories/55 feet in height and 14,500 ft² This is further modified in IBC §504.2 to add a single story/20 feet in height due to the presence of a sprinkler system. The permitted area can also be increased due to the sprinkler system by 200% per IBC §506.3 and still further increased per IBC §506.2 due to the perimeter of the building being fully accessible for fire service operations by an additional 75%. In all, the building area can be increased by 275%.

Therefore the permitted footprint of a Group E, Type IIIB building is 54,375 ft² and the maximum permitted total area per IBC §506.4.1(2) is 163,125 ft². As noted above, the building has a footprint of 115,620 ft² and a total area of approximately 247,000 ft².



Existing Conditions Code Analysis

February 25, 2015 Page 3 Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

February 25, 2015 Page 4

Therefore the building is in non-compliance with the code. However, as an existing building, it is permitted to remain as is, "grandfathered," per IBC §102.6.

Because of this, any proposed additions would be required to be separated from the existing building by a 3-hour rated fire wall per IBC §706 or some other code compliant method to reduce the area of the building into several components as IEBC §1002.2 will not permit the further expansion of the nonconformity.

Stairs in the 1966 building are numbered 1 thru 4 beginning at the southwest corner near the main entrance and moving counterclockwise to the northwest corner. Stairs 1 and 4 are located near the cafeteria, stair 2 near the 1989 building and stair 3 in the northeast corner. There is also a stair at the entrance to the 1989 building and one at the far end of the 2002 building. There are other stairs serving limited areas, including one from the music room egressing between the auditorium and the gymnasium and one on the second floor at the auditorium. All main stairs except 1 and 4 are within a fire-rated enclosure (labels were noted on the doors). Stairs 1 and 4, while partially enclosed, do not have any noticeable rated enclosure. This is an issue of noncompliance with IEBC §703.2. Stairs 1 and 4 also require a center handrail to achieve the (assumed) required egress capacity per IEBC §705.9.1 (see below). Most handrails, except in the 2002 building are not continuous (IBC §1012.4), do not have extensions at top or bottom of runs and some do not return to the wall (IBC §1012.6). A note that while the IBC §1012.7 handrail clearance of 1¹/₂ inches is provided, the LSC requires 2¼ inches (LSC §7.2.2.4.4.5). Any handrails that are replaced as part of alterations should comply with these latter requirements of the LSC.

The code calculated occupant load of the building (see below) is approximately 3,620. IBC Table 2902.1 lists the required minimum number of toilet fixtures. For Group E, the factor is one toilet and one lavatory per 50 occupants. This creates a requirement for 73 of each fixture, divided equally between male and female facilities. An actual count of existing fixtures was not performed, and many of the fixtures are in single-occupant, staff only rooms; however there does not appear to be the requisite number of fixtures provided. Particularly none are provided for use by the general public when the auditorium and/or gymnasium are occupied. These fixture counts would be required to follow Table 2902.1 for Group A-1 and A-3 respectively.

The gymnasium can accommodate 1,956 occupants at 7 ft² each. That equates to 8 toilet fixtures for men and 15 for women and 10 lavatories per IBC Table 2902.1 for Group A-3. A similar calculation should be performed for the auditorium, Group A-1 (I did not count the fixed seats), but would likely result in fewer fixtures required than for the gymnasium.

Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

These fixtures are not necessarily in addition to the Group E requirements if properly located for use if use is considered as non-simultaneous,

Similarly, Table 2902.1 requires a drinking fountain per each 100 occupants for a total of 37. Again an actual count was not performed, but the total provided appears lower. As noted below, only one drinking fountain was noted as being accessible.

Fire Code (NFPA 101, LSC):

Being as liberal as I can reasonably be interpreting the occupant load of the building per LSC Table 7.3.1.2 (IBC Table 1004.1.1 is similar), only counting classrooms and staff spaces (offices and kitchen), and not including areas such as the cafeteria, gymnasium and auditorium, the code required occupant load of the building is approximately 3,620; 920 on the lower floor, 1,150 on the main floor and 1,550 on the second floor. This is compared to the actual number of occupants of 1,300 students and 185 staff for a total of 1,485. The code values are used to calculate egress capacity among other requirements (see toilet fixture calculations above).

Starting with the 1966 building second floor (ignoring for now the 2002 building) occupant load of 1,380 and using the 0.3-inch per occupant width factor for stairs in LSC Table 7.3.3.1, the required total width of stairs required is 414 inches. The existing four stairs serving this area only provide 261 inches, leaving 153 inches of egress width not provided (note the full width of Stair 1 cannot be used due to lack of a center handrail per LSC §7.2.2.4.1.2(2)(b).

A similar analysis of the main floor (again ignoring the 2002 building and also the 1989 building) occupant load of 866 multiplied by 0.3-inch width factor, the required total width of stairs is 260 inches. Here the 261 inches provided is (barely) adequate. However the required egress width cannot be reduced along the path of egress per LSC §7.3.1.4, therefore the 414 inch capacity must be maintained.

The lower floor exits at grade except for stair 1, so stair width is not an issue.

The gymnasium, as noted previously, occupant load is 1,956 at 7 ft² each. Egress doors are measured at 0.2-inches per occupant width factor for doors in LSC Table 7.3.3.1. For the 1,956 occupants, that equates to 392 inches of required egress width. A 36 inch door can accommodate approximately 163 occupants (32.5 inch clear width x 0.2) which equates to 12 doors. During the visit there were only 10 doors noted. A similar analysis should be performed for the auditorium (I did not count the fixed seats).

Existing Conditions Code Analysis

February 25, 2015 Page 5

Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

February 25, 2015 Page 6

Other egress issues include:

- The library doors are required to swing in the direction of egress travel as the occupant load of the library exceeds 50 per LSC 7.2.1.4.2; they currently swing inward.
- The two wing areas of the auditorium are missing some EXIT signs for use when the folding doors are closed per LSC §7.10.
- The two wing areas of the auditorium are missing handrails along wall at the aisle stairs per LSC §13.2.5.6.8.
- Any room greater than 1,000 ft² and/or 50 occupants requires two separate exit access doors per LSC §15.2.5.4. Several rooms do not comply including, but not necessarily limited to, Marketing, Cosmetology, Electrical Technology, Home Economics, Aqua Agriculture and three Science rooms (based on data on HMFH floor plans).

The cafeteria is located in a two-story communicating space, often referred to as a miniatrium, per LSC §8.6.6. The existing space meets all the criteria of the section with the exception of numbers 3 and 4. These require the space to be open such that a fire in any part can be observed by all occupants and a smoke barrier separation from the remainder of the building respectively. It is the lack of a smoke barrier on the main floor from the area of the main entrance and auditorium that creates both issues of noncompliance. That space is part of the communicating space but lacks the ability for observation and it has no smoke barrier separation. Both can be relatively remedied by adding the smoke barrier.

Accessibility (A117.1 and ADA):

As a unit of public government, Dover High School is subject to Title II (State and Local Government) of the ADA, 28 CFR Part 35, and as such has the primary duty to provide program accessibility, e.g. programs when viewed in their entirety must be readily accessible to and usable by people with disabilities. The term "program" includes all amenities and services provided to those without disabilities. Therefor the existing building would not require physical alterations as long as program accessibility is attained. However, any additions and/or alterations would be required to comply with the technical requirements of the 2010 ADA Standards. Additions and alterations would also be required to comply with the IBC, IEBC and A117.1 requirements for accessibility.

IEBC §605 contains the requirements for accessibility in alterations and mirrors the requirements of the ADA. Essentially both require, to the extent technically feasible, for Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

persons with disabilities to enter and exit the building and to have an accessible route throughout. The second major requirement is to provide accessible toilet facilities. Both the ADA and the IEBC require a maximum of 20% of the alteration costs be used to provide the accessible route to areas of primary functions within the building. In the instance of a school, classrooms qualify as a primary function, although not all necessarily need to be accessible, as well as ancillary spaces such as auditoriums, libraries, gymnasiums, dining facilities and the like. Some office spaces may also qualify as a primary function.

The main entrance to the 1966 building is accessible via a ramp to the side of the entrance steps. In addition, one entrance to the 1989 building is accessible with the use of a platform lift and the other on the lower floor, while accessible, is a restricted entrance and generally used for egress only. The 2002 building does have an accessible entrance but is generally used for egress only. A NH amendment to the A117.1 Standard would require an automatic door operator on accessible entrances. Other doors are either restricted entrance doors or are normally for egress purposes only and are not accessible primarily due to a single step at the exterior door. Any alterations should consider making these accessible within the 20% provision.

Within the building an accessible route, while not always convenient, is provided. Most building entrances are on the main floor which is multi-level. The main entrance is on the lower of the two levels and accesses the lower floor of the 2002 building, the auditorium and gymnasium. The 1989 building entrance is on the upper of the two levels and accesses the remainder of the main floor, including the elevator, located near the northeast corner of the 1966 building, which accesses all three main clssroom levels. There is a two-section ramp connecting the two levels of the main floor located at the cafeteria atria and near the main entrance. The upper level of the 2002 building is accessed via an inclined stair lift located at the far southwest corner.

With only one elevator, it might be necessary for a disabled person to traverse an entire floor to access the elevator and then traverse back the same distance on another level. Not convenient, but ADA and code compliant. The only item in noncompliance is the inclined stair lift. Neither the ADA nor the IBC/A117.1 Standard recognizes an inclined stair lift as part of an accessible route. Platform lifts are recognized as part of an accessible route in the ADA and the IBC/A117.1 Standard only in limited circumstances in new construction. The IEBC/A117.1 Standard and the ADA do recognize platform lifts in alterations.

The main reason an inclined stair lift is not recognized is that, generally and certainly in this instance, when in use, it prohibits the use of the stair for egress by others. This stair is a required means of egress and if thus blocked, it violates IBC §1003.6 and LSC §7.1.10 among others that prohibit obstructing a means of egress. In any proposed alteration, this

Existing Conditions Code Analysis

February 25, 2015 Page 7 Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects. Inc.

February 25, 2015 Page 8

lift should be removed. The upper level of the 2002 building could be accessed via a platform lift at the second floor change in level or, alternatively, activities on that level could be relocated as necessary to achieve program accessibility.

There is a major accessibility issue with the toilet facilities. None are compliant with the ADA or the IBC/A117.1 Standard. While there has been some attempt to provide accessible toilets, most have not been changed since original construction. The 2002 building toilets are the newest and hence the "most" accessible, but are single occupant for staff only and not completely compliant. Some other toilets have been altered, unsuccessfully, to provide accessibility; at least one observed actually made the room less accessible for wheelchair use. Any alterations to the building will have to include major alterations to the toilet facilities that will also require additional space than currently occupied by the toilet rooms.

Other areas of accessibility noncompliance with standards include the serving line in the cafeteria, lack of accessible seating in the cafeteria, drinking fountains (only one dual height fountain was observed), stair handrails, stage access, locker and bathing rooms and wheelchair accessible spaces in the auditorium. There seems to have been an attempt at providing the latter by removing existing seats, but this only creates a sloped floor upon which a wheelchair can be located which can cause the chair and occupant to roll forward and certainly puts the occupant in a leaning forward, uncomfortable position. Note the 2010 ADA Standards has new requirements for accessible seating in assembly areas which include not only wheelchair accessible locations (with adjacent companion seating) but also designated aisle seating. Accessible seating is also required in the gymnasium. The ADA also requires assisted listening devices in assembly spaces. This would also apply to the gymnasium if a speaker system is present. Both are also covered in IBC §1108.

No accessible stage access is currently provided. Although there are stairs from the auditorium directly to the stage, a person with a disability is required to exit at the rear of the auditorium and continue down a corridor to a backstage entrance. This is not permitted per IBC §1108.2.8 and similar requirements in the ADA.

Both the ADA and the A117.1 Standard require protection against protruding objects into a corridor. All the existing drinking fountains project more than the maximum 4-inches, although some may have the bottom of the fixture below the minimum 27 inch height.

Dover High School Existing Code and ADA Assessment HMFH Architects, Inc.

Due to the heavy snow covering, I was not able to examine the accessible parking. I did note a few signs, but was not able to neither see the spaces nor determine if there were the appropriate number of spaces or if there were van accessible spaces. I was also not able to determine if the drop off was compliant with requirements. This can be followed-up in the spring if necessary.

Any proposed alterations should include addressing the accessible route for convenience, perhaps adding a second elevator remote from the existing one. As noted above, major alterations to toilet facilities will be required, and the other areas should be examined for potential alteration to provide accessibility per the IEBC. Any altered or new areas must comply with the IBC/A117.1 Standard and the ADA.

Energy Efficiency (IEBC and IECC):

The IEBC for any level of alteration does not require the entire building to comply with the energy requirements of the International Energy Conservation Code (IEEC), only those portions being altered. Any additions or new construction shall comply with the IEEC and obviously, it is in the owner's interest to pursue energy efficiency improvements where and whenever possible.

Existing Conditions Code Analysis

February 25, 2015 Page 9

End of Existing Code and ADA Assessment

In process to be added to report upon completion



4.4

Environmental Phase 1 - Site Evaluation